

THE "Napanee Express,"

A Reform Political and Family Newspaper,

IS PUBLISHED
EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, AT THE
OFFICE,

Warner's Block, East Street, Napanee, a few
doors north of Soby House Corner.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
\$1.00 per annum in advance, free of postage, or
\$1.50 if not so paid.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Column for one year, \$80.00
Column for six months, 45.00
Column for three months, 24.00
Half a column for one year, 40.00
Half a column for six months, 24.00
Half a column for three months, 15.00
Quarter of a column for one year, 20.00
Quarter of a column for six months, 15.00
Quarter of a column for three months, 10.00
Notices under ten lines, three times, 1.00
Over ten lines, first insertion, per line, 10
Each subsequent insertion, per line, 03
Business Cards under ten lines per year, 4.00

Displayed Advertisements are measured by a
scale of solid Nonpareil, and charged accordingly.
Advertisements sent without written instructions
inserted until forbidden, and charged for
full time.

Orders for discontinuing advertisements must be
in writing, otherwise the publisher will not be
responsible.

A liberal discount for contract advertisements
by the year.

Business notices in local columns, first insertion
ten cents per line of Nonpareil; five cents
per line each subsequent insertion. Five cents
per line per annum.

To Subscribers.—No paper will be stopped un-
til all arrears are paid, except in the option
of the proprietor. A post office notice to discon-
tinue is not sufficient.

Yearly and half yearly Contracts are
payable every THREE MONTHS.

Correspondence solicited from all parts of the
county or neighboring townships. Correspond-
ents are requested to send in their communica-
tions as promptly as possible.

JOB PRINTING
In every style and of every description, executed
with neatness and despatch at reasonable rates.
J. B. BENSON,
Publisher and Proprietor.

Business Cards.

Alex. C. Davis,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Napanee
Ontario

James Aylsworth,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Tam-
worth.

S. D. Clarke,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Odessa,
Ontario.

J. J. Watson,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses and Cer-
tificates, Adolphustown.

Peter E. R. Miller,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, Switzer-
ville Ont.

Robert Graham,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses. Office
in the Dominion Store, Enterprise.

J. B. Allison,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses and
Certificates. Parma P. O., South
Fredericksburg.

Charles Lane,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses and Ce-
rtificates. Office—Front of Grammar
School, Bridge Street, Napanee.

A. B. Randall,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses and Cer-
tificates. Also Agent for the Beaver and
Toronto Fire Insurance Company and the
Mutual Life Association of Canada. Resi-
dence—Shanmerville, Ont.

Murphy & Bedford,

BARRISTERS &c., MILL POINT.
Money to lend on improved Real Estate.

H. M. Deroche,

Attorney-at-Law, So-

Napanee

J. B. BENSON, Publisher.)

VOL. 15.

"THE GREATEST"

NAPANEE, ONT.

NAPANEE TICKET AGENCY.

Grand Trunk Railway Tickets for sale at
Grange & Bro's Drug Store,
For all stations east and west. American
money taken at par, from Napanee to Mil-
waukee, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, San Fran-
cisco &c., to all Lake Ports. Passengers pur-
chasing tickets from the undersigned avoid
the double and delay of exchanging tickets
and re-checking baggage to Toronto. Cheap-
est route to the west. Return tickets to King-
ston, Belleville, Toronto, Montreal, Portland
etc. For further particulars apply at GRANGE
& BROS. Exchange Office, Passenger agent
G. T. R. Uncurrent money ought and sold

Imperial Life Insurance Co.

OFFICE LONDON (ESTABLISHED 1803,) Capital and Reserved
Fund

\$1,939,000 - - - Stirling.
Funds invested in Canada.—\$105,000
RINTOUL BROS., General Agents.
24 St. Sacrament St. Montreal.
H. L. GEDDES, Agent,
Napanee and vicinity.

THE PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

HEAD OFFICE—PICTON, ONT.
(Established 30th Sept., 1854).

PRESIDENT—LEWIS B. STINSON
VICE-PRESIDENT—W. BOULTER.
MANAGER—L. B. STINSON.
SECRETARY—JOHN TWIGG.
TREASURER—PHILIP LOW, Q. C.
INS. OF LOSSES & A/c's.—J. HOWELL,
Solicitor—W. H. R. ALLISON
DIRECTORS.—JAS. JOHNSTON, WM.
DELONG, JOHN PRINYER,
S. B. HUBBS, J. VANALSTINE.
HONORARY DIRECTORS.—G. Striker, Esq., Mil-
ford; K. Graham, Esq., Belleville; P.
Allan, C. A. Lloyd, J. P. Dorland, Esqs.,
Adolphustown; J. C. Huffman, Esq., J. T.
Grange, Esq., M. P. P., Napanee; J. E.
Proctor, Esq., Brighton; G. W. Webb,
Esq., Colborne; G. Jones, Esq., Trenton;
J. Redner, Esq., Rednersville; Owen
Roblin, Esq., Ameliasburg; H. A.
McFaul, Esq., Hallowell.

This Company is established upon strictly
Mutual principles, insuring farm property
Townships, and property not more hazar-
dous in Towns and Villages and offers great
advantages to insure at low rates for Three
or Four Years either on the Premium
Note or Cash System.

March 9th, 1875. 521-y.

CATARRH!

Five Years' Sickness Cured by Four
Bottles of Constitutional Cat-
arrh Remedy.

Pain in Shoulders, Back and Lungs,
and Droppings in Throat Disappear.

SE. MAY 12, 1875, 12, 1876

DEAR SIR.—Being desirous that others may
know the result of the treatment of your ex-
cellent Catarrh Remedy, I wish to inform
you what it has done for me. I am twenty-
nine years old; had been out of health for about
five years. I had employed three or four dif-
ferent doctors, and tried various medicines,
without receiving any permanent benefit, but
continued rather to grow worse, until last fall,
when I had become so bad as to be unable to
do a hour's work at a time. Had severe sore-

BRISCO HOUSE, NAPANEE, ONT.

JOHN SOBY, - - Proprietor.

A First-Class Hotel
in all its Appointments.
Omnibus meet all Trains and Steamers.

PAISLEY HOUSE. (John St. opposite the Market.) NAPANEE, ONT.

A First Class Hotel centrally located, with ex-
cellent yard and stabling accommodations.

CHAS. PAISLEY,
PROPRIETOR

CAMPBELL HOUSE, NAPANEE, Ont.

THE PRINCIPAL HOTEL IN TOWN.

Good Stabling & Attentive Ostler.
CHARGES AS USUAL.
MARSDEN & MOORE,
PROPRIETORS.

TICHBORNE HOUSE, (Corner Dundas & John Streets.) NAPANEE. ROBERT McDONALD, Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. CHARGES MODERATE.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, BELLEVILLE

Every Accommodation for Commercial
Travellers.
A. P. FARRELL,
PROPRIETOR.

McDONALD HOUSE, (Late Clark House) BRIGHTON, ONT.

Stages leave this House daily, for Picton and
Campbellford.
Buss to and from the cars. 30-y.

Land for Sale 30,000 ACRES.

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent for
the sale of Splendid Improved Farms and
Wild Timber Lands to the extent of 30,000 acres;
also of City, Town and Village property, in all
parts of the Province of Ontario, at very low
prices and easy terms.
Office, corner of Dundas and West Streets
Napanee.

JAMES F. BARTLES.
Napanee, Sept. 12th 1876.

FOR CHEAP GROCERIES, CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

SPRING IS COMING

BY F. W. BOURDILLON.

Spring is coming; o'er the meadow
Lightly are her footsteps laid,
Through their foliage in dew shadow,
On the flowers in sunny glade.

East winds cease and north winds die
Gossamer of silken sheen
Weaves the robes of wherby we see
Else she is not to be seen.

Yea who with a pure heart gazes
Through her robes that wind and w
Sees her lips in rose-tipped daisies,
Sees her eyes in stars of eve.

Men catch glimpses few and fower,
Her sweet look of happiness;
But the holy flowers view her,
And the birds that know not sin.

Hence the calm-eyed primrose wears
Her sweet look of happiness;
Hence the violet perfume beareth;
Dafoedils their dazzling dress.

Hence the blackbird sings sweet vesp,
And the lark loud hymns of praise,
And the very winds have whispers
That to Heaven the heart can raise.

A CURATE'S HOLID.

A SHORT STORY OF THRILLING IN

It was not long past noon
alighted before the door of the S
Anchor at Lleydrudrig. But in
entering that inn, I waited mere
Jonathan had driven the dog-ca
stable yard round the corner,
a walked away at a quick pace tow
beach. Arrived there, I col
number of fishermen whom, in
dance with my anticipations,
loitering about the sands, and to
my story. I did so in as clear
cinct a manner as possible. com
with an account of Mr. John v
suspicious conduct, and procee
regular order to its termination
narrative, however, was frequen
interrupted by excited exclamation
the sturdy Welshmen, and its
considerably delayed by the neces
interpretation to those among
who did not understand Englis
the time it was finished quite
crowd had gathered around m
when finally I made an appeal
fiance in rescuing Mr. Morgan I
dangerous situation, a dozen st
lows volunteered to accompany
the spot. Thanking them with a
critical cordiality, I enquired, all
some doubt, whether conveyance
large party could be obtained
village. Cautiously, a ch
voices assured me in reply that t
and speediest method of return
Spoke Rocks would be by sea—on
sailors adding with agreeable int
that with wind and tide both in o
as they were at present, we mig
to reach them in little over an ho

The suggestion meeting, as
scarcely say with my delighted ap
friendly contention ensued as to t
the fishing snacks offered by thei
tive owners for the purpose shou
the honor of making the little
But hastened by my impatient on
the question was quickly and a
settled, and the anchor of the
vessel having been weighed, I ca
along with my rough but kindly
companions. As might be expect
accompanied during the short and

by the year.
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Murphy & Bedford,
BARRISTERS, &c., MILL POINT.
Money to lend on improved Real Estate.

H. M. Deroche,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc. Office—In Grange Block, John Street, Napanee, Ont.

E. B. Stone,
Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE—Over T. McIlroy's Dry Goods Store. Money to Lend at 8 per cent.

Cartwright & Gibson,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery and Insolvency, Notaries Public, etc. Office—Grange Block John Street, Napanee.
J. S. CARTWRIGHT S. GIBSON.

R. Tracy, M. D.,
BELLEVILLE.
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accouchieur. Office and Residence, two doors east on the Bank of Montreal, near the Congregational Church, Hotel St.

Reeve & Morden,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, etc. Office—Perry's New Block Dundas Street, Napanee, Ontario.
W. A. REEVE, M. A., L. MORDEN.
C. Brown Attorney.

E. A. Deroche,
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE under New Act of 1875.
Office in H. M. Deroche's Law Office.

G. T. R. Uncurrent money bought and sold
Imperial Life Insurance Co.
OFFICE LONDON (ESTABLISHED 1803,) Capital and Reserved Fund
£1,939,000 - - - - - Sterling.
Funds invested in Canada.—\$105,000
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24 St. Sacrament St. Montreal.
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HONORARY DIRECTORS.—G. Striker, Esq. M. P. P., Picton; R. Clapp, Esq., Milford; K. Graham, Esq., Belleville; P. Allan, C. A. Lloyd, J. P. Dorland, Esqs., Adolphustown; J. C. Huffman, Esq., J. T. Grange, Esq., M. P. P., Napanee; J. E. Proctor, Esq., Brighton; G. W. Webb, Esq., Colborne; G. Jones, Esq., Trenton; J. Redner, Esq., Rednersville; Owen Roblin, Esq., Ameliasburg; H. A. McFaul, Esq., Hillier.
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March 9th, 1875. 521-y.

CATARRH!
Five Years' Sickness Cured by Four Bottles of Constitutional Catarrh Remedy.

Pain in Shoulders, Back and Lungs, and Droppings in Throat Disappear.
ST. MARY'S, P. O. 12, 1376.
MR. T. J. B. HARDING,
DEAR SIR—Being desirous that others may know something of the merits of your CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH REMEDY, I wish to inform you what has done for me. I am twenty-nine years old, and have been out of health for about five years. I had employed three or four different doctors, and tried various medicines, without receiving any permanent benefit, but continued rather to grow worse, until last fall, when I had become so bad as to be unable to do any hard work at a time. Had severe soreness and pain under the shoulder blades, and through the shoulders, with very lame back, and a feeling in my right lung as though there was a weight bearing it down, with continual droppings in the throat and down upon the face, such was my condition when I commenced taking your Catarrh Remedy, one bottle of which eased my pains and gave me an improved appetite, and after taking four bottles I was restored to health so as to be able to do my hard and continued labor, such as chopping and clearing land, at which I have been engaged the past season. My recovery I attribute solely, with God's blessing, to the use of your Catarrh Remedy.
Yours truly HENRY NIDER.
Price 25¢ per bottle; For sale by all Druggists

Consumption Cured!
An old physician, retired from active practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India Missionary the formula of a Vegetable Remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and all throat and Lung Affections: also a Positive and Radical Cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a conscientious desire to relieve human suffering, he will send FREE OF CHARGE, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and successfully using. Sent by return mail, by addressing with stamp, naming this paper.
DR. W. C. STEVENS,
Box 86, Brockville, Ont.

(John St. opposite the Market.)
NAPANEE, ONT.
A First Class Hotel centrally located, with excellent yard and stabling accommodations.
CHAS. PAISLEY,
PROPRIETOR.
CAMPBELL HOUSE,
NAPANEE, Ont.

THE PRINCIPAL HOTEL
IN TOWN.
Good Stabling & Attentive Ostrich CHARGES AS USUAL.
MARSDEN & MOORE,
PROPRIETORS.

TICHBORNE HOUSE,
(Corner Dundas & John Streets.)
NAPANEE.
ROBERT McDONALD,
Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.
CHARGES MODERATE.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,
BELLEVILLE
Every Accommodation for Commercial Travellers.
A. P. FARRELL,
35. PROPRIETOR.

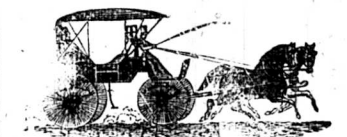
McDONALD HOUSE,
(Late Clark House)
BRIGHTON, ONT.
Stages leave this House daily, for Picton and Campbellford.
Buss to and from the cars. 30-y.

Land for Sale
30,000 ACRES.

THE subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of Splendid Improved Farms, and Wild Timber Lands, to the extent of 30,000 acres; also of City, Town and Village property, in all parts of the Province of Ontario, at very low prices and easy terms.
Office corner of Dundas and West Streets Napanee.
JAMES F. BARTLES.
Napanee, Sept. 12th 1876.

FOR CHEAP
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY & GLASSWARE
GO TO,
GEORGE REID'S
NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE.

DUNDAS STREET, NAPANEE.
A. PETERS, ODESSA,
DEALER IN
Sash, Doors, and Mouldings, Cheese Boxes, Tubs, Firkins, etc.
I am now making a very superior article in a sawed cheese box, which I will sell at 12¢. All orders intrusted to me will receive prompt attention.



POTTER BROS.,
LIVERY AND SALE STABLES
(ADJOINING THE BRISCO HOUSE.)
NAPANEE ONT

Sees her eyes in stars of eve.
Men catch glimpses few and fewer,
Through their toil and strife and din
But the holy flowers view her.
And the birds that know not sin.
Hence the calm-eyed primrose weareth
Her sweet look of happiness;
Hence the violet perfume beareth;
Daffodils their dazzling dress.
Hence the blackbird sings sweet, yespe
And the lark loud hymns of praise,
And the very winds have whispers
That to Heaven the heart can raise.

A CURATE'S HOLIDAY

A SHORT STORY OF THRILLING INTEREST

It was not long past noon v alighted before the door of the *St. Anchor* at Lleydrudrig. But ins entering that inn, I waited mere Jonathan had driven the dog-car stable yard round the corner, as walked away at a quick pace towa beach. Arrived there, I coll number of fishermen whom, in dance with my anticipations, loitering about the sands, and tol my story. I did so in as clear a cinct a manner as possible, comm with an account of Mr. John W suspicious conduct, and proceed regular order to its termination. narrative, however, was frequen interrupted by excited exclamatio: the sturdy Welshmen, and its p considerably delayed by the neces interpretation to those amongst who did not understand English the time it was finished quite a crowd had gathered around m when finally I made an appeal fo tance in rescuing Mr. Morgan fr dangerous situation, a dozen sto lows volunteered to accompany the spot. Thanking them with m critical cordiality, I enquired, al some doubt, whether conveyance large party could be obtained village. Unhesitatingly, a cho voices assured me in reply that th and speediest method of returning Spike Rocks would be by sea—one sailors adding with agreeable int that with wind and tide both in ot as they were at present, we migh to reach them in little over an hou

The suggestion meeting, as I scarcely say with my delighted ap friendly contention ensued as to w the fishing-smacks offered by thei tive owners for the purpose shoul the honor of making the little v But hastened by my impatient ent the question was quickly and ar settled, and the anchor of the s vessel having been weighed, I em along with my rough but kindly companions. As might be expect conversation during the short rail exclusively on the one theme, an and ever again I was called upo peat to those of the fishermen raged in working the vessel, port the tale I had already related information was not all on one sid for my part I learned from my se associates one or two very sig facts—the chief amongst them bei the owners of Spike Rock farm: *Ship and Anchor* inn were brothe that two other gentlemen who ha ted the Spike Rocks, after staying hotel at Lleydrudrig, had also mys disappeared from that neighb With light thrown upon the mat the former of these facts, I now stood how it was that the former sign my had impressed me as i —the resemblance between the b though not very striking, being p ficient to account for it—and by th I was, if possible, more thorough yined than ever of the diabolical ditation with which the intended had been committed.

The sailor who had made it pr be not far wrong in his calculation the length of time it would take t our destination. Exactly one hor quarter after quitting Lleydrud landed, with some difficulty, a li vnder the bird-haunted crags, o once started, almost at a run, f farther of the two "Devils Hole seamen by my direction, carryin

Cartwright & Gibson,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, So-
licitors in Chancery and Insolvency, Not-
aries Public, etc. Office—Grange Block
John Street, Napanee.
J. S. CARTWRIGHT
S. GIBSON.

R. Tracy, M. D.,
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PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur
Office and Residence, two doors east
of the Bank of Montreal, near the Con-
gregational Church, Hotel St.

Reeve & Morden,
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Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers,
etc. Office—Perry's New Block Dundas
Street, Napanee, Ontario.
A. C. REEVE, M. A.
J. L. MORDEN.

E. A. Deroche,
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE under New Act
of 1875.
Office in H. M. Deroche's Law Office.

Williams & Hooper,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys-at-Law, So-
licitors in Chancery and Insolvency,
Conveyancers, Notaries Public, etc.,
Napanee, Ontario.
W. S. WILLIAMS
E. S. HOOPER, M.A.
Official Assignee

W. F. Hall,
OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE under Insol-
vent Act of 1875. Fire Insurance
Agent, &c. Office of Napanee Paper Mills,
East Street.

Henderson & Coats,
LAW, Chancery, and Conveyancing
Solicitors in Insolvency and Bank-
ruptcy. Office in Grange Block,
John Street, Napanee.
ROBERT L. HENDERSON,
Attorney Solicitor and Notary Public,
Canadian Courts.
COATS,
Solicitor in High Courts of Judica-
ture, and Notary Public English
Courts.
Money to Loan.

James Grange, M. D.,
GRADUATE University of Victoria
College, Canada, and College and
Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario,
Member of the College of Physicians
and Surgeons, Ontario.
Special Attention paid to Diseases of
the Eye.
Office and Residence: Centre Street,
Napanee, Ont.

James F. Bartles,
LAND AGENT, Fire, Life and Acci-
dent Insurance Agent. Office—
corner of Dundas and West Streets, Nap-
anee.

F. Bartlett
ARCHITECT AND BUILDER, West
Street, Napanee. Plans, Specifications,
and Detail Drawings furnished. Builders'
work measured and value computed.

Yan Machine Shop,
STEAM ENGINES and all kinds of
Machinery repaired on the shortest
notice. Remunerative place, opposite the
old City Hotel, corner of Adelaide and
Bridge Streets.

Barfield Life Insurance Co.
ESTABLISHED 1816
CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.

**A MOUNT DEPOSITED IN CAN-
ADA** in accordance with the Act
30,000.

Insures property against fire as low
as any other reliable company. All
loans, equitably adjusted and promptly
paid in Canada funds or Gold. Isolated
dwellings insured at exceedingly
low rates.

H. L. GEDDES, Agent,
for Napanee and vicinity.

tribute solely, with Gods blessing, to the use
of your Catarrh Remedy.
Yours truly HENRY NIDEL,
Price \$1 per bottle; For sale by all Druggists

Consumption Cured!

An old physician, retired from active
practice, having had placed in his hands
by an East India Missionary the formula
of a Vegetable Remedy, for the speedy
and permanent cure of Consumption, As-
thma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and all throat
and Lung Affections: also a Positive and
Radical Cure for Nervous Debility and
all Nervous Complaints, after having
thoroughly tested its wonderful curative
powers in thousands of cases, feels it his
duty to make it known to his suffering
fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a
conscientious desire to relieve human suffer-
ing, he will send FREE OF CHARGE, to
all who desire it, this recipe, with full
directions for preparing and successfully
using. Sent by return mail, by address-
ing with stamp, naming this paper.
DR. W. G. STEVENS,
Box 86, Brookville, Ont.

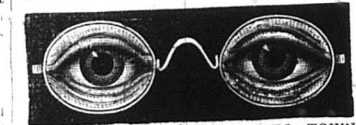
700 Doz. have been sold since April last, of
Bruntons Rheumatic Absorbent and Dis-
solving Fluid.

The Rheumatic Absorbent will positively re-
lieve all pain from rheumatism or other In-
flammatory swellings in 12 hours.
The Dissolving Fluid has never failed to cure
Dyspepsia. Relief is felt in a few hours. The
most obstinate cases are cured within a week.
A Lady writes: "I have been saved from Life
Longing Pains. I had Bronchitis, Catarrh and
Dyspepsia, and was cured in a few days by its
use. Sold by Druggists, price 50 cts. Wholesale
by Northrop & Lyman. Advice for particular
cases free. Address—
W. Y. BRUNTON, London

WANTED.

We want reliable, energetic canvassing
agents in every town in the Dominion for
the new "Illustrated History of the Do-
minion of Canada." This work is truly
magnificent, containing over 2,000 double
column quarto pages, and over 300 superb
full page engravings. The work is pub-
lished in Parts, on a plan which insures
its welcome to every English reading
family. To energetic young men and ladies,
who are willing to work, we will guaran-
tee a permanent position for two years,
and coming as Don't fail write! to for our
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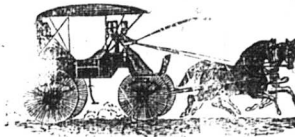
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These Pills have never been known to fail
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man, and all medicine dealers.

the owners of Spike Poek farm an
Ship and Anchor Inn were brothers
that two of her gentlemen who had
ted the Spike Pops, after staying
hotel at Bleyndrigg, had also myste-
ly disappeared from that neighbor-
With light thrown upon the mat-
the former of these facts, I now u-
stood how it was that the farmer's
sighs my had impressed me as fu-
—the resemblance between the bro-
though not very striking, being qui-
ficient to account for it—and by the
I was, if possible, more thoroughly
vinced than ever of the diabolical p-
tation with which the intended m-
had been committed.

The sailor who had made it, prov-
be not far wrong in his calculation
the length of time it would take to
our destination. Exactly one hour
quarter after quitting Bleyndrigg
handed, with some difficulty, a lith-
yond the bird-haunted crags, at
once started, almost at a run, for
farther of the two "Devils' Holes,"
seamen by my direction, carrying
them a coil of strong rope. But alti-
upon attaining it, we all shouted in
cert, urging my reserved friend to
some sign from his place of conceal-
no response was given to the sum-
And when time after time it had
repeated with our other results, the
series of echoes, loud enough to be
above the din of the restless water-
low, I could see some of the man I
ning to look at me askance; then I
gally upon the faces of one or two of
of questioning doubt, gave place to
angry scowl; and from certain low
terms which reached my ear, I gat
that an impostor was beginning
formed that I was either mad, or
I had mischievously brought them
a fool's errand.

Determined at once to alter this st-
affairs, I adopted what, with my
tiveness to giddiness, was certainly
measure. Requesting that the
might be fastened about my waist,
rected my companions to lower m-
the spot I asserted that I had see
ministered. Reassured by the confi-
implied in this step, the men obe-
and accordingly, I shortly found m-
swinging within that awful chasm,
the rope vibrating to and fro, and a
eering roar coming up from be-
Presently my feet touched the sh-
granite shelf described in the pre-
chapter, and immediately I felt the
from under me; then as the rope
cut with a jerk, I slid downward th-
a narrow opening into a minute ca-
the rock, and lay there for a few m-
stunned by the violence of a blow,
my head had received in the fall,
recovering consciousness, I found m-
resting upon the body of my friend
moving so as to obtain a view of hi-
I soon discovered why there had be-
reply to our reiterated calls.

The little musty—I saw it with
thankfulness—was still alive, but it
had been rendered obtuse by the de-
of a ragged corner of the cave, were
were fixed upon the part of the
cavern, and though, upon my addr-
him, they wandered during se-
seconds over my countenance, was
out the slightest sign of recogniti-
commenced a rignarole of rambling
connected sentences, at all times
ful to hear from the lips of the post-
fer from a perturbed brain, but
uttered in that weird and a ful-
was naturally invested with double h-
My fingers trembling in the atten-
had hastened to undo the rope
about my own person, in order
might secure it around that of
Morgan. But owing to the oppo-
ffered by the unconscious man the
proved to be one of no small diffi-
At length, however, it was accom-
and signalling to those above to c-
the rope, I gently guided the body
little Welshman through the entra-
the cavern, noticing as I did so th-

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JAMES F. BARTLES.

Napanee, Sept. 12th. 1876.

FOR CHEAP

ROCERIES,
CROCKERY &

SPRING IS COMING.

BY F. W. BOURDILLON.

Spring is coming; o'er the meadow
Lightly are her footsteps laid,
On the leaves in dew shadow,
On the flowers in sunny glade.

East winds cease and north winds flee here,
Gossamer of silken sheen
Weaves the robes of whereby we see her,
Else she is not to be seen.

Yet who with a pure heart gazes
Through her robes that wind and weave,
Sees her lips in rose-tipped daisies,
Sees her eyes in stars of eve.

Men catch glimpses few and fewer,
Through their toil and strife and din;
But the holy flowers view her,
And the birds that know not sin.

Hence the calm-eyed primrose weareth
Her sweet look of happiness;
Hence the violet perfume beareth;
Daffodils their dazzling dress.

Hence the blackbird sings sweet vespers,
And the lark loud hymns of praise,
And the very winds have whispers
That to Heaven the heart can raise.

A CURATE'S HOLIDAY.

A SHORT STORY OF THRILLING INTEREST.

It was not long past noon when I alighted before the door of the *Ship and Anchor* at Lleyrudrig. But instead of entering that inn, I waited merely until Jonathan had driven the dog-cart to a stable yard round the corner, and then walked away at a quick pace towards the beach. Arrived there, I collected a number of fishermen whom, in accordance with my anticipations, I found loitering about the sands, and told them my story. I did so in as clear and succinct a manner as possible, commencing with an account of Mr. John William's suspicious conduct, and proceeding in regular order to its termination. The narrative, however, was frequently interrupted by excited exclamations from the sturdy Welshmen, and its progress considerably delayed by the necessity for interpretation to those amongst them who did not understand English. By the time it was finished quite a small crowd had gathered around me; and when finally I made an appeal for assistance in rescuing Mr. Morgan from his dangerous situation, a dozen stout fellows volunteered to accompany me to the spot. Thinking that in with no hypocritical cordiality, I enquired, albeit with some doubt, whether conveyance for so large a party could be obtained in the village. Unhesitatingly, a chorus of voices assured me in reply that the best and speediest method of returning to the Spike Rocks would be by sea—one of the sailors adding with agreeable intelligence that with wind and tide both in our favor as they were at present, we might expect to reach them in little over an hour.

The suggestion meeting, as I need scarcely say with my delighted approval, a friendly contention ensued as to which of the fishing smacks offered by their respective owners for the purpose should have the honor of making the little voyage. But hastened by my impatient entreaties, the question was quickly and amicably settled, and the anchor of the selected vessel having been weighed, I embarked along with my rough but kindly-natured companions. As might be expected, all

right leg was fractured and terribly swollen. Not caring to witness the perilous ascent, I remained within the cave until a loud "Hurrah!" proclaimed his safe arrival upon terra firma. Then scrambling out, I watched the rope redescending once more adjusted it around my waist, and in a few moments afterwards was kneeling by my friend's side upon the grass, and at the request of the excited fishermen, searching his pockets for the huge wash-leather purse of which I had spoken to them.

Its absence, as well as that of his watch and chain, appeared to settle beyond question in their minds the fact that there had been foul play; and a motion emanating from one of their number that we should take the law into our own hands, and proceed to arrest the farmer and his family, was unanimously carried.

Accordingly, leaving Mr. Morgan under the care of a couple of the elder men, we adjourned in a body to the Spike Rock farm; but only to find it, to our extreme mortification, entirely untenanted. Evidences, however, of hastily flight existed in such abundance, that we could not but conclude that its late inmates had only just departed. And confirmation of this supposition was not wanting; for one of the sailors gazing from an upper window, presently espied, far down the winding lane up which I had yesternight driven, a mass of heads progressing rapidly, but with a jolting kind of motion, as though their owners were being carried along in a spring cart or some such vehicle. Drawing the obvious inference that our large party must have been seen by the criminals, surrounding the supposed grave of the victim, and that conscious guilt having excited their alarm, they were now endeavouring to escape from the justice which would follow detection, we consulted with each other as to what it were best to do. The rest of the conference was a decision to take the vessel further round the headland, to a small town where better accommodation could be found for the sick man than that at Lleyrudrig and in the vicinity of which was a station of coast-guardsmen. The resolution being promptly carried out, Mr. Morgan was conveyed upon landing to a comfortable hotel, where a physician was speedily procured to attend him; and accompanied by my corps of witnesses, I proceeded to lay before the proper authorities a full statement of the events I have described, and to place the case in their hands. Then bestowing upon my quondam companions a good dinner, and promising to obtain for them a reward for their services, which I was myself unable to afford, I walked with them to the landing stage, and I saw them off upon their return voyage. A message directed that same afternoon to Mrs. Morgan, Pwllwyn, brought with great celerity to the side of the little minister the tenderest and most devoted nurse in the world; and before many days, he was so far recovered as to be able to supply any further testimony which was wanting for the conviction of his intending murderers. Such testimony, however, had by that time become almost unnecessary, since upon being captured (as they had been

THE YANKEE AND THE BEES.

A Yankee out a-walking
In Virginia, at Wheeling,
While to himself a-talking
Experienced a feeling.
Strange, painful, and alarming,
From his caput to his knees,
As he suddenly discover'd
He was cover'd o'er with bees,
They rested on his eyelids,
And perch'd upon his nose;
They colonized his peak'd face,
And swarm'd upon his clothes.
They crawl'd up his trousers,
And fill'd his eyes with tears.
Did he yell like a hyena?
Did he holler like a loon?
Was he scart, and did he cut and run?
Or did the critter—swoon?
Ne'er a one! He wasn't scart a mite:
He never swoons or hollers;
But hizzel'em in a nait key tait,
AND SOLD 'EM FOR TEN DOLLARS!

—(American.)

FASHION NOTES.

Birds and wings have entirely flown away from our fashionable milliners.

Camel's hair grenadine is the novelty in thin goods for summer.

Lace pockets to match lace necklaces are the latest importations.

The sleeves of new dresses fit tighter than ever. To laugh in one's sleeve has now become purely metaphorical.

The extremely scant dresses of the present season will be worn hereafter only by extremists.

Moonlight-blue is the new shade for summer dresses. This will be a favorite with sentimental damsels.

The fashion of wearing black at a wedding is permitted in France, but is considered bad taste in England.

The most fashionable flower is the common yellow cowslip. It should be worn in promenades among "primrose paths."

Locketts on black velvet are no longer worn. Few lockets, if any, are worn, and chains are substituted, the high Valois ruffle of the inside handkerchief allowing no room for throat ornaments.

High heeled shoes for ladies are going out in Paris, where it is no longer considered correct to wear those stilted heels which for some time past must have so severely taxed ladies' patience.

An Albany damsel asked one of her fellow boarders, a stylish dry goods clerk, at the breakfast table:—"Why is your moustache like my back hair?" He blushing gave it up, when the answer caused him to blush still more—"Because it's all down."

A friar when preaching in a nunnery observed to his female auditors:—"Be not too proud that our blessed Lord paid your sex the distinguished honor of appearing first to a female after the resurrection; for it was done that the glad tidings might spread the sooner."

The fancy of demi-high dresses and lace sleeves is spreading rapidly. They are to be seen even at balls, although they are not considered as dressy as low bodices. Birds are being much worn as head-dresses at balls; brilliant humming-birds, of paradise, and even bronzed blackbirds. The eyes of these are diamonds, and some hold a diamond in their beaks.

Land for Sale

30,000 ACRES.

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JAMES F. BARTLES.
Janer, Sept. 12th 1876.

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The suggestion meeting, as I need scarcely say with my delighted approval, a friendly contention ensued as to which of the fishing smacks offered by their respective owners for the purpose should have the honor of making the little voyage. But hastened by my impatient entreaties, the question was quickly and amicably settled, and the anchor of the selected vessel having been weighed, I embarked along with my rough but kindly-natured companions. As might be expected all conversation during the short sail turned exclusively on the one theme, and over and over again I was called upon to repeat to those of the fishermen not engaged in working the vessel, portions of the tale I had already related. But the information was not all on one side, since for my part I learned from my seafaring associates one or two very significant facts—the chief amongst them being that the owners of Spike Rock farm and the *Ship and Anchor* inn were brothers; and that two of her gentlemen who had visited the Spike Rocks, after staying at the hotel at Lleydrugg, had also mysteriously disappeared from that neighborhood. With light thrown upon the matter by the former of these facts, I now understood how it was that the farmer's physician had impressed me as familiar—the resemblance between the brothers, though not very striking, being quite sufficient to account for it—and by the latter I was, if possible, more thoroughly convinced than ever of the diabolical premeditation with which the intended murder had been committed.

The sailor who had made it proved to be not far wrong in his calculation, as to the length of time it would take to reach our destination. Exactly one hour and a quarter after quitting Lleydrugg, we landed, with some difficulty, a little beyond the bird-haunted crags, and at once started, almost at a run, for the farther of the two "Devil's Holes," the seamen by my direction, carrying with them a coil of strong rope. But although upon attaining it, we all shouted in concert, urging my reserved friend to make some sign from his place of concealment, no response was given to the summons. And when time after time it had been repeated without other results than a series of echoes, loud enough to be heard above the din of the restless waters below, I could see some of the men beginning to look at me askance, then gradually upon the faces of one or two—the air of questioning doubt gave place to an angry scowl, and from certain low mutterings which reached my ear, I gathered that an impetuous cry was beginning to be formed that I was either mad, or that I had unluckily brought them upon a fool's errand.

Determined at once to alter this state of affairs, I adopted what, with my sensitiveness to guiltiness, was certainly a bold measure. Requesting that the rope might be fastened about my waist, I directed my companions to lower me to the spot I indicated that I had seen the minister. Assured by the confidence implied in this step, the men obeyed; and accordingly, I shortly found myself swinging within the awful chasm, with the rope vibrating to and fro, and a deafening roar coming up from beneath. Presently my feet touched the slanting granite shelf described in the previous chapter, and immediately I felt them slip from under me; then, as the rope paid out with a jerk, I slid downward through a narrow opening into a minute cave in the rock, and lay there for a few moments stunned by the violence of a blow which my head had received in the fall. Upon recovering consciousness, I found myself resting upon the body of my friend; and moving so as to obtain a view of his face I soon discovered why there had been no reply to our reiterated calls.

joined by my corps of witnesses, I proceeded to lay before the proper authorities a full statement of the events I have described, and to place the case in their hands. Then bestowing upon my quondam companions a good dinner, and promising to obtain for them a reward for their services, which I was myself unable to afford, I walked with them to the landing stage, and I saw them off upon their return voyage. A message directed that same afternoon to Mrs. Morgan, Pwlwyn, brought with great celerity to the side of the little minister the tenderest and most devoted nurse in the world; and before many days, he was so far recovered as to be able to supply any further testimony which was wanting for the conviction of his intending murderers. Such testimony, however, had by that time become almost unnecessary, since upon being captured (as they had been with prompt dispatch) the youngest of the culprits had consented to earn a pardon by turning king's evidence. By this his confession it was now clearly proved that the minister's glass of spirits as I expected, had been heavily drugged, that his gun had been stolen, and that he himself had been cast into the "Devil's Hole;" and from the same source it was ascertained that two other gentlemen—one of them a jeweler, known to be travelling with valuable diamonds in his possession—had by Abel Williams, owner of Spike Rock farm, and his two eldest sons, and at the instigation of John Williams, of Lleydrugg, been done to death by being precipitated into the same chasm.

At the following summer assizes, Abel, Robert and Thomas were condemned to suffer the full penalty of the law; Jonathan Williams, the hunchback and the farmer's remaining sons received sentence of imprisonment of more or less severity; whilst to the landlord of the *Ship at Anchor* was awarded the well merited punishment of transportation for life.

A few sentences will now suffice to complete my story. At the urgent request of the good couple, to whom I had become sincerely attached, and to whom indeed my services for the journey were, I thought, almost indispensable, I consented to return with them to their home. I did not, however, when giving that consent, intend to remain longer than one evening at Pwlwyn—my leave of absence from my duties having long since expired. But strange to say, when a full week had elapsed I was still lingering in that small and in itself unattractive Welsh village; and it was not until an entire change in my sentiments and in all my prospects for life had been wrought by my visit, that I eventually left it for Ollyhill.

During the time she had spent at the hotel whilst engaged in nursing her husband, and especially when upon the way home, Mrs. Morgan had made frequent allusion in my presence and in the terms of the highest praise to a certain young cousin under whose charge she had left her house and children. But little did I dream that that cousin—the Lily whose name I had so often heard repeated—was my Lily—Lily Thornton! Such, however, upon arriving at Pwlwyn, I found to be the case; and in the surprise and uncontrollable joy of that unexpected meeting, I knew that I, in fact that both of us, had betrayed ourselves. Then followed days full of bliss so sweet, that resolved as I would, I could not forgo it when in the delightful consciousness of tacitly confessed love, Lily and I wandered forth together, seeking the shady woods and conversing in confiding tones—principally about nothing. At length there came a certain sunny afternoon, when, seated side by side upon a rustic bridge, we bent in silence over a little babbling stream, our heads caving into closer and closer proximity until in the end, with a sudden movement "our spirits rushed together in the meeting of the lips." After that, as any person of the slightest experience in such matters will readily believe, it was to use a slang phrase—all up with me. I left that bridge an affianced man; and upon returning to Ollyhill I resigned my curacy; and upon receiving Squire Thornton's somewhat reluctant consent to my engagement with his daughter, I obtained a situation in a

at the breakfast table:—"Why is your moustache like my back hair?" He blushing gave it up, when the answer caused him to blush still more—"Because it's all down."

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Poor Old Darbigne.

A THRILLING NIGHT SCENE—HOW AN INDIGNANT HUSBAND MET HIS FATE.

Mr. Darbigne didn't go home until very late Tuesday night, and when he reached his domicile he let himself in with a latch key and stole softly up stairs so as not to disturb his family. A night lamp was burning in his room and Mrs. Darbigne's sores came from the shaded bed like the calenches of a freight engine on the up grade. As he was removing his coat, Mr. Darbigne suddenly still, frozen, rooted to the spot with horror sublime, and rage. Then he fell on his knees and holding his hands towards the ceiling shrieked, "Oh! heaven, have mercy on this dishonored house," and then sprang to his feet yelling, "Villain, villain, villain, your life or mine." Mrs. Darbigne sprang up in bed screaming, "What is it? Oh, mercy, mercy, madman, what is it?" And the children in the adjoining room woke up and shrieked and hollowed and went in piteous terror, while Mr. Darbigne charged round and round the room with a revolver in his hand, diving into the closets, plunging under the bed, upsetting the furniture, chasing Mrs. Darbigne out of sight, and calling on his innocent babes to fling themselves out of the windows and save themselves from misery and shame—a preventive that the babes did not take to very kindly, preferring to huddle up in the middle of their bed and yell. The uproar roused the neighbors. They kicked in the front door and rushed up stairs, seized the raving Mr. Darbigne, pounding him over the head with a chair leg, and wresting his revolver from his reckless grasp, and then they demanded explanations.

"Find him for me!" said Mr. Darbigne. "Set me face to face with the villain, and I'll drink his heart's blood? Oh, madness! madness! Oh, shame! shame! shame! Find him for me or kill me! He's in this house this very minute."

"Who?" they all yelled. "Who is he?" "Yes," wailed poor Mrs. Darbigne, who had hurriedly dressed herself in a log-cabin quilt. "Who? in heaven's name, who?"

"Oh, oh, oh," yelled Mr. Darbigne: "You hear her, men, you hear this perfidious woman? Who! Here," he shrieked, pointing with his trembling finger, while the words shot like fiery arrows from his pale and foam-flecked lips. "Here! The man who wore those trousers!"

All eyes looked toward the chair on which they hung, and then, with one wild, heaven piercing yell of laughter, the crowd of neighbors let go of Mr. Darbigne, and went tumbling over each other down stairs, howling in derision and splitting the midnight with roars of mextingishable laughter. The children who had trooped into the room went giggling off to bed, and Mrs. Darbigne, flinging herself on the pillows, screamed hysterically, "Oh Darby, Darby! Oh Marmaduke, you'll kill me yet, I know you will! Oh, you old fool! Crawl into bed! Oh, you senseless idiot, that's my chemiloon!"

Tableaux.

MONKEYS' FATAL CURIOSITY

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THE GREATEST NUMBER.

(\$1.00 per annum, if paid in advance.)

FRIDAY, APRIL 20 1877.

NO. 52.

EASTER THOUGHTS.

Kneeling beside her 'mid a kneeling throng
In the dim twilight of the temple, where
The Easter buds, scent-laden, filled the air
With sweet aroma, and the solemn song,
Low chanted, floated through the holy place,
I watched the curtains of her melting eyes
Veil their soft radiance, and o'er that fair face
Stole reverent stillness, as with gentle sighs
Sins from her sinless lips were soon confessed.
(Ah, fairest saint, were all sins but as thine!)
Then lifting her white forehead from its pillowed
rest,
Turning, her sad 'sweet visage, pure with thought
divine,
She murmured, bending toward me as I sat,
"Charles, Mrs. Smith yet wears her winter hat!"
—Harper.

HOW A SPANISH SEXTON IMPERSONATED THE DEVIL.

A strange story comes from the north of Spain. A moribund landed proprietor, notwithstanding the entreaties of his family and friends, refused to receive the consolations of religion. His family, thinking they had overcome his scruples, sent for the parish priest; but upon his arrival the sick man declined to receive him, and the priest withdrew, declaring that the devil would come in person to carry off so hardened a sinner as soon as he was dead.

A few hours afterward the sick man died, and while the family were watching over the body, the door of the room was opened with a great noise, and there appeared upon the scene a personage arrayed in red, brandishing a pitchfork, dragging a long tail after him, and smelling very strongly of sulphur. His appearance created so much terror that the women present fainted, and the men rushed out of the room by another door. A man servant, hearing the screams, and thinking that thieves had broken into the house, armed himself with a revolver, and made his way to the room from whence they proceeded.

For a moment he, too, was terrified by the appearance of "the devil," who by this time had got the body in his arms; but, mastering his fears, he fired three barrels of his revolver at him, and the supposed devil, who fell to the ground, proved to be the parish sexton, who, by the order of the priest, had disguised himself, as he conceived, as Satan. He was quite dead when picked up, and four priests, who are suspected of complicity in this attempt to work upon the superstitious feelings of the family of the deceased, have been taken into custody.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

SOME EXTRAORDINARY WEDDINGS.

The first was in the Raleigh (N. C.) jail last week. James is serving a three months' sentence for stabbing three men. He fell in love with Louisa, who lived across the way; she showed him little attentions, and he courted her and proposed through the bars. The sheriff gave out invitations to the wedding, which was a brilliant affair, and, after the ceremony, the bride entered the cell to finish her sentence with her lord.

A queer old German, past 70, called at the Badmore city hall last week for a permit to go to the Bay view asylum and take his choice of a wife from the female inmates. He said that seven years ago he went there on a similar errand, selected a woman, popped the question and was accepted and married at once. She made him a good frau, and they lived happily together; but she had been dead three years, and he was lonely and wanted to try a Bayview woman once more. The permission was given him, and the old fellow got another one.

There was a romantic wedding at East St. Louis recently. The couple were engaged in Illinois in 1856, but the girl suddenly married another man, who afterward became a prominent railroad official. The disconsolate lover, J. H. McCallough, enlisted in the regular army and finally became a lieutenant. The two knew nothing more of each other till a year ago, when the husband died.

THE YANKEE AND THE BEES.

A Yankee out a-walking
In Virginia, at Wheeling,
While to himself a-talking
Experienced a feeling,
Strange, painful, and alarming,
From his caput to his knees,
As he suddenly discover'd
He was cover'd o'er with bees,
They rested on his eyelids,
And perch'd upon his nose;
They colonized his peak'd face,
And swarm'd upon his clothes.
They crawl'd up his trousers,
And filled his eyes with tears.
Did he yell like a hyena?
Did he holler like a loon?
Was he scart, and did he cut and run?
Or did the critter—swoon?
Ne'er a one! He wasn't scart a mite:
He never swoons or hollers;
But hived 'em in a nail keg tight,
AND SOLD 'EM FOR TEN DOLLARS!
—(American.)

FASHION NOTES.

Birds and wings have entirely flown away from our fashionable milliners.

Camel's hair grenadine is the novelty in thin goods for summer.

Lace pockets to match lace necklaces are the latest importations.

The sleeves of new dresses fit tighter than ever. To laugh in one's sleeve has now become purely metaphorical.

The extremely scant dresses of the present season will be worn hereafter only by extremists.

Moonlight-blue is the new shade for summer dresses. This will be a favorite with sentimental dandies.

The fashion of wearing black at a wedding is permitted in France, but is considered bad taste in England.

The most fashionable flower is the common yellow cowslip. It should be worn in promenades among "primrose paths."

Locketts on black velvet are no longer worn. Few locketts, if any, are worn, and chains are substituted, the high Valois ruffle of the inside handkerchief allowing no room for throat ornaments.

High heeled shoes for ladies are going out in Paris, where it is no longer considered correct to wear those stilted heels which for some time past must have so severely taxed ladies' patience.

An Albany damsel asked one of her fellow boarders, a stylish dry goods clerk, at the breakfast table:—"Why is your moustache like my back hair?" He blushing gave it up, when the answer caused him to blush still more:—"Because it's all down."

Afriar when preaching in a nunnery observed to his female auditors:—"Be not too proud that our blessed Lord paid your sex the distinguished honor of appearing first to a female after the resurrection; for it was done that the glad tidings might spread the sooner."

The fancy of demi-high dresses and lace sleeves is spreading rapidly. They are to be seen even at balls, although they are not considered as dressy as low bodices. Birds are being much worn as head-dresses at balls: brilliant humming-birds, of paradise, and even bronzed blackbirds.

right leg was fractured and terribly swollen. Not caring to witness the perilous ascent, I remained within the cave until loud "Hurrah!" proclaimed his safe arrival upon *terra firma*. Then scrambling out, I watched the rope redescending once more adjusted it around my waist, and in a few moments afterwards was kneeling by my friend's side upon the grass, and at the request of the excited shermer, searching his pockets for the uge wash-leather purse of which I had taken to them.

Its absence, as well as that of his watch and chain, appeared to settle beyond question in their minds the fact that there had been foul play; and a motion emanating from one of their number that we should take the law into our own hands, and proceed to arrest the farmer and his family, was unanimously carried.

Accordingly, leaving Mr. Morgan under the care of a couple of the elder men, we adjourned in a body to the pike Rock farm; but only to find it, to our extreme mortification, entirely unattended. Evidences, however, of hastily ght existed in such abundance, that we could not but conclude that its inmates had only just departed. And confirmation of this supposition was wanting; for one of the sailors gazing from an upper window, presently picked far down the winding lane upon which I had yester'en driven, a mass of sad-looking creatures, but with a lung kind of motion, as though their members were being carried along in a ring cart or some such vehicle. Drawing the obvious inference that our large party must have been seen by the criminals, surrounding the supposed grave of a victim, and that conscious guilt having excited their alarm, they were now endeavouring to escape from the justice which would follow detection, we consulted with each other as to what it were best to do. The rest of the conference is a decision to take the vessel further up the headland, to a small town here better accommodation could be found for the sick man than that at Lleydrizg in the vicinity of which was a station cost-guardsmen. The resolution being promptly carried out, Mr. Morgan was conveyed upon landing to a comfortable bed, where a physician was speedily procured to attend him; and accompanied by my corps of witnesses, I proceeded to lay before the proper authorities a full statement of the events I have scribbled, and to place the case in their hands. Then bestowing upon my quorum companions a good dinner, and promising to obtain for them a reward for their services, which I was myself unable to afford, I walked with them to the landing stage, and I saw them off upon their return voyage. A message directed at same afternoon to Mrs. Morgan, elwyn, brought with great celerity to a side of the little minister the tender, and most devoted nurse in the world; and before many days, he was so far recovered as to be able to supply any testimony which was wanting for his conviction of his intending murderers. Each testimony, however, had by that

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At the following summer assizes, Abel Williams, and Thomas were condemned to suffer the full penalty of the law; Jonathan Williams, the hunchback and the other remaining sons received sentence of imprisonment of more or less severity; as to the landlord of the *Ship at Anchor* was awarded the well merited punishment of transportation for life. A few sentences will now suffice to complete my story. At the urgent request of the good couple, to whom I had become sincerely attached and to whom I owed my services for the journey were sought, almost indispensable, I consented to return with them to their home. I did not, however, when giving that consent, intend to remain longer than one night at Pwlywn—my leave of absence from my duties having long since expired. Strange to say, when a full week had passed I was still lingering in that small in itself unattractive Welsh village; it was not until an entire change in my sentiments and in all my prospects of life had been wrought by my visit, that I eventually left it for Ollyhill.

During the time she had spent at the little whilst engaged in nursing her husband, and especially when upon the way, Mrs. Morgan had made frequent mention in my presence and in the terms of the highest praise to a certain young man in under whose charge she had left her house and children. But little did I know in that that cousin—the *Lily* whom I had so often heard repeated—was *Lily*—*Lily* Thornton! Such, how, upon arriving at Pwlywn, I found to be the case; and in the surprise and uncontrollable joy of that unexpected thing, I knew that I, in fact that both of us, had betrayed ourselves. Then followed days full of bliss so sweet, that I could as I would, I could not forgo it in the delightful consciousness of my confessed love, *Lily* and I wandered forth together, seeking the shady nooks and conversing in confiding tones principally about nothing. At length came a certain sunny afternoon, when seated side by side upon a rustic

in promenades among "primrose paths."

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An Albany dandy asked one of her fellow boarders, a stylish dry goods clerk, at the breakfast table:—"Why is your mustache like my back hair?" He blushing gave it up, when the answer caused him to blush still more—"Because it's all down."

After when preaching in a nursery observed to his female auditors:—"Be not too proud that our blessed Lord paid your sex the distinguished honor of appearing first to a female after the resurrection; for it was done that the glad tidings might spread the sooner."

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Poor Old Darbigne.

A THRILLING NIGHT SCENE—HOW AN INDIGNANT HUSBAND MET HIS FATE.

Mr. Darbigne didn't go home until very late Tuesday night, and when he reached his domicile he let himself in with a latch key and stole softly upstairs so as not to disturb his family. A night lamp was burning in his room and Mrs. Darbigne's snores came from the shaded bed like the catenances of a freight engine on the up grade. As he was removing his coat, Mr. Darbigne suddenly still, frozen, rooted to the spot with horror sublime, and rage. Then he fell on his knees and holding his hands towards the ceiling shrieked: "Oh! heaven, have mercy on this dishonest house," and then sprang to his feet yelling, "Villain, villain, villain, your life or mine." Mrs. Darbigne sprang up in bed screaming, "What is it? Oh, mercy, mercy, madman, what is it?" And the children in the adjoining room woke up and shrieked and howled and wept in piteous terror, while Mr. Darbigne charged round and round the room with a revolver in his hand, diving into the closets, plunging under the bed, upsetting the furniture, chasing Mrs. Darbigne out of sight, and calling on his innocent babes to fling themselves out of the windows and save themselves from misery and shame—a preventive that the babes did not take to very kindly, preferring to huddle up in the middle of their bed and yell. The uproar roused the neighbors. They kicked in the front door and rushed up stairs, seized the raving Mr. Darbigne, pounding him over the head with a chair leg, and wresting his revolver from his reckless grasp, and then they demanded explanations.

"Find him for me!" said Mr. Darbigne. "Set me face to face with the villain, and I'll drink his heart's blood? Oh, madness! madness! Oh, shame! shame! shame! Find him for me or kill me! He's in this house this very minute."

"Who?" they all yelled. "Who is he?" "Yes," wailed poor Mrs. Darbigne, who had hurriedly dressed herself in a jogging quilt. "Who? In heaven's name, who?"

"Oh, oh, oh," yelled Mr. Darbigne; "you hear her, men, you hear this perfidious woman? Who! Here," he shrieked, pointing with his trembling finger, while the words shot like fiery arrows from his pale and foam-flecked lips. "Here! The man who wore those trousers!"

All eyes looked toward the chair on which they hung, and then, with one wild, heaven piercing yell of laughter, the crowd of neighbors let go of Mr. Darbigne,

pretended that his object was solely to popularize the idea of personal distinction—thus paving the way for the establishment of the empire and the creation of all grades of the nobility, which accompanied it. The Legion of Honor, however, speedily became popular. There were small pensions paid out of the national treasury to the sub-officers and lower members, whose children and other youthful kindred of both sexes were educated free of cost to them. Orphans of tender age also received free education. Napoleon, who had thoroughly sounded the depths and shallows of the military mind of France, made great use of the Legion of Honor. He would often take its cross or badge from his own coat, and pin it upon the breast of some soldier who had signalized himself by a deed of valor or humanity. This, done in the presence of a whole army, and generally on the eve of battle, bound the soldiers to him. In 1830, the Legion was supplemented by the establishment of the "Cross of July," conferred upon those who had distinguished themselves or been wounded in the Revolution of the Three Days, in that year. There was also a "Medal of July," and the "St. Helena Medal," established by Napoleon III., was intended to commemorate all the campaigns from 1782 to 1815.

HOW TO SWEEP CARPETS.

Mrs. Beecher, writing in the *Christian Union*, says: In all our experience we have found nothing so safe and serviceable as moistened bran. Instead of stopping to clean the broom every few minutes, sweeping the carpet with bran not only cleans the carpet, frees it almost entirely from dust, but keeps the broom clean at the same time. It must be moistened only enough to keep the particles together. If moistened too much it will leave the carpet so damp that the dust which will settle over it will deface it more than it will clean it. Besides it makes the work much harder, because the bran becomes heavy with much moisture. Distribute the bran evenly over the floor and then sweep as usual. The bran scours or cleans the whole fabric. Very little dust is made when sweeping with it, and scarcely any settles after the work is accomplished, for every thread, bits of lint, or dust, is gathered into the mass of bran that is moved over the floor, and is so thoroughly incorporated with it that it cannot be easily separated. Carpets swept in this manner gather very little dust, as will be plainly seen when ver they are taken up for shaking.

THE ANTI-TABACCO CRUSADE.

A largely-attended conference, under the auspices of the Anti-Tobacco Society, was held recently in Manchester, England, at which the following resolution was unanimously adopted. "That this meeting considers that the recent expressions of opinion of medical officers under the Factory Acts, pointing to the increasing smoking and chewing of tobacco as one of the sources of the deterioration of our factory population, constitute a strong case for a Parliamentary enquiry into the national results of a practice which is condemned by all medical men; and into the practical operation of the law in Switzerland which prohibits the use of tobacco by boys." One of the speakers, Dr. C. J. Russell, a well-known physician, declared "that tobacco was destroying the very vitality of the nation"; that the hope of the country rested with the children; and urged, especially, says the *London Christian*, "that Sunday-school teachers inculcate total abstinence from tobacco among their pupils." The "crusade" has not been begun too soon and should be vigorously inaugurated on this side of the Atlantic.—*Temperance Advocate*.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The Prince of Wales, when he goes hunting, likes to enjoy himself unostentatiously, and doesn't want a fuss made about him. But when he went to Gloucestershire lately, to visit Lord Shannon His lordship, anxious to show the Prince

The first time in the Raleigh (N.C.) jail last week, James is serving a three months' sentence for stabbing three men. He fell in love with Louisa, who lived across the way; she showed him little attentions, and he courted her and proposed through the bars. The sheriff gave out invitations to the wedding, which was a brilliant affair, and, after the ceremony, the bride entered the cell to finish these sentences with her lord.

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There was a romantic wedding at East St. Louis recently. The couple were engaged in Illinois in 1856, but the girl suddenly married another man, who afterward became a prominent railroad official. The disconsolate lover, J. H. McCullough, enlisted in the regular army and finally became a lieutenant. The two knew nothing more of each other till a year ago, when the husband died. McCullough's old love revived. He resigned from the army, found the widow keeping a boarding-house for conductors, engineers and clerks at St. Louis, was accepted, and on a recent Sunday night married her. The boarders perceived all the locomotives not engaged, took them near the house and kept the whistles going during the ceremony.

A FAIR DECISION.

Brother Gardner was yesterday called into a house on Grove street to render a decision in the case of a colored man who had jumped his board bill, the landlady desiring to know if she could sue the deserter without his being present.

"What is de object of a suit?" asked the philosopher.

"So as to secure a debt," she replied.

"After securing de debt, den what?"

"Den collect it."

"How kin you collect it if de man hasn't got nuffin?"

"Dat's what I called you in for," she continued. "I want a 'cison on dat point."

"De case am—de case am," he mused, as he rubbed his head, "de cause am, kin you collect anything from a cullud man who hasn't got nuffin? Tell you what I'd do, Misses Brown, I'd write for dat nigger to come back, make a bargain to board him for six weeks, at den slap an execution on to him an' seize de contract."

"But how would dat git what he owes me now?" she asked.

"It won't git de lost money, ob course, but you see it would keep him from boardin' on you six weeks mo'. Dat's de 'cison, Mrs. Brown, and now I'll take one of dem pies an' be goin' home to dinner."—*Detroit Free Press*.

BE COURTEOUS.

There are a thousand little courtesies and salutations and compliments of life, but it would be well if there were still more of them. Bluntness does not mean honesty, and a recognition of whatever is good in men does not mean sincerity. It would be promotive of happiness if every time men descended in the morning they would look for that which is comely and praiseworthy, and single it out and tell it to their wives. Oh, if men would only court after they are married as they do before, what joy there would be! What praise there would be distributed among the community! But the faults of men are generally first thought of, and are condemned. There are a multitude of little, imperfect, irregular things in human conduct; and a man says: "I am not one of those who go around and flatter folks; I'll tell them what I think of them; if they have faults I'll hit them strong." But it is not necessary to be hard and repellent and un-

been stolen, and that he had been cast into the "Devil's" and from the same source it was stated that two other gentlemen—of them a jeweler, known to be dealing with valuable diamonds in his line—had by Abel Williams, owner of the Rock farm, and his two eldest sons, at the instigation of John Williams, of Lleydriddig, been done to death being precipitated into the same.

The following summer assizes, Abel and Thomas were condemned to the full penalty of the law; Jonathan Williams, the hunchback and the other remaining sons received sentence of imprisonment of more or less severity; and to the landlord of the *Ship at Llanwrthwl* was awarded the well merited punishment of transportation for life. A few sentences will now suffice to relate my story. At the urgent request of the good couple, to whom I had been sincerely attached and to whom my services for the journey were, night, almost indispensable, I consented to return with them to their home.

Not, however, when giving that intent, intend to remain longer than one night at Pwllwyn—my leave of absence my duties having long since expired. Strange to say, when a full week had elapsed I was still lingering in that small, itself unattractive Welsh village; it was not until an entire change in circumstances and in all my prospects had been wrought by my visit, I eventually left it for Olyhyll. During the time she had spent at the whilst engaged in nursing her husband, and especially when upon the way, Mrs. Morgan had made frequent mention in my presence and in the terms of highest praise to a certain young man under whose charge she had left house and children. But little did I know that that cousin—the Lily whose I had so often heard repeated—was Lily—Lily Thornton! Such, how upon arriving at Pwllwyn, I found the case; and in the surprise and untrollable joy of that unexpected thing, I knew that I, in fact that both had betrayed ourselves. Then for 11 days full of bliss so sweet, that red as I would, I could not forget it in the delightful consciousness of my confessed love, Lily and I wandered forth together, seeking the shady spots and conversing in confiding tones, especially about nothing. At length came a certain sunny afternoon, seated side by side upon a rustic seat, we bent in silence over a little stream, our heads coming into a closer proximity until in the sudden movement "our spirits" together in the meeting of the

After that, as any person of the test experience in such matters will believe, it was to use a slang expression—all up with me. I left that bridge lianced man; and upon returning to my ill I resigned my curacy; and unceasing Squire Thornton somewhat tant consent to my engagement with daughter, I obtained a situation in a antile house in Liverpool, the prince of which was an uncle of my intergrade. With indefatigable industry I toiled for two years to earn for myself a position; and at the close of that took to my bosom, for weal or woe, life for those sake I had quitted the chain and joined the Merchant's service. In conclusion, the events I have here fully related, involve a virtue which one ought to endeavor to practice—irritate of presence of mind. In case sudden peril, a moment or two of calm thought on the part of one person has recently been the means of saving not his own but the lives of his fellow-creatures. In the case of a theatre on or in a runaway carriage he (or she) has the presence of mind to sit still, he best chance of saving his (or her).

In my case, feigning sleep probably I mine.—*Chamber's Journal*.

(THE END.)

ice in Port Hope harbor was loosened by dynamite.

MR. DARBIGNE didn't go home until very late Tuesday night, and when he reached his domicile he let himself in with a latch key and stole softly upstairs so as not to disturb his family. A night lamp was burning in his room and Mrs. Darbigne's snore came from the shaded bed like the caresses of a freight engine on the up grade. As he was removing his coat, Mr. Darbigne suddenly still, frozen, rooted to the spot with horror sublime, and rage. Then he fell on his knees and holding his hands towards the ceiling shrieked. "Oh! heaven, have mercy on this dishonored house," and then sprang to his feet yelling, "Villain, villain, villain, your life or mine." Mrs. Darbigne sprang up in bed screaming, "What is it? Oh, mercy, mercy, madman, what is it?" And the children in the adjoining room woke up and shrieked and hollowed and went in piteous terror, while Mr. Darbigne charged round and round the room with a revolver in his hand, diving into the closets, plunging under the bed, upsetting the furniture, chasing Mrs. Darbigne out of sight, and calling on his innocent babes to fling themselves out of the windows and save themselves from misery and shame—a preventive that the babes did not take to very kindly, preferring to huddle up in the middle of their bed and yell. The uproar roused the neighbors. They kicked in the front door and rushed up stairs, seized the raving Mr. Darbigne, pounding him over the head with a chair leg, and wresting his revolver from his reckless grasp, and then they demanded explanations.

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"Who?" they all yelled. "Who is he?" "Yes," wailed poor Mrs. Darbigne, who had hurriedly dressed herself in a log-cabin quilt. "Who? in heaven's name, who?"

"Oh, oh, oh," yelled Mr. Darbigne; "you hear her, men, you hear this perfidious woman? Who? Here," he shrieked, pointing with his trembling finger, while the words shot like fiery arrows from his pale and foam-flecked lips. "Here! The man who wore those trousers!"

All eyes looked toward the chair on which they hung, and then, with one wild, heaven-piercing yell of laughter, the crowd of neighbors let go of Mr. Darbigne, and went tumbling over each other down stairs, howling in derision and splitting the midnight with roars of mextinguishable laughter. The children who had trooped into the room went giggling off to bed, and Mrs. Darbigne, flinging herself on the pillows, screamed hysterically, "Oh Darby, Darby! Oh Marmaduke, you'll kill me yet, I know you will! Oh, you old fool! Crawl into bed! Oh, you senseless idiot, that's my chemise!"

Tableaux.

A MONKEY'S FATAL CURIOSITY.

The soldiers at the United States Arsenal at Summerville had, a pet monkey, the "funniest" Darwinian that ever left the African forests. Jocko was ordinarily a good monkey, but, like too many of his kindred contemporaries, he possessed a great fault. Jocko was tormented by curiosity, and alas! it finally brought him to an untimely grave. For some time Jocko has been in the habit of watching the artillerymen as they fired the morning and evening gun, and finally became imbued with an ardent desire to be a "gay soper boy." Last Monday morning he silyly approached the piece, which is used for firing the salute, and jerked the lanyard. To the amateur artilleryist's surprise and disappointment the cannon didn't fire. He immediately darted to the mouth to see what was the matter, when the piece suddenly went off, and so did Jocko—all his aspirations and his limbs blown to the winds. His remains were literally strewn over the sward.—*Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle*.

cleans the carpet, frees it almost entirely from dust, but keeps the broom clean at the same time. It must be moistened only enough to keep the particles together. If moistened too much it will leave the carpet so damp that the dust which will settle over it will deface it more than it will clean it. Besides it makes the work much harder, because the bran becomes heavy with much moisture. Distribute the bran evenly over the floor and then sweep as usual. The bran scours or cleans the whole fabric. Very little dust is made when sweeping with it, and scarcely any settles after the work is accomplished, for every thread, bits of lint, or dust, is gathered into the mass of bran that is moved over the floor, and is so thoroughly incorporated with it that it cannot be easily separated. Carpets swept in this manner gather very little dust, as will be plainly seen when ver they are taken up for shaking.

THE ANTI-TOBACCO CRUSADE.

A largely-attended conference, under the auspices of the Anti-Tobacco Society, was held recently in Manchester, England, at which the following resolution was unanimously adopted. "That this meeting considers that the recent expressions of opinion of medical officers under the Factory Acts, pointing to the increasing smoking and chewing of tobacco as one of the sources of the deterioration of our factory population, constitute a strong case for a Parliamentary enquiry into the national results of a practice which is condemned by all medical men; and into the practical operation of the law in Switzerland which prohibits the use of tobacco by boys." One of the speakers, Dr. C. J. Russell, a well-known physician, declared "that tobacco was destroying the very vitality of the nation"; that the hope of the country rested with the children; and urged, especially, says the *London Christian*, "that Sunday-school teachers inculcate total abstinence from tobacco among their pupils." The "crusade" has not been begun too soon and should be vigorously inaugurated on this side of the Atlantic.—*Temperance Advocate*.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The Prince of Wales, when he goes hunting, likes to enjoy himself unostentatiously, and doesn't want a fuss made about him. But when he went to Gloucestershire lately, to visit Lord Shannon, His Lordship, anxious to show the Prince the cream of his country, had asked Mr. Powell to allow one of the meets to be at his residence, Eastcourt House, mentioning at the same time that His Royal Highness had come simply to hunt and enjoy himself, and did not wish any fuss made.

Mr. Powell, a member of Parliament and a newly rich person, appeared to think this all nonsense, and when the meeting was appointed on his estate, made a very great fuss indeed. He set up a marquee on the lawn for the Prince's luncheon; he prepared his reception-rooms for the entertainment of his hunting friends and acquaintances; he laid in bread and cheese by the ton weight, and strong beer by the hoghead for the consumption of the country side. Consequences:—The Prince never entered the marquee prepared for him, but the mob of mechanics and laborers of the neighborhood and the roughs in general broke in, devoured the royal luncheon, and made the day hideous with their orgies. Great damage was done; the farmers complained of the drunken trespassers found lying about their fields; Lord Shannon and the members of the Hunt were naturally much disgusted. The Prince was too good-natured to look or feel annoyed; and after a long day's hunting refreshed himself with tea and poached eggs at the nearest clergyman's residence, not having been seen at all by his ambitious would-be host, Mr. Powell.

There are no less than fifteen ladies carrying on the business of dressmaking in Thorold.

ing during the ceremony.

A FAIR DECISION.

Brother Gardner was yesterday called into a house on Grove street to render a decision in the case of a colored man who had jumped his board bill, the landlady desiring to know if she could sue the deserter without his being present.

"What is the object of a suit?" asked the philosopher.

"So as to secure a debt," she replied.

"After securing the debt, den what?"

"Den collect it."

"How kin you collect it if de man hasn't got nuffin?"

"Dat's what I called you in for," she continued. "I want a 'cision on dat point."

"De case am—de case am," he mused, as he rubbed his head, "de cause am, kin you collect anything from a cullud man who hasn't got nuffin? Tell you what I'd do, Misses Brown. I'd write for dat nigger to come back, make a bargain to board him fur six weeks, at den slap an execution on to him an' seize de contract."

"But how would dat git what he owes me now?" she asked.

"It won't git the lost money, ob course, but you see it would keep him from boardin' on you six weeks mo'. Dat's de 'cision, Mrs. Brown, and now I'll take one of dem pies an' be goin' home to dinner."—*Detroit Free Press*.

BE COURTEOUS.

There are a thousand little courtesies and salutations and compliments of life, but it would be blunt if there were still more of them. Bluntness does not mean honesty, and a recognition of whatever is good in men does not mean sincerity. It would be promotive of happiness if every time men descended in the morning they would look for that which is comely and praiseworthy, and single it out and tell it to their wives. Oh, if men would only court after they are married as they do before, what joy there would be! What praise there would be distributed among the community! But the faults of men are generally first thought of, and are condemned. There are a multitude of little, imperfect, irregular things in human conduct; and a man says: "I am not one of those who go around and flatter folks; I'll tell them what I think of them; if they have faults I'll tell them strong." But it is not necessary to be hard and repellent and unsympathetic to be honest. There is good as well as evil in men, and it is surely as worthy of recognition.—*Christian Union*.

Cooking In The Army.

An order has been lately received at Aldershot which cannot fail to have a beneficial influence upon the soldier's mode of life. All recruits, on completion of their musketry instruction, are to be put through a course of cooking in the field, which is to be carried out under the auspices of the Assistant Quartermaster-General, so that every young soldier may be dependent upon himself for the proper cooking of his meals on a campaign. The British soldier is far behind his French and German brethren in culinary skill, and probably not half a dozen men in a company, beyond the professional cooks, could make a stew properly, or grill a bit of beef or mutton in the open air. In the French army cooking is one of the subjects of examination in which a private must display competent knowledge before he is promoted to the rank of corporal, and in consequence the art is cultivated throughout every regiment.

An effort will be made to get the 20th and 97th regiments to call at Montreal en route to British Columbia.

Rev. W. S. Ball, of Knox church, Guelph, has been presented by his congregation with a purse containing \$181 in gold.

DIRECTORY

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

G. T. RAILWAY.

GOING EAST.	GOING WEST.
Express. 1:10 A. M.	Express. 5:12 P. M.
Express. 12:58 P. M.	Express. 5:52 A. M.
Mixed. 11:28 P. M.	Mixed. 7:55 A. M.

STAGES ARRIVE AT NAPANEE.	
From Newburgh and Tamworth.	10 1/2 a. m.
From Picton and Mill Point.	7 p. m.
From Erienville.	10 1/2 a. m.

DEPART FROM NAPANEE.	
To Newburgh and Tamworth.	2 1/2 p. m.
To Mill Point and Picton.	3 1/2 a. m.
To Erienville.	2 1/2 p. m.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.
Hon. R. J. Cartwright, Finance Minister.
Schuyler Shibley, M. P.

ONTARIO PARLIAMENT.
J. T. Grange, M. P. P.
H. M. Deroche, M. P.

COUNTY AND TOWN OFFICIALS.	
W. H. Wilkison, Judge.	
O. T. Pruyn, Sheriff.	
W. A. Reeve, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney.	
J. B. McGuin, Clerk of the County Court, and Deputy Clerk of the Crown.	
Do, Surrogate Registrar.	
W. N. Dollar, Warden.	
F. Burrows, County School Inspector.	
W. V. Dettlor, County Clerk.	
E. Hooper, Treasurer.	
M. P. Roblin, Registrar.	
W. S. Williams, Mayor.	
John Herring, Reeve.	
Chas. H. Miller, Deputy Reeve.	
Wm. Chamberlain, Town Clerk.	
Robert Easton, Town Treasurer.	
Jas. Allen, Chief of Police.	
J. Benson, Collector of Customs and Registrar of Shipping.	
C. B. Perry, Landing Waiter and Searcher.	
T. G. Pile, Landing Waiter and Searcher, Mill Point.	
G. Bogart, Postmaster, Napanee.	
G. B. Sills, Inspector of Weights and Measures.	
Wm. Hoyle, Inspector of Licenses.	
Chas. James, Clerk 1st Division Court, Napanee.	
C. L. Rogers, 2d " "	
J. J. Watson, 3d " "	
Peter Johnston, 4th " "	
Wm. Wheelan, 5th " "	
Henry Fultz, 6th " "	
Thos. Miller, 7th " "	

POST OFFICE.

The Post Office Napanee is open from 8 a. m. till 6 p. m.	
Day Train East Mail closes,	12:05 p. m.
West " "	4:30 p. m.
Night Train East " "	9:00 p. m.
West " "	9:00 p. m.
Camden Route—Tamworth, Centreville, Camden East, Newburgh and Napanee Mills—Mail closes 2:15 p. m.	
Mill Point and Prince Edward County Route—Mill Point, Picton, Napanee, Port, and Demoreville—Mail closes 6:30 a. m.	
Fredericksburg Route—Morven, Hamburg, Sillsville, Parma and Conway—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays—Mail closes 1 p. m.	
Switzerville—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays—Mail closes 1:15 p. m.	
Gosport and Gretina—Saturday—Mail closes 1 p. m.	
Erienville, Roblin and Selby, daily—Mail closes 1:30 p. m.	
Overton, Forest Mills and Leinster, daily—Mail closes 1:30 p. m.	

CHURCHES.

HOURS OF SERVICES.

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Episcopal—Rev. J. J. Bogart, Rector. Services 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Sunday School 3 p. m.	
Presbyterian—Rev. A. Young. Services 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Sunday School 3 p. m.	
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40 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,

—AND—

ROWELL & CHESMAN,

ST. LOUIS,

AGENTS for the "NAPANEE EXPRESS",
Napanee, Ont.



THE EXPRESS.

NAPANEE, APRIL, 20th, 1877.

A professional diver in Ottawa, has been employed in building the piers for the rail ray bridge over Gatineau. He recently went down in twenty five feet of water to remove some ice from under a crib, and while down the air pipe became twisted and the supply was cut off. Finding his danger he pulled the alarm rope, but before he reached the surface he was unconscious and was with difficulty restored.

HAMILTON, April 12.—This morning as No. 24 freight was approaching Cayuga bridge on the Loop line, the drawhead of one of the cars broke, causing it to leave the rails. In this state it was dragged on the bridge, where, smashing through the side truss of the first span, it fell through, dragging with it five other cars. No one was injured, and the damage as far as can be seen is not very serious. But slight delay was caused to the passenger trains, which are now running via the main line. Welland branch, and International bridge.

At a meeting held in Ottawa on the 10th to consider the best means of relieving the unemployed workmen, a memorial was drawn up for presentation to the Senate, requesting that body to urge upon the Government the desirability of originating and carrying on immediately in Ottawa and its vicinity such public works as may to them seem necessary and in the public interest, and by so doing alleviate the present destitution.

Charles Satch, a brakeman on the Great Western at Brucefield, Ont., while attempting to ascend a car while in motion, slipped and fell below the cars. Two cars passed over the body, almost severing it in two. His death was instantaneous.

The cabmen of the Upper Town (Ottawa) stand are having a magnificent gold-headed cane made, which they intend to ask his Excellency the Governor-General to accept as a token of their esteem.

THE NORTH-WEST.

Mr. Joseph Hunter, C. E., and party left Victoria on the 28 inst for the purpose of determining the boundary line between British Columbia and Alaska.

Fourteen thousand acres of land have been taken up in the New Westminster district by purchase and pre-emption, since 1st of January. This is one of those facts which tells its own story and needs little comment. The superior advantages offered to the agriculturist by New Westminster district are pretty generally recognized, and the conversion of the Frazer Valley into a flourishing settlement is now only a question of time.

The Chinese question comes up in Victoria repeatedly. The *Colonist* of the 28th inst says.—considerable number of white men and women are now in this city in quest of work. They have come to settle if they can find employment, and it is the duty of every resident to assist them as far as he can in obtaining it. In every case where help is required preference should be given to the Caucasian over the Mongolian. Valuable immigrants are coming and going every day, and there should be a vigorous effort made to retain them amongst us. But if people will continue to employ Chinamen to the exclusion of their own race, we shall have no inducement to offer white immigrants.

In Victoria is shown a sample of 140 ounces of gold dust taken from the mines in the Okanagan District. This is the third shipment of dust from this locality, besides a considerable quantity which came down in Chinese hands.

AMERICAN.

A New York butcher bought his cattle on thirty days, sent them to England, sold them, and the cable told him that he had cleared \$16,000 before the thirty days

Defences of the River Thames are being strengthened.

LIVERPOOL, April 11.—At a meeting of the steamship conference to-day, it was resolved that from the 1st May the Inman, Gilson, National, and White Star lines would run steamers fortnightly instead of weekly thus withdrawing half the present fleet.

The *Times* publishes what it pronounces a most extraordinary address to Archbishops and Bishops of the Church of England, signed by the Dean of St. Paul's, Dean of York and others, and deprecating Parliamentary encroachment on the spiritual work of the Church.

On the 1st of May, the tariff on Atlantic cables will be increased to three shillings per word.

The American squadron in European waters has been ordered to assemble at Nice, preparatory to sailing to Constantinople and other Eastern ports to protect American interests.

Queen Victoria has sent from her private purse, £5 to Captain Wilson, of New Orleans, who, in 1850, saved the crew and passengers of the emigrant steamship Connaught.

A remarkable movement is now in progress in Ireland for closing all drinking places on Sunday. A petition from the city of Dublin has been sent to Parliament, a mile in length, and bearing 60,000 signatures. Meetings are frequently held to protest against the exemption of large towns from the operation of the proposed closing law. A careful house to house canvass of nineteen towns has shown that in them 100,000 persons voted Sunday closing and only 11,331 against it. The bill is likely to pass at this session of Parliament.

SPORTING NEWS.

At a numerously attended meeting on 5th inst., a club to be called the "Toronto Hare and Hounds," was formed, which now numbers some forty members.

A Californian proposes to sail to Liverpool, by the way of Cape Horn, in a boat only twenty feet long.

The ten-ton centreboard yacht which Captain Cuthbert has just completed is for Mr. John Bell, of Belleville. Work will at once be commenced on another yacht which Mr. Cuthbert intends building for himself.

The yacht *Peerless* was launched in Belleville on the 13th, at 3:30, and in about three hours her sails were bent and made ready for business.

It is said that Captain Cuthbert, of Cobourg, has attached the Yacht Countess of Duferin, for last year's wages. The Countess is an unfortunate craft.

A DISAGREEABLE SORT OF A NURSE.

Recently, in England, a servant employed as a nurse in the household of a farmer was committed for trial by the magistrate at Shipston-on-Stour on three charges attempted murder of her master's children. Within six weeks this youthful domestic set the house on fire 10 times. Three times set the cradle on fire while a baby of three weeks old was reposing in it. On one of these occasions, when the unfortunate infant intrusted to her charge was frightfully burned, a live coal was found on her pillow. On another occasion she "fired" a bed in which three children were sleeping. Of course, these repeated acts of incendiarism and attempted murder kept the household in a constant fidget, but they were attributed to "supernatural agency," and the clergyman of the parish was appealed to to quell the mischievous spirit which played such vagaries. The parson, however, confessing his inability to perform this task, the Deputy Chief Constable of the district took the matter in hand, and adopting an "unmystic" view of the mat-

THE EAST.

The Athens correspondent of the *Daily News* states that the Greek Government has given orders for an army of 60,000 men, to be in readiness for active service in case of need. The feeling in Athens is intensely anti-Russian.

ROME, April 16.—Reports have reached Cardinal Simeoni from Central Russia intimating that an international outbreak is imminent in Russian-Poland and contiguous Russian provinces. Preparations for the movement have been long going on.

VIENNA, April 16.—It is officially affirmed that Roumanian troops will pose the passage of the Danube by Turkish army, but will allow the Russians to cross the Pruth.

The Czar will join the army on 24th instant.

LONDON, April 16.—A Rome correspondent represents that the Vatican is elated at the prospect of war, ardently hopes the Russians may secure preliminary advantages, in which case it has persuaded itself that the world would become general.

The *Standard's* special from Pesth, "all journals here are agreed that it is impossible for Austria and Hungary remain neutral in the war which impends. They unanimously argue in favour of an alliance with England against Russia. Austria and Hungary are even more interested than England in preventing entrance of the Russians into Bulgaria."

TWENTY-TWO YEARS IN PRISON.

Here is a little story. Twenty-two years ago a young man in New Haven was engaged to marry a young woman there. For some reason she transferred her promise to marry, if not affections, to another person. The suitor, who was a respectable mechanic, disapproved of the match, and declared that his rival was a disreputable person who would lead his affianced a wretched life, and that while he could surrender her himself, he would rather she should die than marry that man. Accordingly, and as he said, solely to save her from the awful fate of such a degrading marriage, he killed the girl. He did not attempt to conceal his deed; he justified and regarded himself as the savior of his happiness. He was tried for murder and acquitted on the ground of insanity, although he stoutly denied that he was insane, and said that he had acted up to his cool conviction of what was best for the girl, and was ready to suffer the penalty of the law for the homicide. He was acquitted by the court, and by the Court. He remained in prison for seven or eight years, all the time protesting that he was in his right mind, and that the State should either hang him for murder or release him. He was then transferred to the State prison at Wethersfield, by what authority it did not appear, under no sentence. There he has remained until this day, in the same state of mind, apparently rational on all subjects, except that he insists that he had a right to kill the girl to save from dishonor; and that if the State thought otherwise it should have punished him as a murderer. This is the story of Willard Clarke, who has now petitioned the Assembly to remove him from State prison to the insane asylum at Middletown. If he is sane, he has a right to his liberty, having been once acquitted on trial for his life. So far as as it appears, he has been in gaol nearly a quarter of a century without authority of law, if there is anywhere existing a legal commitment of Clarke as a lunatic. State prison is not a legal place for confinement of lunatics who have been convicted of crime. It is quite fitting that the Assembly relieved the State of the disgrace of such ship-shod proceedings.

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THE EXPRESS.

NAPANEE, APRIL, 20th, 1877.

MR. CARTWRIGHT'S LOAN.

The general opinion in Ottawa is that the Opposition made a great mistake in once more raising the question of the Canadian loan. The news from Europe is of such a nature as to show that but for the foresight which induced Mr. Cartwright to visit London last year the financial situation might at the present time be one of great embarrassment. Heavy obligations are accruing in the shape of debts, requiring to be paid off, and at this moment were a demand for a new loan to be made it is doubtful whether it could be effected except at a most ruinous sacrifice and on terms injurious to the credit and reputation of the country. With respect to the transaction of November last it is now demonstrated beyond a doubt that the loan was the best ever made by a Canadian Minister. So far from any loss having been sustained, it is certain that it was the highest rate that could have been reasonably expected. Canadian four per cents. were selling at 90½ in June and July, 1876, or ¾ per cent less than the price offered in November following. Owing to a considerable amount of the last loan remaining on hand sales were very heavy even on these terms. The agents had rendered most valuable services in removing the stock on the market previous to Mr. Cartwright's visit the activity they displayed having temporarily increased the last quotation, a fact which has served as a test for Opposition commentators. Messrs Barings and Glyns were of course bound by every sentiment of honour to give their best advice and aid to the Minister of Finance who stood towards them in the relation of client to professional advisers, and it is a most contemptible and ridiculous slur upon the character of these eminent firms to assume that for the sake of pocketing a few thousands they would have forfeited the claim to the confidence of the Governments of half a dozen countries towards which they stand in the most confidential relations. The time was extremely critical, and a few hours after the last of the applications was closed the loan could have been bought back at a heavy discount.—*Globe*.

KINGSTON.

"Building operations are very active at present, and our mechanics look forward to a season of prosperity. There is great demand for first-class men, and the supply is scarcely equal to the demand."

Monday April 16.—The schooner Denmark arrived at Garden Island to-day with timber from Toronto, having made

three comment. The superior advantages offered to the agriculturalist by New Westminster district are pretty generally recognized, and the conversion of the Frazer Valley into a flourishing settlement is now only a question of time.

The Chinese question comes up in Victoria repeatedly. The *Colonist* of the 28th inst. says.—considerable number of white men and women are now in this city in quest of work. They have come to settle if they can find employment, and it is the duty of every resident to assist them as far as he can in obtaining it. In every case where help is required preference should be given to the Caucasian over the Mongolian. Valuable immigrants are coming and going every day, and there should be a vigorous effort made to retain them amongst us. But if people will continue to employ Chinamen to the exclusion of their own race, we shall have no inducement to offer white immigrants.

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AMERICAN.

A New York butcher bought his cattle on thirty days, sent them to England, sold them, and the cable told him that he had cleared \$16,000 before the thirty days had expired.

A mass-meeting of non-Mormons at Salt Lake, adopted a resolution favouring amending the territorial law, so as to disfranchise the Mormons and prevent them holding office, and to provide for secret balloting.

NEW YORK, April 14.—350 emigrants from the United States sailed for Australia this morning.

The Minnesota Forestry Association has offered to furnish from three to five hundred thousand young forest trees and cuttings to those who have lost their crops, and are now in danger of losing their timber claims for lack of money to purchase.

CHICAGO, April 12.—Intense excitement prevails among the guests at the large hotels in consequence of the destruction of the Southern Hotel at St. Louis. Hotel proprietors are doing their utmost to suppress the excitement by adding the latest means of fire escape to the buildings and employing special fire patrols to guard against such accidents. One of the principal hotel owners here offers to expose any room in his hotel to ignited combustibles, in order to test the absolute security of the house against fire. The test will take place this week.

NEW YORK, April 14.—A *World's* St. John special reports this year's seal fighting most promising. One vessel has returned with 2,000 seals, worth \$126,000, after a twenty-six days' trip.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 14.—A special from Baxter Springs says the Baxter and Joplin mail coming this way was robbed yesterday by highwaymen who presented pistols at the head of the driver and compelled him to throw off the mail bags. There were no passengers.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Armed oystermen in a tug were prepared to resist the city garbage men, who were proceeding to dump refuse near Hart's island in the sound yesterday. Another fleet of scows, with officials on board, went out to-day. Trouble is anticipated.

An English steamer leaves New Haven with 10,000,000 Winchester cartridges and 700 rifles for Turkey.

While laborers were blasting rocks in Astoria, N. Y. a boulder, weighing two hundred pounds, was blown into the air, and alighted on Wm. Dean's house, going through the roof and falling on the infant son of Dean, crushing him into an unrecognizable mass.

The steamer "Germanic," of the White Star Line, arrived at New York the 13th inst., after a passage of seven days and eleven hours.

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A NEW MOVE AMONG THE RITUALISTS.

We make public the astounding fact that a section of members of the Church of England have taken measures for founding what will be nothing less than a new Anglican Communion. This resolution has been come to in consequence of the action taken by the Anglican prelates, under the Public Worship Regulation Act. A brand-new Archbishop, with a very ancient title, is to be consecrated by one or more foreign prelates. Secondly, two suffragans, each with titles from old English sees, are to be consecrated simultaneously, but (as we are given to understand) independently, and are to begin their conjoined labours in England, in the High Church interest in July next. The difficulties attendant upon the consecration of the Archbishop and his suffragans (as far as regards any interference with existing jurisdictions, whether Popish or others) will be surmounted by the ingenious plan of consecrating them upon the high seas. The formularies of this new ecclesiastical body are based upon the dogmas and writes of the Latin and Greek churches. A brief "Sacramentary" has been officially drawn up containing the order for the administration of the Seven Sacraments. The manual contains instructions for the use of the chrisom or prayer-oil as in the Greek and Roman Churches.

The ceremonial will be exceedingly exceedingly expressive and elaborate, and by after additions—not essential—even imposing. The three creeds of the undivided Church and of the Church of England—viz., the Apostles', the Athanasian and the Nicene—will continue to be used in the new communion. Finally, the new communion will be unaggressive and conservative, not destructive. In addition to 12,000 beneficed parsons, there are no less than 8,000 unbeneficed clergymen to whom we suppose the new spiritual intruders will look for support.—*Whitaker's Review*.

TEMPERANCE AMONG THE VOLUNTEERS.

PRINCE OF WALES RIFLES TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.

On January 14, 1876, a Temperance Association was organized in the Prince of Wales Rifles, with a membership of

although the society denied that he was insane, and said that he had acted up his cool conviction of what was best for the girl, and was ready to suffer the penalty of the law for the homicide. Acquitted he was remanded to the county jail by the Court. He remained there seven or eight years, all the time protesting that he was in his right mind and that the State should either hang him for murder or release him. He was then transferred to the State prison at Wethersfield, by what authority it does not appear, under no sentence. Then he has remained until this day, in the same state of mind, apparently rational on all subjects, except that he insists that he had a right to kill the girl to save him from dishonor; and that if the State thought otherwise it should have punished him as a murderer. This is the story of Willard Clarke, who has now petitioned the Assembly to remove him from the State prison to the insane asylum at Middletown. If he is sane, he has a right to his liberty, having been once acquitted on trial for his life. So far as it appears, he has been in gaol nearly a quarter of a century without authority of law for if there is anywhere existing a legal commitment of Clarke as a lunatic the State prison is not a legal place for the confinement of lunatics who have not been convicted of crime. It is quite time that the Assembly relieved the State of the disgrace of such ship-shod proceedings.

DR. SCHLIEMANN'S DISCOVERIES.

Dr. Schliemann complains of the envy displayed by the Greek antiquaries, claiming in his indignation. "The world will kill me, they would kill me." The gentleman appointed by the Greek Government to direct the operations had Schliemann's life a burden to him. The tomb of Agamemnon was a scene of continual conflict, and the unhappy excavator could not even leave the dinner table without finding his custodian at his heel.

On the occasion of a dinner given lately by the Doctor to some of his intimate friends in Athens he exhibited an opinion of what he believes to be the remains of Agamemnon recently exhumed at Mykenae. One of the guests writes—"We counted his teeth, measured his proportions, and discussed the old fellow from head to toe. I should say that Agamemnon was physically well proportioned, and in that respect a man of parts. The skeleton itself is carefully guarded at Mykenae; it cannot be removed by ordinary means without destroying it but it is to be hoped that some method may be devised by which it may be held together and brought to take its place with the valuable treasures, many of which, no doubt, were seen and handled by Agamemnon himself."

TEMPERANCE IN ONTARIO.

At a Sunday Temperance Meeting in Toronto, Mr. T. W. Handford addressed the audience on the present aspects of the question. He said that after six months' working for the cause he was convinced that Toronto was far behind the country districts in temperance sentiment. The Dunkin Act was in almost everybody's mouth, and he found men who were not at all favourable to the temperance cause, voting in its favour because they had no desire to be classed with the opposition. There is not a country in Ontario where the Dunkin Act might not be passed if the temperance people went earnestly and unitedly to work and saw that no blundering except upon the individual who indulged in it, it would be bad enough, but the evil reached everyone with whom he was connected. Mr. Handford then gave a graphic description of a visit to the Penitentiary at Kingston, and the daily life of convicts there, and asserted upon the testimony of themselves that 500 out of the 700 at present incarcerated were brought there through drink. The speaker closed his address by expressing the belief that the day was fast coming when all God's servants would rally to the conflict and crush the terrible temptation.

for the foresight which induced Mr. Cartwright to visit London last year the financial situation might at the present time be one of great embarrassment. Heavy obligations are accruing in the shape of debts, requiring to be paid off, and at this moment there is a demand for a new loan to be made it is doubtful whether it could be effected except at a most ruinous sacrifice and on terms injurious to the credit and reputation of the country. With respect to the transaction of November last it is now demonstrated beyond a doubt that the loan was the best ever made by a Canadian Minister. So far from any loss having been sustained, it is certain that it was the highest rate that could have been reasonably expected. Canadian four per cents. were selling at 90½ in June and July, 1876, or 7½ per cent less than the price offered in November following. Owing to a considerable amount of the last loan remaining on hand sales were very heavy even on these terms. The agents had rendered most valuable services in removing the stock on the market previous to Mr. Cartwright's visit the activity they displayed having temporarily increased the last quotation, a fact which has served as a test for Opposition commentators. Messrs Barings and Glynns were of course bound by every sentiment of honour to give their best advice and aid to the Minister of Finance who stood towards them in the relation of client to professional advisers, and it is a most contemptible and ridiculous slur upon the character of these eminent firms to assume that for the sake of pocketing a few thousands they would have forfeited the claim to the confidence of the Governments of half a dozen countries towards which they stand in the most confidential relations. The time was extremely critical, and a few hours after the last of the applications was closed the loan could have been bought back at a heavy discount. —Globe.

KINGSTON.

"Building operations are very active at present, and our mechanics look forward to a season of prosperity. There is great demand for first-class men, and the supply is scarcely equal to the demand."

Monday April 16.—The schooner Denmark arrived at Garden Island to-day with timber from Toronto, having made the first round trip of the season.

The Maud made her first trip to Cape Vincent and back this morning. She will run regularly now twice a day.

The Brooklyn and Prince Alfred left on Saturday night, the former for Bay City and the latter for Toledo.

BELLEVILLE.

Immense revival meetings are progressing in some of the methodist and presbyterian churches.

The body of a young man named Robillard, who was drowned through the ice in the early part of the winter, was found floating near Cew Island on last Friday afternoon.

CANADIAN.

Twenty captains of lake crafts signed the pledge at East Saginaw, Michigan, on the 21st of March. This is a commendable way to begin the season of navigation.

At Doyer, a fishing settlement, thirty miles from Halifax, Charles Cleveland shot his wife and then shot himself in the face, the upper part of his head being blown off. Family troubles relative to property caused the crime. The husband was taking a gun out of the house he said to shoot a son with whom he had a law suit. The wife endeavored to prevent him leaving, when he shot her, and loading the gun again fired a second charge into her. He then reloaded and shot himself. They leave five sons and three daughters, all married.

lia this morning.

The Minnesota Forestry Association has offered to furnish from three to five hundred thousand young forest trees and cuttings to those who have lost their crops, and are now in danger of losing their timber claims for lack of money to purchase.

Chicago, April 12.—Intense excitement prevails among the guests at the large hotels in consequence of the destruction of the Southern Hotel at St. Louis. Hotel proprietors are doing their utmost to suppress the excitement by adding the latest means of fire escape to the buildings and employing special fire patrols to guard against such accidents. One of the principal hotel owners here offers to expose any room in his hotel to ignited combustibles, in order to test the absolute security of the house against fire. The test will take place this week.

New York, April 14.—A World's St. John special reports this year's seal fishing most promising. One vessel has returned with 42,000 seals, worth \$126,000, after a twenty-six days' trip.

Kansas City, Mo., April 14.—A special from Baxter Springs says the Baxter and Joplin mail coming this way was robbed yesterday by highwaymen who presented pistols at the head of the driver and compelled him to throw off the mail bags. There were no passengers.

New York, April 14.—Armed oystermen in a tug were prepared to resist the city garbage men, who were proceeding to dump refuse near Hart's island in the sound yesterday. Another fleet of scows, with officials on board, went out to-day. Trouble is anticipated.

An English steamer leaves New Haven with 10,000,000 Winchester cartridges and 700 rifles for Turkey.

While laborers were blasting rocks in Astoria, N. Y. a boulder, weighing two hundred pounds, was blown into the air, and alighted on Wm. Dean's house, going through the roof and falling on the infant son of Dean, crushing him into an unrecognizable mass.

The steamer "Germanic," of the White Star Line, arrived at New York the 13th inst., after a passage of seven days and eleven hours.

FOREIGN.

A bill has been brought forward in the English Parliament to abolish the death penalty. Whoever is convicted of murder after the passing of the Act shall be kept in penal servitude for life, and whoever is found guilty of high treason shall, at the discretion of the court, be sentenced to penal servitude for life or for any term not less than seven years.

Four tons weight of valentines have been returned to the Dead Letter Office in London from all parts of the kingdom. This immense mass of amatory rubbish is to be worked into pulp before being sold to the paper makers.

Mr. Jonas Reiss, a banker and money-changer, in Liverpool, has poisoned himself in that city. He had sent a letter to his relatives stating that in consequence of heavy losses on the Stock Exchange he had resolved to destroy himself. He had been in business many years, and was widely known and much respected. He was a Jew.

Mr. Geo. Morley Harrison, a well-known surgeon of Manchester, went to a dentist to have a tooth extracted, and whilst under the influence of nitrous gas he suddenly died. The coroner's jury returned a verdict that "death resulted from syncope during the administration of gas for the extraction of teeth whilst suffering from fatty degeneration of the heart." Deceased was 52 years of age.

Constantinople, April 12.—A fire at Stambul on Tuesday destroyed between three hundred and five hundred houses.

We make public the astounding fact that a section of members of the Church of England have taken measures for founding what will be nothing less than a new Anglican Communion. This resolution has been come to in consequence of the action taken by the Anglican prelates, under the Public Worship Regulation Act. A brand-new Archbishop, with a very ancient title, is to be consecrated by one or more foreign prelates. Secondly, two suffragans, each with titles from old English sees, are to be consecrated simultaneously, but (as we are given to understand) independently, and are to begin their conjoined labours in England, in the High Church interest in July next. The difficulties attendant upon the consecration of the Archbishop and his suffragans (as far as regards any interference with existing jurisdictions, whether Popish or others) will be surmounted by the ingenious plan of consecrating them upon the high seas. The formularies of this new ecclesiastical body are based upon the dogmas and rites of the Latin and Greek churches. A brief "Sacramentary" has been officially drawn up containing the order for the administration of the Seven Sacraments. The manual contains instructions for the use of the chrism or prayer-oil as in the Greek and Roman Churches.

The ceremonial will be exceedingly exceedingly expressive and elaborate, and by after additions—not essential—even imposing. The three creeds of the undivided Church and of the Church of England—viz., the Apostles', the Athanasian and the Nicene—will continue to be used in the new communion. Finally, the new communion will be non-aggressive and conservative, not destructive. In addition to 12,000 beneficed parsons, there are no less than 8,000 unbeneficed clergymen to whom we suppose the new spiritual intruders will look for support. —Whitchell Review.

TEMPERANCE AMONG THE VOLUNTEERS.

PRINCE OF WALES RIFLES TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.

On January 14, 1876, a Temperance Association was organized in the Prince of Wales Rifles, with a membership of sixty, which was considered large at the time, and some thought that it would scarcely retain all its members. However, the annual report of the Society, read at its first annual meeting Monday evening in St. George's Church, showed that since that time twenty-six names had been added to the roll, making a total of eighty-six members. The aim of the promoters of the Society, headed by its popular Sergeant-Major, is to make the good old Prince of Wales Rifles a regiment of total abstainers.

Rev. Mr. Carmichael showed Monday evening that while thirty or forty years ago there was an almost universal opinion that no man could really be a good soldier unless he drank hard, this was not held to such an extent now after the success of the Red River and Abyssinian expeditions, which had plainly manifested the advantage of being total abstainers. He gave an amusing description of three "hard up" men who, just before the Red River expedition, clung to him with all the "affection of fellow-countrymen." He suggested to them that they should join the expedition, and they did so, although he never could tell how they passed the necessary examination, for he supposed they had to pass some sort of scrutiny. These men were obliged to be abstainers on the route up, and when they arrived at Red River they had improved so much as to be hardly recognizable as the same men. Sir Garnet Wolseley was not himself a total abstainer, and the testimony he bore to the benefits of total abstinence in his expeditions consequently came with more weight than from an avowed advocate of temperance principles. —Montreal Witness.

tion of Agamemnon was a scene of continual conflict, and the unhappy excavator could not even leave the dinner table without finding his custodian at his heels.

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"TIME."

"JOHN" ON HIS MUSCLE.

Wah Ling and Sam Sing, two Chinese laundrymen, were arrested for disturbing the peace on Monday. There is a war of rates between the various Celestial laundries in Toronto, five of which have been established within the last month, and Ling, whose place is on Adelaide street, visited Sing on Queen street, and urged a little vigorously that no further reduction should take place. Sing protested that he would do as he liked, and the discussion waxing warm, Ling snatched up a knife to assault Sing, who, catching the weapon by the blade, severely cut all the fingers on the right hand, and then endeavored to stab Ling, who made his escape on to the street, lightly pursued by his antagonist. The police finally appeared on the scene, and marched the two combatants to the station amid a string of good sound English and American oaths, which would have done infinite credit to any Christian.

The Sydney Exhibition.

By private letter, just received, we learn that the Sydney Exhibition Committee have agreed to keep it open a month instead of two weeks, as at first proposed, in order to allow Canadians time to show and sell their goods. The Exhibition opened on the 10th of April and will last till the 10th of May. It is stated that Canadian tweeds, boots and shoes, and fancy goods can be sold in large quantities at remunerative rates.

Defences of the River Thames are being strengthened.

LIVERPOOL, April 11.—At a meeting of the steamship conference to-day, it was resolved that from the 1st May the ship, Gun, National, and White Star lines would run steamers fortnightly instead of weekly thus withdrawing half the present fleet.

The Times publishes what it pronounces a most extraordinary address to rehbishops and Bishops of the Church of England, signed by the Dean of St. Paul's, Dean of York and others, and denouncing Parliamentary encroachment on the spiritual work of the Church.

On the 1st of May, the tariff on Atlantic cables will be increased to three shillings or more.

The American squadron in European waters has been ordered to assemble at once, preparatory to sailing to Constantinople and other Eastern ports to protect American interests.

Queen Victoria has sent from her private purse, £5 to Captain Wilson, of New Orleans, who, in 1859, saved the crew and passengers of the emigrant steamship Connaught.

A remarkable movement is now in progress in Ireland for closing all drinking places on Sunday. A petition from the city of Dublin has been sent to Parliament, a mile in length, and bearing 9,000 signatures. Meetings are frequently held to protest against the exemption of large towns from the operation of the proposed closing law. A careful house to house canvass of nineteen towns has shown that in them 100,000 persons voted Sunday closing and only 11,331 against it. The bill is likely to pass at this session of Parliament.

SPORTING NEWS.

At a numerously attended meeting on the 1st inst., a club to be called the "Toronto Hare and Hounds," was formed, which now numbers some forty members.

A Californian proposes to sail to Liverpool, by the way of Cape Horn, in a boat only twenty feet long.

The ten-ton centreboard yacht which Captain Cuthbert has just completed is to be named "John Bell, of Belleville." Work will at once be commenced on another yacht which Mr. Cuthbert intends building for himself.

The yacht *Peerless* was launched in Belleville on the 13th, at 3:30, and in about three hours her sails were bent and made ready for business.

It is said that Captain Cuthbert, of Belleville, has attached the Yacht Countess of Duferin, for last year's wages. The Countess is an unfortunate craft.

A DISAGREEABLE SORT OF A NURSE.

Recently, in England, a servant employed as a nurse in the household of a farmer was committed for trial by the magistrate at Shipston-on-Stour on three charges attempted murder of her master's children. Within six weeks this youthful domestic set the house on fire 10 times. Three times set the cradle on fire while a baby of three weeks old was reposing in it. On one of these occasions, when the unfortunate infant intrusted to her charge was frightfully burned, a live coal was found on her pillow. On another occasion she "fired" a bed in which three children were sleeping. Of course, these repeated acts of incendiarism and attempted murder kept the household in a constant fidget, but they were attributed to "supernatural agency," and the clergyman of the parish was appealed to to quell the mischievous spirit which played such vagaries. The parson, however, confessing his inability to perform this task, the Deputy Chief Constable of the district took the matter in hand, and

THE EAST.

The Athens correspondent of the *Daily News* states that the Greek Government has given orders for an army of 60,000 men, to be in readiness for active service in case of need. The feeling in Athens is intensely anti-Russian.

Rome, April 16.—Reports have reached Cardinal Simeoni from Central Russia, intimating that an international outbreak is imminent in Russian-Poland and contiguous Russian provinces. Preparations for the movement have been long going on.

VIENNA, April 16.—It is officially confirmed that Roumanian troops will oppose the passage of the Danube by the Turkish army, but will allow the Russians to cross the Pruth.

The Czar will join the army on the 24th instant.

LONDON, April 16.—A Rome correspondent represents that the Vatican is elated at the prospect of war, and ardently hopes the Russians may gain some preliminary advantages, in which case it has persuaded itself that the war would become general.

The *Standard's* special from Peath says "all journals here are agreed that it is impossible for Austria and Hungary to remain neutral in the war which impends. They unanimously argue in favour of an alliance with England against Russia. Austria and Hungary are even more interested than England in preventing the entrance of the Russians into Bulgaria."

TWENTY-TWO YEARS IN PRISON.

Here is a little story. Twenty-two years ago a young man in New Haven was engaged to marry a young woman there. For some reason she transferred her promise to marry, if not her affections, to another person. The first suitor, who was a respectable mechanic, disapproved of the match, and declared that his rival was a disreputable person who would lead his affianced a wretched life, and that while he could surrender her himself, he would rather she should die than marry that man. Accordingly, and, as he said, solely to save her from the awful fate of such a degrading marriage, he killed the girl. He did not attempt to conceal his deed; he justified it, and regarded himself as the savior of the girl's happiness. He was tried for murder and acquitted on the ground of insanity, although he stoutly denied that he was insane, and said that he had acted upon his cool conviction of what was best for the girl, and was ready to suffer the penalty of the law for the homicide. Acquitted he was remanded to the county gaol by the Court. He remained there seven or eight years, all the time protesting that he was in his right mind, and that the State should either bring him for murder or release him. He was then transferred to the State prison at Wethersfield, by what authority it does not appear, under no sentence. There he has remained until this day, in the same state of mind, apparently rational on all subjects, except that he insists that he had a right to kill the girl to save her from dishonor; and that if the State thought otherwise it should have punished him as a murderer. This is the story of Willard Clarke, who has now petitioned the Assembly to remove him from the State prison to the insane asylum at Middletown. If he is sane, he has a right to his liberty, having been once acquitted on trial for his life. So far as it appears, he has been in gaol nearly a quarter of a century without authority of law; for if there is anywhere existing a legal commitment of Clarke as a lunatic the State prison is not a legal place for the confinement of lunatics who have not been convicted of crime. It is quite time that the Assembly relieved the State of the disgrace of such slipshod proceedings.

THE LOCOMOTIVE BROTHERHOOD.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—The order for the strike of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers on the Philadelphia and Reading railway was promulgated to-day and went into effect at midnight. As the trains came in the engineers were notified of the action of the Brotherhood and all left their engines. The Company had already employed men to fill their places anticipating the decision of the Brotherhood.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16.—The strike of the Reading Railroad engineers continues. The strikers are confident that they will gain their point, while the officers of the Company say they can get all the men they need. At the Pottsville terminus the strike of engineers continues, but the men are quiet and orderly. Passenger and freight trains are running as usual, but in charge of non-union men. No coal trains started from Pottsville. No trains except those carrying mails run on the Catawissa branch.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 17.—The Reading Railway Superintendent had an interview with the Governor regarding the insurance of commissions to policemen the company may see fit to appoint for the protection of their head employees.

READING, Pa., April 17.—All old conductors, baggage masters and brakemen in this section of the Reading railway have left work. The Pine Grove and Tremont passenger train for Pottsville was abandoned by the engineer to-day. A new man at Tremont delayed the mails and passengers six hours. Very little coal was shipped to-day.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—The Reading Railway Company has resolved to establish a fifth grade of engineers and a third class of fireman who shall receive 25c. and 15c. per day higher wages, and have directed all engineers and fireman in the service of the Company and still remaining at posts to be promoted to the new grades.

George Francis Train has issued a circular announcing a lecture, and proclaiming himself the champion of the strikers. The Brotherhood has disclaimed his championship.

The agent for Train says the Brotherhood engineers have recalled the resolution discountenancing Train.

THE IMPORTANT QUESTION.

Of all loathsome diseases Catarrh stands pre-eminent. It renders its victim as disgusting to himself as to others. And the most humiliating of all is the consciousness that his presence is offensive to those around him. If any disease deserves the name of universal, it is this. Dietetic errors and the follies which Fashion imposes upon us tend to foster and disseminate it. The vituperative cry of its victims, *is there any cure for Catarrh?* there is but one answer consistent with Christian reason. God has never sent one evil into the world for which he has not sent the remedy. For the greatest of all spiritual and moral evils, the Great Physician has prescribed a potent and never-failing remedy. He has given explicit rules for the treatment and preservation of the spiritual and moral man, but He is silent in all matters relating to the physical man. It would be an unwarrantable detraction from His beneficent character to suppose that He has afflicted the greater portion of humanity with an incurable disease. The day of plagues is past. The God of Christianity is a God of Love, of Mercy. His message is "good will to all men." The earth and all contained therein was intended by the great Designer to supply man's wants; and surely he has no greater wants than remedies for his infirmities. Science is rapidly proving that the earth is fitted to supply man's utmost need. New medicinal plants are constantly being discovered and new properties developed from those already known. For

LICENSES.

THE Board of License Commissioners for the Electoral District of Lennox, will meet on Saturday the 28th day of April inst., in the County Court Judges Chambers, at the Court House in Napanee, at 7 o'clock a.m.

A. L. MORDEN, Sec., B. L. C.
Napanee April 17th 1877.

52-2in.



CUSTOMS' DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, 13th April, 1877.
Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice 6 per cent.
J. JOHNSON, Commissioner.

52-2in.

List of Music Books

NOW IN STOCK, AT

HENDERSON'S BOOKSTORE,
DUNDAS STREET, NAPANEE.

Any Book not on this list can be ordered, and be had on Short Notice.

Books mailed post free to any part of Canada, on receipt of the annexed price.

- | | |
|--|---------|
| Marr's Concertina Tutor, price | 15 cts. |
| Regondi's German Concertina Tutor, price | 15 " |
| " One Hundred Sacred Airs for the Concertina | 15 " |
| " One Hundred Melodies for the Concertina | 15 " |
| " Sacred Album for the Concertina | 15 " |
| Westrops Universal Harmonium Tutor | 15 " |
| 50 Christy's Minstrels Songs | 15 " |
| Adams 100 Scottish Airs for the Violin, price | 20 " |
| 100 Christy's Minstrels melodies for the Flute | 20 " |
| Adams 115 Dancing Tunes for the Concertina | 20 " |
| " 115 Scottish Dancing tunes for the Concertina | 20 " |
| Marr's Army and Navy tunes for the Concertina | 20 " |
| " Selection of Dance Music for the Concertina | 20 " |
| " Repository of Music for the Concertina | 20 " |
| " Christy's Minstrels tunes for the Concertina | 20 " |
| " Concertina Companion | 20 " |
| Jousse's Musical Catechism | 25 " |
| Wales Songs and Ballads arranged for the Guitar | 30 " |
| Westrops 50 selected Polkas for the Pianoforte | 30 " |
| Regondi's 200 Melodies for the Concertina | 30 " |
| Sedgwick's 200 Melodies for the English Concertina | 30 " |
| Regondi's 20 sets of Quadrilles for the Concertina | 30 " |
| 50 Christy's Minstrels Melodies for the Pianoforte | 30 " |
| 58 English and National Melodies for the Pianoforte | 30 " |
| 46 Operatic Melodies for the Pianoforte | 30 " |
| 54 Scottish Melodies for the Pianoforte | 30 " |
| 16 Moore's Irish Melodies for the Pianoforte | 30 " |
| 36 Pieces of Scottish Dance Music for the Pianoforte | 30 " |
| 32 Waltzes, Polkas & Schottisches for the Pianoforte | 30 " |
| Three & One Violin Tutor | 30 " |

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NEW MOVE AMONG THE RITUAL-ISTS.

We make public the astounding fact a section of members of the Church England have taken measures for ndering what will be nothing less than ew Anglican Communion. This nition has been come to in conse- quence of the action taken by the Ang- n prelates, under the Public Worship ulation Act. A brand-new Arch- op, with a very ancient title, is to be ecrated by one or more foreign pre- s. Secondly, two suffragans, each h titles from old English sees, are to nsecrated simultaneously, but (as we given to understand) independently, are to begin their conjointed labours England, in the High Church interest uly next. The difficulties attendant n the consecration of the Archbishop his suffragans (as far as regards any erference with existing jurisdictions, ether Popish or others) will be sur- unted by the ingenious plan of conse- crating them upon the high seas. The mularies of this new ecclesiastical yre based upon the dogmas and tes of the Latin and Greek churches. rief "Sacramentary" has been official- drawn up containing the order for the nistration of the Seven Sacraments. e manual contains instructions for the of the chrism or prayer-oil as in the eal and Roman Churches. The ceremonial will be exceedingly ex- ingly expressive and elaborate, and after additions—not essential—even posing. The three creeds of the u- nited Church and of the Church of gland—viz., the Apostles', the Athan- and the Nicene—will continue to be d in the new communion. Finally, the e communion will be nonaggressive and rservative, not destructive. In addi- n, to 12,000 benefited parsons, there e no less than 8,000 unbeneficed clerg- y to whom we suppose the new spiri- d intruders will look for support.

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seven or eight years, all the time pro- testing that he was in his right mind, and that the State should either hang him for murder or release him. He was then transferred to the State prison at Wethersfield, by what authority it does not appear, under no sentence. There he has remained until this day, in the same state of mind, apparently rational on all subjects, except that he insists that he had a right to kill the girl to save her from dishonor; and that if the State thought otherwise it should have punished him as a murderer. This is the story of Willard Clarke, who has now petitioned the Assembly to remove him from the State prison to the insane asylum at Middletown. If he is sane, he has a right to his liberty, having been once acquitted on trial for his life. So far as it ap- pears, he has been in gaol nearly a quar- ter of a century without authority of law; for if there is anywhere existing a legal commitment of Clarke as a lunatic the State prison is not a legal place for the confinement of lunatics who have not been convicted of crime. It is quite time that the Assembly relieved the State of the disgrace of such ship-shod proceed- ings.

DR. SCHLIEMANN'S DISCOVERIES.

Dr. Schliemann complains of the envy displayed by the Greek antiquaries, ex- claiming in his indignation. "They would kill me, they would kill me." The gentleman appointed by the Greek Government to direct the operations made Schliemann's life a burden to him. The tomb of Agamemnon was a scene of con- tinual conflict, and the unhappy excava- tor could not even leave the dinner table without finding his custodian at his heels. On the occasion of a dinner given lately by the Doctor to some of his intimate friends in Athens he exhibited an oil painting of what he believes to be the re- mains of Agamemnon recently exhumed at Mykenae. One of the guests writes:—"We counted his teeth, measured his proportions, and discussed the old fellow from head to toe. I should say that Agamemnon was physically well propor- tioned, and in that respect a man of parts. The skeleton itself is carefully guarded at Mykenae; it cannot be removed by ordinary means without destroying it, but it is to be hoped that some method may be devised by which it may be held together and brought to take its place with the valuable treasures, many of which, no doubt, were seen and handled by Agamemnon himself."

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"TIME."

"JOHN" ON HIS MUSCLE. Wah Ling and Sam Sing, two Chinese

Doctors, and the medicines which Fashion imposes upon us tend to foster and disseminate it. To the pitiful cry of its victims, is there any cure for Catarrh? there is but one answer consistent with Christian reason. God has never sent one evil into the world for which he has not sent the remedy. For the greatest of all spiritual and moral evils, the Great Physician has prescribed a potent and never-failing remedy. He has given ex- plicit rules for the treatment and preser- vation of the spiritual and moral man, but He is silent in all matters relating to the physical man. It would be an un- warrantable deduction from His bene- ficent character to suppose that He has afflicted the greater portion of humanity with an incurable disease. The day of plagues is past. The God of Christianity is a God of Love, of Mercy, His message is "good will to all men." The earth and all contained therein was intended by the great Designer to supply man's wants; and surely he has no greater wants than remedies for his infirmities. Science is rapidly proving that the earth is fitted to supply man's uttermost need. New medicinal plants are constantly be- ing discovered and new properties de- veloped from those already known. For Catarrh, the most potent remedy yet dis- covered is Dr. Saxe's Catarrh Remedy. Its efficacy has been tested in many thou- sand cases with uniform success. Cases that had been repeatedly pronounced in- curable, readily yielded to it. In con- firmed or obstinate cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery should be taken in connection with the use of the Catarrh Remedy. Full particulars in Pierce's Memorandum Books. They are given away by druggists.

TWO MILLION OF PRECIOUS METAL.

Mr. Wheeler, who cultivated a ranch in Diamond Valley, left a most remark- able substance with an assayer. Mr. Wheeler had tested the compound and detected the presence of the precious metals. Mr. Wacke expended the whole night in a series of experiments, apply- ing every known test to the article, and detecting the presence of iron, nickel, cadmium, lead, silver, gold, zinc, cobalt, silica, and phosphorus. A surprising feature of the case is, negative malleability and ductility. He has sent a portion of it to the San Francisco Academy of Sciences, and also to Professor Silliman, of New Haven, and in the meantime is prosecuting his researches. Professor Wacke has found that the substance will reach \$887 in silver and \$12 in gold per ton. The strangest part of the story re- mains to be told. On the morning of the 7th of January, Mr. Wheeler was almost thrown from his bed by a violent shock. Getting up and looking out of the window he observed at the foot of the mountain an immense mass glowing with a white heat and of intense brightness. Hastily dressing he approached, as near as possible, and found that the object lay just at the foot of the Diamond Mountain range, but the heat was so great that he could not go within 1,000 yards of the spot. He kept his own counsel, and made repeated attempts to get it, but did not succeed until the 14th, when it had cooled sufficiently to allow him to break off the portion brought to town. The main body will measure about 150 feet in height, eighty seven feet in width, and is 314 feet in length. These are the proportions of the body visible, and it is probable that as much more is embedded in the earth. Mr. Wheeler calculates that there are at least 2,000,000 tons in sight, and if it will work any where near the assay he will extract an immense sum from the mass.—From the *Elko, Nevada, Sentinel*.

AN EAGLE BENT ON HUMAN PREY.

A few weeks since two boys, aged re- spectively three and five years, belong- ing to a family named McKenzie, living at Green Harbour, about three miles from Lockport, were playing at the back of the house, when a party of seven or eight men, dressed in military uniforms, came to them to grow dark, and looking

"Concertina Companion	20 "	
Joussé's Musical Catechism	25 "	
Waters Songs and Ballads ar- ranged for the Guitar	30 "	
Westrop's 50 selected Polkas for the Pianoforte	30 "	
Rogued's 200 Melodies for the Concertina	30 "	
Sedgwick's 200 Melodies for the English Concertina	30 "	
Rogued's 20 sets of Quadrilles for the Concertina	30 "	
50 Christy's Minstrel's Melodies for the Pianoforte	30 "	
50 English and National Melodies for the Pianoforte	30 "	
46 Operatic Melodies for the Pianoforte	30 "	
54 Scottish Melodies for the Pianoforte	30 "	
16 Moore's Irish Melodies for the Pianoforte	30 "	
36 Pieces of Scottish Dance Music for the Pianoforte	30 "	
32 Waltzes, Polkas & Schot- tisches for the Pianoforte	30 "	
Boosey & Cos. Violin Tutor	30 "	
" " Concertina Tutor	30 "	
Winnowed Hymns	30 "	
Batemans 200 Sacred Melodies	30 "	
Gospel Hymns and Sacred songs by P. P. Bliss and Ira D. Sankey	35 "	
Gospel Hymns No. 2 (a new col- lection) by P. P. Bliss and Ira D. Sankey	35 "	
Brightest and Best	35 "	
Royal Gold	35 "	
Pavey's Diadem	35 "	
Acordenon with a Master	50 "	
Moore's Eclectic School for the Piano	50 "	
Canadian Sunday School Organ	50 "	
The Standard Singer by Philip Phillips	50 "	
The Singing Pigeon by Philip Phillips	50 "	
The Song Queen by H. R. Palmer	60 "	
The Song King by H. R. Palmer	75 "	
White's Piano with a Master	75 "	
Winners New Primer for the Guitar	75 "	
" New School for the Violin	75 "	
The Song Echo by H. S. Perkins	75 "	
Reinhardt's Instruction book for the Organ	\$1.25	
The Songs of Ireland by J. L. Malloy	1.25	
Half-Hour Method of Teaching Singing	1.65	
Hauton's Pianoforte School	2.00	
The Well-known Guest	2.50	
The Home Circle No. 1	2.50	
The Home Circle No. 2	2.50	
The Home Circle No. 3	2.50	

Richardson's New Method for the Pianoforte reduced to \$3.25.

JOHN HENDERSON, Bookseller, Grand & Block, Napanee.

REMOVED

Mrs. Jackson

Not to inform the public that she has removed from the premises formerly occupied by her, and will now be found in the rooms above

SYMINGTON'S FLOUR STORE,

and opposite Grange's Drug Store, where she is still prepared to do all kinds of hair-work, such as

SWITCHES, PUFFS, BRAIDS, CURLS, SEE

SWITCHES DYED ON SHORT NOTICE.

ALL WORK DONE SATISFACTORILY.

make public the astounding fact a section of members of the Church England have taken measures for ling what will be nothing less than Anglican Communion. This tion has been come to in conse- ce of the action taken by the Ang- prelates, under the Public Worship lation Act. A brand-new Arch- p, with a very ancient title, is to be erated by one or more foreign pre-

Secondly, two suffragans, each titles from old English sees, are to ascerated simultaneously, but are iven to understand independently, ure to begin their conjointed labours gland, in the High Church interest ly next. The difficulties attendant the consecration of the Archbishop is suffragans (as far as regards any ference with existing jurisdictions, her Popish or others) will be sur- ted by the ingenious plan of con- senting them upon the high seas. The- ularies of this new ecclesiastical are based upon the dogmas and s of the Latin and Greek churches. ief "Sacramentary" has been official- awn up containing the order for the nistration of the Seven Sacraments. manual contains instructions for the of the chrism or prayer-oil as in the e and Roman Churches. ie ceremonial will be exceedingly ex- ingly expressive and elaborate, and ter additions—not essential—even sing. The three creeds of the un- led Church and of the Church of and—viz., the Apostles', the Athana- and the Nicene—will continue to be in the new communion. Finally, the communion will be nonaggressive and erative, not destructive. In addi- to 12,000 beneficed parsons, there no less than 8,000 unbeficed clergy- to whom we suppose the new spiri- intruders will look for support.

PERANCE AMONG THE VOLUN- TEERS.
OF WALES RIFLES TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.

January 14, 1876. a Temperance ciation was organized in the Prince ales Rifles, with a membership of , which was considered large at the and some thought that it would ley retain all its members. How- the annual report of the Society, at its first annual meeting Monday ing in St. George's Church, showed since that time twenty-six names een added to the roll, making a of eighty-six members. The aim of omoters of the Society, headed by ular Sergeant-Major, is to make good old Prince of Wales Rifles a ent of total abstainers.

v. Mr. Carmichael showed Monday that while thirty or forty years here was an almost universal opin- hat no man could really be a good er unless he drank hard, this was ield to such an extent now after the ss of the Red River and Abyssinian ditions, which had plainly manifest- e advantage of being total abstain- . He gave an amusing description of "hard up" men who, just before ed River expedition, clung to him all the "affection of fellow-country- . He suggested to them that they ld join the expedition, and they did lthough he never could tell how they d the necessary examination, for he sed they had to pass some sort of tiny. These men were obliged to be ainers on the route up, and when arrived at Red River they had in- ed so much as to be hardly recogniz- as the same men. Sir Garnet Wolse- was not himself a total abstainer, and testimony he bore to the benefits of abstinence in his expeditions conse- ntly came with more weight than an avowed advocate of temperance ciples.—*Montreal Witness.*

temb of Agamemnon was a scene of con- tinual conflict, and the unhappy exca- vator could not even leave the dinner table without finding his custodian at his heels.

On the occasion of a dinner given lately by the Doctor to some of his intimate friends in Athens he exhibited an oil painting of what he believes to be the remains of Agamemnon recently exhumed at Mykenae. One of the guests writes:—"We counted his teeth, measured his proportions, and discussed the old fellow from head to toe. I should say that Agamemnon was physically well proportioned, and in that respect a man of parts. The skeleton itself is carefully guarded at Mykenae; it cannot be removed by ordinary means without destroying it, but it is to be hoped that some method may be devised by which it may be held together and brought to take its place with the valuable treasures, many of which, no doubt, were seen and handled by Agamemnon himself."

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"TIME."

"JOHN" ON HIS MUSCLE.

Wah Ling and Sam Sing, two Chinese laundrymen, were arrested for disturbing the peace on Monday. There is a war of rates between the various Celestial laundries in Toronto, five of which have been established within the last month, and Ling, whose place is on Adelaide street, visited Sing on Queen street, and urged a little vigorously that no further reduction should take place. Sing protested that he would do as he liked, and the discussion waxing warm, Ling snatched up a knife to assault Sing, who, catching the weapon by the blade, severely cut all the fingers on the right hand, and then endeavored to stab Ling, who made his escape on to the street, hotly pursued by his antagonist. The police finally appeared on the scene, and marched the two combatants to the station amid a string of good sound English and American oaths, which would have done infinite credit to any Christian.

The Sydney Exhibition.

By private letter, just received, we learn that the Sydney Exhibition Commissioners have agreed to keep it open a month instead of two weeks, as at first proposed, in order to allow Canadians time to show and sell their goods. The Exhibition opened on the 10th of April and will last till the 10th of May. It is stated that Canadian tweeds, boots and shoes, and fancy goods can be sold in large quantities at remunerative rates.

Pierce's Memorandum Books. They are given away by druggists.

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A few weeks since two boys, aged respectively three and five years, belonging to a family named McKenzie, living at Green Harbour, about three miles from Lockport, were playing at the back of the house, when suddenly it seemed to them to grow dark, and looking up they saw a tremendous eagle, with wings set and claws extended, almost in the very act of setting them into the smaller boy. The elder comprehended the danger at a glance and gave a terrific scream, which alarmed the eagle and brought the family at once to the rescue. They say, as far as they can judge, that the bird must have measured at least ten feet from tip to tip, and would have had no difficulty in lifting the boy. It was certainly a narrow escape. The same eagle, no doubt, has been discovered soaring above and about the premises Halifax (N. S.) Chronicle.

NOVEL SURGICAL OPERATION.

A very interesting and delicate operation was recently performed by several Montreal doctors upon a young man at Hochelaga. The case was one of anemia, or poverty of the blood, and the only chance of saving the man's life was by the transfusion of blood from a much healthier body. The operation was tried, two of the doctors present giving each six ounces of blood from their arms. Unfortunately, in spite of every effort the patient gradually sank, dying on Monday. This operation has been tried several times in Canada, but without success. In England and the United States success has attended the operation on several occasions. A private post mortem examination was held on Monday in the interest of medical science.

Ira D. Sankey	35 "	Brigh
Brightest and Best	35 "	
Pure Gold	35 "	
Royal Diamond	35 "	
Accordion with a Master	50 "	More
Moore's Eclectic School for the		
Piano	50 "	
Canadian Sunday School Organ	50 "	
The Standard Singer by Philip		
Phillips	50 "	F
The Singing Pigeon by Philip		1
Phillips	50 "	berial
The Song Queen by H. R. R.		of lot
Volmet	60 "	Villag
The Song King by H. R. Pamer	75 "	North
White's Piano with a Master	75 "	quart
Winners New Primer for the		centre
Guitar	75 "	are ge
New School for the Violin	75 "	large
The Song Echo by H. S. Perkins	75 "	a beau
Reinhardt's Instruction book for		tiful
the Organ	\$1.25	tages
The Songs of Ireland by J. L.		severa
Molloy	1.25	Prope
Hall's Method of Teaching		47-48
Singing	1.65	
Heaton's Piano-forte School	2.00	La
The Well-tune Guest	2.50	No
The Home Circle No. 1	2.50	
The Home Circle No. 2	2.50	
The Home Circle No. 3	2.50	

Richardson's New Method for the Piano-forte reduced to \$3.25.
JOHN HENDERSON,
Bookseller,
Grange Block, Napanea.

REMOVED

Mrs. Jackson
desires to inform the public that she has removed from the premises formerly occupied by her, and will now be found in the rooms above
SYMINGTON'S FLOUR STORE,
and opposite Grange's Drug Store, where she is still prepared to do all kinds of hair-work, such as

SWITCHES, PUFFS, BRAIDS, CURLS, SWITCHES DYED ON SHORT NOTICE.
ALL WORK DONE SATISFACTORILY.
Do not let combings all turned one way. Improvements given in the art on reasonable terms. Highest price paid for human hair.
SWITCHES FOR SALE.

LIVERY at MILL POINT.

MR. JOHN FINLAYSON is prepared to furnish the best of rigs, either single or double.
At the 'Old Commercial Hotel'
MAIN STREET.
Mill Point, Jan. 30th, 1877.

LOST.

On Saturday evening March 24th, between 2nd and 3rd streets, a sample case of pictures, the finder will offer a favor or reward at the Weekly Express Office, Napanea, or at H. Walrath's Griefs Corner.
J. T. CLARK, Agent.
Arden Ont.

SHAFTEING
Belting and
Mill Furnishings
GENERALLY SUPPLIED BY
Waterloo Engine Works Co.
BRANTFORD, ONT.
State where you saw this advertisement

LOCOMOTIVE BROTHERHOOD.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—The order of the strike of the Brotherhood of motive Engineers on the Philadelphia and Reading railway was promulgated to-day and went into effect at mid-day. As the trains came in the engine-men were notified of the action of the heretofore and all left their engines. Company had already employed men in their places anticipating the decision of the Brotherhood.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16.—The strike of the Reading Railroad engineers continues. The strikers are confident that they will gain their point, while the officials of the Company say they can get all the men they need. At the Pottsville plant the strike of engineers continues, but the men are quiet and orderly. Passenger and freight trains are running, but in charge of non-union men. Coal trains started from Pottsville. No except those carrying mails run on the Pottsville branch.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 17.—The Reading Railway Superintendent had an interview with the Governor regarding assurance of commissions to policemen company may see fit to appoint for protection of their head employees.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 17.—All old conductors, baggage masters and brakemen are section of the Reading railway left work. The Pine Grove and Pottsville passenger train for Pottsville abandoned by the engineer to-day. A woman at Tremont delayed the train and passengers six hours. Very little coal was shipped to-day.

PHILADELPHIA, April 17.—The Reading Railway Company has resolved to employ a fifth grade of engineers and a class of fireman who shall receive \$150 per day higher wages, and directed all engineers and firemen to service of the Company and still in line at posts to be promoted to the grades.

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THE IMPORTANT QUESTION.

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LICENSES.

THE Board of License Commissioners for the Electoral District of Lennox, will meet on Saturday the 28th day of April inst., in the County Court Judges Chambers, at the Court House in Napanee, at 10 o'clock a. m.

A. L. MORDEN,
Sec., B. L. C.

Napanee April 17th 1877.

52-2in.



CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, 13th April, 1877.

Authorized Discount on American Invoices until further notice 6 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,

Commissioner.

52-2in.

List of Music Books

NOW IN STOCK, AT

HENDERSON'S BOOKSTORE,
DUNDAS STREET, NAPANEE.

Any Book not on this list can be ordered, and be had on Short Notice.

Books mailed post free to any part of Canada, on receipt of the annexed price.

- | | |
|---|---------|
| Marr's Concertina Tutor, price | 15 cts. |
| Regondi's German Concertina Tutor, price | 15 " |
| " One Hundred Sacred Airs for the Concertina | 15 " |
| " One Hundred Melodies for the Concertina | 15 " |
| " Sacred Album for the Concertina | 15 " |
| Westrop's Universal Harmonium Tutor | 15 " |
| 50 Christy's Minstrel's Songs | 15 " |
| Adams 100 Scottish Airs for the Violin, price | 20 " |
| 100 Christy's Minstrel's melodies for the Flute | 20 " |
| Adams 115 Dancing Tunes for the Concertina | 20 " |
| " 115 Scottish Dancing tunes for the Concertina | 20 " |
| Marr's Army and Navy tunes for the Concertina | 20 " |
| " Selection of Dance Music for the Concertina | 20 " |
| " Repository of Music for the Concertina | 20 " |
| " Christy's Minstrel's tunes for the Concertina | 20 " |
| " Concertina Companion | 20 " |
| Jussé's Musical Catechism | 25 " |
| Waltz Songs and Ballads arranged for the Guitar | 30 " |
| Westrop's 50 selected Polkas for the Piano-forte | 30 " |
| Regondi's 200 Melodies for the Concertina | 30 " |
| Schubert's 200 Melodies for the English Concertina | 30 " |
| Regondi's 20 sets of Quadrilles for the Concertina | 30 " |
| 50 Christy's Minstrel's Melodies for the Piano-forte | 30 " |
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| 46 Operatic Melodies for the Piano-forte | 30 " |
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| 36 Pieces of Scottish Dance Music for the Piano-forte | 30 " |
| 32 Waltzes, Polkas & Schottisches for the Piano-forte | 30 " |

Public Attention

Is directed to the following Provisions of the Fishery and Game Laws in the Province of Ontario.

CLOSE SEASONS FOR FISH.

Whitefish cannot be caught from 1st November to 10th November, both days inclusive.

Salmon Trout, and Lake Trout, cannot be caught from 1st November to 10th November, both days inclusive.

Speckled Trout, Brook or River Trout, cannot be caught from 15th September to 1st May.

Bass, cannot be caught from 15th May to 15th June.

Pickrel, cannot be caught from 15th April to 15th May.

Maskinonge, cannot be caught from 15th April to 15th May.

CLOSE SEASONS FOR GAME.

Deer and Cariboo, cannot be killed from 1st December to 1st September.

Moose, cannot be killed from 1st December to 1st September.

Partridge, cannot be killed from 1st January to 1st September.

Duck, cannot be killed from 1st January to 15th August.

Woodcock, cannot be killed from 1st January to 1st July.

Snipe, cannot be killed from 1st May to 15th August.

Quail, cannot be killed from 1st January to 1st October.

All well-disposed persons are requested to afford the local Fishery Officers whatever information and assistance they can towards carrying out these provisions of the Fishery Laws.

Fishing without Licenses is prohibited. Indians are forbidden to fish or shoot illegally the same as whitemen.

Complainants will receive one-half of the fines imposed, and be paid for their cost and attendance as witnesses.

Each person guilty of violating these regulations is liable to find and costs, or in default of payment is subject to imprisonment.

No person shall, during such prohibited times, fish for, catch, kill, buy, sell, or have in possession any of the above-mentioned kind of Fish or Game.

In Quebec, Fishery Officers exercise Magisterial powers under the Game Laws.

BY ORDER.

W. F. WHITCHER,

Commissioner of Fisheries.

N. B.—Deer killed before the 1st December, cannot be legally disposed of after the 1st of January following.

Department of Marine and Fisheries, Fisheries Branch, Ottawa.

ALFRED KNIGHT,

Fishery Overseer,
Petworth.

Valuable Farm for Sale

BEING composed of west half Lot No. 17, in the 4th Concession of the Township of Richmond, containing 100 acres; 80 acres of which is cleared and in a good state of cultivation, half mile from the Village of Selby and four and a half from the Town of Napanee. Terms liberal.

For full particulars apply to Grange & Bros., Napanee. 47-2in.

Fish! Fish!! Fish!!!

RECEIVED DAILY.

Fresh and good at S. McLaughlins, also New Oranges, Lemons, Dates, &c., kept constantly on hand.

S. McLAUGHLIN.
Dundas St.



IT IS A

FACT,
THAT

PHOSFOZONE,

Is a preparation of Phosphorus which restores to the human frame the most essential elements of life, giving Energy and Vitality to the whole muscular and nervous system, strengthens the Lungs, Liver, Stomach, Heart and Kidneys. A fresh supply just received by DETLOR & SCOTT, Napanee.

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY

Incorporated 1851.

CAPITAL, \$800,000.
With power to increase to \$1,000,000.

FIRE AND MARINE.

HEAD OFFICE: Toronto, Ont.

President.
HON. JOHN McMURRICH.
Vice-President.
CHARLES MAGRATH.
Directors.

JAS. MICHIE, Esq. NOAH BARNHART, Esq.
JOHN FISKIN, Esq. ROBT. HEATY, Esq.
A. M. SMITH, Esq. WM. GOODERHAM, Esq.
BARNARD ALDAN, Managing Director
FRED'K C. LOVELL, Secretary
WM. BLIGHT, Fire Inspector.
JAMES PRINGLE, General Agent.
Marine Inspector.

Insurances effected at the lowest current rates on Buildings, Merchandise, and other property, against loss or damage by fire.

On Hull Cargo, and Freight against the perils of Inland Navigation.

On Cargo Risks with the Maritime Provinces by sail or steam.

On Cargoes by steamers to British Ports.

W. V. DETLOR,
Agent for Napanee.

TO RENT,

The dwelling known as Dr. Oronhyatkeha's.

Apply to
W. S. WILLIAMS.
Napanee March 16th, 1877. 47-11

Head Quarterns.

PURE BRED, WHITE LEGHORNS.

I am prepared to furnish Eggs, from the best prize winning strains in the country, \$2.00 per 18 eggs.

ROBERT WEBSTER,
East Street.
3-in.

FARMERS

--OF--

LENNOX & ADDINGTON,

--WE--

Diamond & Sherwood,

Being alive to your interests as well as

gent for Train says the Brother-
engineers have recalled the
on discountenancing Train.

THE IMPORTANT QUESTION.

all loathsome diseases Catarrh
pre-eminent. It renders its vic-
ligning to himself as to others.
most humiliating of all is the
ness that his presence is offen-
hose around him. If any disease
the name of universal, it is this.
errors and the follies which
imposes upon us tend to foster
seminate it. To the pitiful cry of
ms, is there any cure for Catarrh?
but one answer consistent with
reason. God has never sent
into the world for which he has
t the remedy. For the greatest
vital and moral evils, the Great
an has pre-cribed a potent and
ailing remedy. He has given ex-
des for the treatment and pres-
of the spiritual and moral man,
is silent in all matters relating to
sical man. It would be an un-
table detraction from His bene-
character to suppose that He has
l the greater portion of humanity
incurable disease. The duty of
us past. The God of Christianity
d Love, of Mercy, His message
d will to all men. The earth
contained therein was intended
great Designer to supply man's
and surely he has no greater
han remedies for his infirmities.
is rapidly proving that the earth
l to supply man's utmost need.
medicinal plants are constantly dis-
covered and new properties dis-
l from those already known. For
l, the most potent remedy yet dis-
lia Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.
acy has been tested in many cases
s with uniform success. Cases
d been repeatedly pronounced in-
r, readily yielded to it. In com-
or obstinate cases, Dr. Pierce's
Medical Discovery should be
n connection with the use of the
Remedy. Full particulars in
Memorandum Books. They are
way by druggists.

MILLION OF PRECIOUS METAL.

Wheeler, who entered a remote
nond Valley, left a most remark-
stance with an assayer. Mr.
had tested the compound and
d the presence of the precious
Mr. Wacker expended the whole
a series of experiments to apply
ry known test to the article, and
g the presence of gold, silver, lead,
lead, silver, gold, and copper,
and phosphorus. The quantity
of the ore was so small and of little
utility. He has sent a portion of
e San Francisco Academy of
s, and also to Professor Silliman.
Haven, in the meantime, find-
ing his researches, Professor
his found that the substance, worth
387 in silver and \$12 in gold per
the strangest part of the story
to be told. On the 2nd of July,
of quantity, Mr. Wheeler was
thrown from his bed by a violent
Getting up and looking out of
dow he observed at the foot of the
in an immense mass gleaming in a
eat and of intense brilliancy.
dressing he approached, and near
s, and found that the object lay
the foot of the bed, and it was
ge, but the heat was so great that
d not go within 1000 yards of it.
He kept his own counsel, and
anated attempts to get it, but
succeeded until the 14th inst., when
solved sufficiently to enable him to
ffle portion brought to market.
in body will measure about 18 1/2
height, eighty-seven feet in width,
114 feet in length. These are the
ions of the body visible, and it is
e that as much more is hidden
earth. Mr. Wheeler estimates
ere are at least 2,000,000,000 in

For the Flute	20 "
Adams 115 Dancing Tunes for the Concertina	20 "
" 115 Scottish Dancing tunes for the Concertina	20 "
Marr's Army and Navy tunes for the Concertina	20 "
" Selection of Dance Music for the Concertina	20 "
" Repository of Music for the Concertina	20 "
" Christy's Minstrels tunes for the Concertina	20 "
" Concertina Companion	20 "
J.usse's Musical Catechism	25 "
Wales Songs and Ballads arranged for the Guitar	30 "
Westrop's 50 selected Polkas for the Pianoforte	30 "
11 gowns 200 Melodies for the Concertina	30 "
Sedgwick's 200 Melodies for the English Concertina	30 "
Regondi's 20 sets of Quadrilles for the Concertina	30 "
50 Christy's Minstrels Melodies for the Pianoforte	30 "
55 English and National Melodies for the Pianoforte	30 "
46 Operatic Melodies for the Pianoforte	30 "
54 Scottish Melodies for the Pianoforte	30 "
16 Moore's Irish Melodies for the Pianoforte	30 "
36 Pieces of Scottish Dance Music for the Pianoforte	30 "
32 Waltzes, Polkas & Schottisches for the Pianoforte	30 "
Bossy & Cos. Violin Tutor	30 "
" " Concertina Tutor	30 "
Winnowed Hymns	30 "
Batemans 200 Sacred Melodies	30 "
Go pel Hymns and Sacred songs by P. P. Bliss and Ira D. Sankey	35 "
Gospel Hymns No. 2 (a new collection) by P. P. Bliss and Ira D. Sankey	35 "
Brightest and Best	35 "
Pure Gold	35 "
Royal Bazaar	35 "
Arcade with a Master	50 "
Moore's Eccletic School for the Piano	50 "
Canadian Sunday School Organ	50 "
The Standard Singer by Philip Phillips	50 "
The Singing Psalm by Philip Phillips	50 "
The Sing Queen by H. R. Palmer	60 "
The Song King by H. R. Palmer	75 "
White's Piano with a Master	75 "
Winners New Primer for the Guitar	75 "
" New School for the Violin	75 "
The Song Echo by H. S. Perkins	75 "
Reinhardt's Instruction book for the Organ	\$1.25
The Songs of Ireland by J. L. Mulloy	1.25
Hull's Method of Teaching Singing	1.65
Hunt's Pianoforte School	2.00
The Well-worn Guest	2.50
The Home Circle No. 1	2.50
The Home Circle No. 2	2.50
The Home Circle No. 3	2.50
Richardson's New Method for the Piano-forte reduced to \$3.25.	
JOHN HENDERSON,	
Bookseller,	
Grange's Block, Napanee.	

REMOVED
Mrs. Jackson
To inform the public that she has removed from the premises formerly occupied by her and will now be found in the same place.

Complainants will receive one-half of the fines imposed, and be paid for their cost and attendance as witnesses.
Each person guilty of violating these regulations is liable to find and costs, or in default of payment is subject to imprisonment.
No person shall, during such prohibited times, fish for, catch, kill, buy, sell, or have in possession any of the above-mentioned kind of Fish or Game.
In Quebec, Fishery Officers exercise Magisterial powers under the Game Laws.
BY ORDER.
W. F. WHITCHER,
Commissioner of Fisheries,
N. B.—Deer killed before the 1st December, cannot be legally disposed of after the 1st of January following.
Department of Marine and Fisheries,
Fisheries Branch, Ottawa.
ALFRED KNIGHT,
Fishery Overseer,
Petworth.

Valuable Farm for Sale
BEING composed of west half Lot No. 17, in the 4th Concession of the Township of Richmond, containing 100 acres; 80 acres of which is cleared and in a good state of cultivation, half mile from the Village of Selby and four and a half from the Town of Napanee. Terms liberal.
For full particulars apply to Grange & Bros., Napanee. 47-2in.

Farm and Town Property FOR SALE.
A NUMBER of farms in the Counties of Northumberland and Hastings, also some very valuable city property in Belleville, and both village and farming property, in and near the village of Brighton.
Apply to
J. B. BENSON,
Napanee.
March 12th, 1877. 47-4f.

FARM FOR SALE.
FARM of 175 Acres, the most desirable property in the County of Northumberland, for Sale. Being all that portion of lot No. 31 in Concession A, of the Village and Township of Brighton, lying North of the old Kingston Road, and only quarter of a mile from the P. O. and the centre of the village. Upon the premises are good brick and wooden buildings; a large orchard of young and bearing trees; a beautiful grove of pine and hardwood timber; spring creeks, and other advantages which rendered it desirable. Also several other good Farms and Village Properties for sale.
I. O. PROCTOR,
Brighton.
47-4f.

Land PLASTER
Now grinding and ready for use.
Superior Fine Ground
Land Plaster,
AT THE LOW RATE OF
\$5 per Ton, or 25 cts. per Hundred.
All orders left at the Mill, or at the Wooden Factory, for Williams' and Fisher's Water Lime, or Quick Lime, will be promptly attended to. Lime delivered when required. No Credit.
JAMES PERRY.
Napanee, March 5th, 1877. 46.

Insurances effected at the lowest current rates on Buildings, Merchandise, and other property, against loss or damage by fire.
On Hull Cargo, and Freight against the perils of Inland Navigation.
On Cargo Risks with the Maritime Provinces by sail or steam.
On C—goes by steamers to British Ports.
W. V. DETLOR,
Agent for Napanee.
TO RENT,
The dwelling known as Dr. Oronhyatekha's.
Apply to
W. S. WILLIAMS.
Napanee March 16th, 1877. 47-4f

Head Quar'ers.
PURE BRED, WHITE LEGHORNS.
I am prepared to furnish Eggs, from the best prize winning strains in the country, \$2.00 per 18 eggs.
ROBERT WEBSTER,
East Street.
3-in.

FARMERS
—OF—
LENNOX & ADDINGTON,
—WE—
Diamond & Sherwood,
Being alive to your interests as well as our own, wish to say to you we now have on hand all kinds of
SEED GRAINS.
Wheat, Best "fyfe" especially imported from the west,
Barley, Canadian No 1 Prize Centennial Medal,
Peas, Buckwheat, Rye,
Oats and Corn.
We also have on hand a quantity of No 1 Western Corn, and with the facilities for manufacturing which we possess, we can in a few minutes please the most fastidious, as to manner they wish it ground.

BRAN AND SHORTS.
We also present to your notice our
FLOUR,
OAT MEAL,
CRACKED WHEAT,
CORN MEAL,
GRAHAM FLOUR,
CRACKED CORN.
Each and every article of which stands unrivalled, and in which we intend to maintain our reputation both as to quality and price.
We ask for our goods a fair trial only, leaving it to our customers to answer any misrepresentation by our detractors, as we are assured no adverse judgement will be passed by a jury composed of the general community who have once patronized us. To them we leave our case.
—ALSO—
MESS PORK,
BACON,
LARD,
TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEEDS.
DIAMOND & SHERWOOD,
49-in.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!!
We have recently published a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical and permanent cure (with out medicine) of Nervous Debility.

Catarth Remedy. Full particulars in Pierce's Memorandum Books. They are given away by druggists.

TWO MILLION OF PRECIOUS METAL.

Mr. Wheeler, who cultivated a ranch in Diamond Valley, left a most remarkable substance with an assayer. Mr. Wheeler had tested the compound and detected the presence of the precious metals. Mr. Wacke expended the whole night in a series of experiments, applying every known test to the article, and detecting the presence of silver, nickel, cadmium, lead, silver, gold, antimony, silica, and phosphorus. It is a peculiar feature of the ore, in its malleability and ductility. He has sent a portion of it to the San Francisco Academy of Sciences, and also to Professor Silliman, of New Haven, and in the meantime is prosecuting his researches. Professor Wacke has found that the substance will reach \$387 in silver and \$12 in gold per ton. The strangest part of the story remains to be told. On the morning of the 7th of January, Mr. Wheeler was almost thrown from his bed by a violent shock. Getting up and looking out of the window he observed at the foot of the mountain an immense mass glowing with a white heat and of intense brightness. Hastily dressing he approached, as near as possible, and found that the object lay just at the foot of it. It was of a certain range, but the heat was so intense that he could not go within 1,000 yards of the spot. He kept his own counsel, and made repeated attempts to get it, but did not succeed until the 14th inst., when it had cooled sufficiently to be brought to break off the portion brought to town. The main body will measure from thirty feet in height, eighty-seven feet in width, and is 314 feet in length. These are the proportions of the body visible, and it is probable that as much more is buried in the earth. Mr. Wheeler calculates that there are at least 2,000,000 tons in sight, and if it will work any where near the assay he will extract an immense sum from the mass.—*From the Reno, Nevada, Sentinel.*

AN EAGLE BENT ON HUMAN PREY.

A few weeks since two boys, aged respectively three and five years, belonging to a family named McKenna, living at Green Harbour, about three miles from Lockport, were playing at the back of the house, when suddenly it seemed to them to grow dark, and looking up they saw a tremendous eagle, with wings set and claws extended, almost in the very act of setting them into the smaller boy. The elder comprehended the danger at a glance and gave a terrific scream, which alarmed the eagle and brought the family at once to the rescue. They say, as far as they can judge, that the bird must have measured at least ten feet from tip to tip, and would have had no difficulty in lifting the boy. It was certainly a narrow escape. The same eagle, no doubt, has been discovered soaring above and about the premises *Halifax (N. S.) Chronicle.*

NOVEL SURGICAL OPERATION.

A very interesting and delicate operation was recently performed by several Montreal doctors upon a young man at Hochelaga. The case was one of anæmia, or poverty of the blood, and the only chance of saving the man's life was by the transfusion of blood from a much healthier body. The operation was tried, two of the doctors present giving each six ounces of blood from their arms. Unfortunately, in spite of every effort the patient gradually sank, dying on Monday. This operation has been tried several times in Canada, but without success. In England and the United States success has attended the operation on several occasions. A private post mortem examination was held on Monday in the interest of medical science.

- lection) by P. P. Bliss and Ira D. Sankey 35 "
- Best and Best 35 "
- Pure Gold 35 "
- Royal Organ 35 "
- Accordion with a Master 50 "
- Moore's Belletic School for the Piano 50 "
- Canadian Sunday School Organ 50 "
- The Standard Singer by Philip Phillips 50 "
- The Singing Pilgrim by Philip Phillips 30 "
- The Sing Organ by H. R. Palmer 60 "
- The Song King by H. R. Palmer 75 "
- White's Piano with a Master 75 "
- Wimmers New Primer for the Guitar 75 "
- New School for the Violin 75 "
- The Song Echo by H. S. Perkins 75 "
- Reinhardt's Instruction book for the Organ \$1.25
- The Songs of Ireland by J. L. Malloy 1.25
- Hall's Method of Teaching Singing 1.65
- Hentons Piano-forte School 2.00
- The Welcome Guest 2.50
- The Home Circle No. 1 2.50
- The Home Circle No. 2 2.50
- The Home Circle No. 3 2.50
- Richardson's New Method for the Piano-forte reduced to \$3.25.

REMOVED

Mrs. Jackson
has to inform the public that she has removed from the premises formerly occupied by her and will now be found in the rooms above
SYMINGTON'S FLOUR STORE,
and opposite Grant's Drug Store, where she is still prepared to do all kinds of hair-work, such as

- SWITCHES,
- PUFFS,
- BRAIDS,
- CURLS,
- SWITCHES DYED ON SHORT NOTICE.

ALL WORK DONE SATISFACTORILY.
Prices of combings all turned one way. Imitations given in the art on reasonable terms. Highest price paid for human hair.

SWITCHES FOR SALE.

LIVERY at MILL POINT.

MR. JOHN FINLAYSON is prepared to furnish the best of rigs, either single or double.
At the 'Old Commercial Hotel' MAIN STREET.
Mill Point, Jan. 30th, 1877.

LOST.

On Saturday evening March 24th, between O. Selby and Griev's corners, a sample case of pictures, the finder will confer a favor or bring it to the Weekly Express Office Napanee, or at H. Warrath's Griev's Corners.
J. T. CLARK, Agent.
Arden Ont.

SHAFTING
Belting, and
Mill Furnishings
GENERAL MANAGERS
Waterous Engine Works Co.
BRANTFORD, ONT.
State where you saw this advertisement

property, in and near the village of Brighton.

Apply to
J. B. BENSON,
Napanee.
47-4f.
March 12th, 1877.

FARM FOR SAL.

FARM of 175 Acres, the most desirable property in the County of Northumberland, for Sale. Being all that portion of lot No. 31 in Concession A, of the Village and Township of Brighton, lying North of the old Kingston Road, and only quarter of a mile from the P. O. and the centre of the village. Upon the premises are good brick and wooden buildings; a large orchard of young and bearing trees; a beautiful grove of pine and hardwood timber; spring creeks, and other advantages which rendered it desirable. Also several other good Farms and Village Properties for sale.

I. O. PROCTOR,
Brighton.

Land PLASTER

Now grinding and ready for use.

Superior Fine Ground Land Plaster,

AT THE LOW RATE OF

\$5 per Ton, or 25 cts. per Hundred.

All orders left at the Mill, or at the Wood-Factory, for Williams' and Fisher's Water Lime, or Quick Lime, will be promptly attended to. Lime delivered when required. No Credit.

JAMES PERRY,
Napanee, March 5th, 1877.

T. T. T.

SEE OUR NEW STOCK OF TEAS.

NEW SEASON

1877,

GREAT STRENGTH AND RICH FLAVOR,

TRY THEM BUY THEM!!

A LARGE STOCK OF CHOICE

Family Groceries,

NEW AND FRESH, JUST TO HAND.

Briggs Block, opposite Wright & Co's.

SMITH & ANDERSON.

Oats and Corn.

We also have on hand a quantity of No 1 Western Corn, and with the facilities for manufacturing which we possess, we can in a few minutes please the most fastidious, as to manner they wish it ground.

BRAN AND SHORTS.

We also present to your notice our
FLOUR,
OAT MEAL,
CRACKED WHEAT,
CORN MEAL,
GRAHAM FLOUR,
CRACKED CORN.

Each and every article of which stands unrivalled, and in which we intend to maintain our reputation both as to quality and price.

We ask for our goods a fair trial only, leaving it to our customers to answer any misrepresentation by our detractors, as we are assured no adverse judgement will be passed by a jury composed of the general community who have once patronized us. To them we leave our case.

--ALSO--

MESS PORK,
BACON,
LARD,
TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEEDS.

DIAMOND & SHERWOOD,

49-4th.

MANHOOD:

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!!

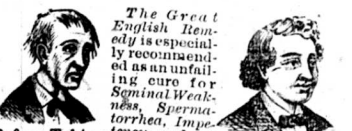
WE have recently published a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excesses.**
Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.
The celebrated author, of this admirable Essay clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequence may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

THE CULVERTWELL MEDICAL CO.,

Post Office Box, 4586. 41 Ann St., New York.

Dr. William Gray's Specific Medicine.



Before Taking, and After Taking.

follow as a sequence of Self Abuse, as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over-indulgence.
The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases. Pouchet free by mail.
The Special Medicine is sold by all Druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing.

WILLIAM GRAY & Co.,
Windsor, Ont.

GOOD ADVERTISING!

\$325.40 worth of space in various newspapers distributed through thirty states, will be sold for \$700 cash. Accurate insertions guaranteed. A list of papers giving daily and weekly circulation and printed schedule of rates, sent free on application to GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., Newspaper Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park Row, New York.

List of New Advertisements.

Millinery—Downey & Spence.
Customs Department—J. Johnson.
Special Notices—A. C. Davis & Bro.
License—A. L. Morden.
Special Notices—H. R. Spencer.
Dress Making—Downey & Spence.
Special Notices R. V. Pierce.
Head Quarters—R. Webster.

Notice to Subscribers!

A misunderstanding with some of our subscribers, has arisen in regard to the meaning conveyed by the wording of certain circulars, sent to them by Mr. T. W. Casey, late proprietor of the Express, asking for payment of arrears of subscriptions. We wish it distinctly understood, that Mr. Casey's connection with the Express, expired on the 16th day of October 1876, and all subscriptions due him, expired with that date. We hope that our subscribers will not infer from the said circulars, that we are, at this early date, pushing them for their subscriptions.

THE EXPRESS.

NAPANEE, APRIL 02th, 1877.

Fire Ladders.

These are to be all well painted. The "Big" one has been shortened 10 feet, and hewed down on all sides, to make it more manageable in future.

Grind feed and flour same day; at
CLOSED MILL.

Rain.

The refreshing rain of Wednesday night and Thursday settled the intolerable dust, and will be of great benefit to the grass, and growing crops. The farmers have been very busy taking advantage of the fine weather of the past two weeks.

Have you seen Spencer's new Spring Hats?—Stylish.

Improvements.

Pursuant to an order in council, the plank walk on the north side of East street, has been put in a thorough state of repair. Other streets are receiving the same attention.

\$20,000 worth of Damaged Goods at discount.
DAVIS & BRO.

Personal.

The Rev. A. Young, pastor of the Presbyterian church in Napanee, has been appointed one of the delegates from the Kingston Presbytery to the General Assembly.

First Boat Out.

The "Highland Beauty," 57 tons, of Toronto, owned by Capt. Richard Watters, was the first outward bound boat of the season, on Thursday the 12th inst.

Farmers save 25 per cent of their feed, by having it ground fine, at
CLOSES MILL.

Silver Leaf B. B. C.

This team holds a medal which will be taken by the club winning the best two out of three. The second match will be played in Belleville on the 24th of May.

Street Coal-Oil Lamps.

Are to be used in certain parts of Belleville which are unsupplied with gas. This method of street-lighting would give great satisfaction in other localities, where moonshine is used as an equivalent.

Have you seen Spencer's new Worsted Coatings?—Superb.

Another Narrow Escape

A small rough-cast house occupied by James Hamilton on the north side of the track opposite the Railway Station, was on fire on Wednesday morning. But was extinguished by the neighbours after burning a hole through the roof.

A Live Newspaper.

That influential and widely-circulating journal *The Globe* appeared on Monday in a new and readable dress from stereotype plates, by the Dominion Type-

Stoves and Tinware.

Mr. Henry Boyle has been appointed agent for Chown and Cunningham of Kingston. Their stoves, tinware, ploughs, &c., have long been favourably known in our market. He will in a few days be prepared to manufacture and repair tinware, milk cans, and cheese vats. Everything in and about his shop has been fitted up anew, and he has every facility for turning out excellent samples of work at prices to suit the times. Old and new friends are invited to give him a call in Wm. Miller's old stand, below the Brisco House.

The rush for Damaged Good since the fire has been great,
DAVIS & BRO.

License Commissioners Meeting.

The meeting for the District of Lennox was held in the Judges Chamber, Court House on the 14th inst. Judge Wilkison, Robt. Dennison and A. L. Morden, Esq., composing the board were present. Judge Wilkison was appointed Chairman and A. L. Morden Secretary. Accounts for service in the conviction of parties infringing on the law, to the amount of \$54.10, were allowed. A communication from Mr. M. W. Prunty, as read, asking for a license to sell wines, spirits, and ale, in the premises on John st., Napanee, but no action was taken. Next meeting on Saturday 28th inst.

We purpose selling off our whole stock, from 10 to 20 per cent, cheaper than any House in town.
DAVIS & BRO.

Foot-Ball.

On Saturday afternoon last, the first foot-ball match of the season was played in Kingston on the Military College grounds between the Military College team and a team from the city. After an exciting struggle of an hour and a half, the game was stopped, neither side having taken a goal. Nothing is more provocative of mirth—except it be the "roaring" game of curling—and none can be more easily understood, as the game progresses, than foot-ball. This is its principal advantage over cricket or baseball, in which the moves cannot be easily followed by spectators not posted in the rules. The outlay is little, and its beneficial effects recommend it to all seeking a healthful out door enjoyment. We hope Napanee will organize a club forthwith.

Our entire new stock of Millinery to select from.
DAVIS & BRO.

Hotel Keeper's Meeting—Final.

The Hotel Keepers of Napanee, Tamworth and other places in the county held a final meeting on Monday at the Tichborne House, when the following resolution was moved by Mr. H. Moore, and seconded by Mr. John Soby:—"That all the hotels and yards be closed on the 1st of May, and also that the boarders be dismissed, omnibuses to be discontinued, attending boats and trains, and that no accommodations whatever be granted at any of the hotels." The resolution was passed, all pledging themselves to strictly adhere to the same until a majority of the hotel men, after a fair trial, deemed it prudent in their interests to act otherwise. The hotel men are determined to hold out, and unless steps are taken in regard to accommodations—travellers as well as citizens will be put to a serious inconvenience. The temperance men should now prove themselves equal to the emergency, and act accordingly.

Scotch and Canadian Tweed Suits from \$12 to 20 at,
DAVIS & BRO.

Diphtheria.

The following item from an American paper will be of personal interest to many of our readers:—"The extreme prevalence of diphtheria in parts of New York city within the range of odors from the

Police Court.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

"Brickey" (alias David) Boyd rather roughly maltreated one Robin on the 11th inst. He also assaulted Albert Brooks for interfering. Mr. James fined him \$5, and \$5.20 costs—being out of funds, he was committed for 40 days.

John Windrum, our popular pound-keeper—and the terror of every stray duck on the street—was charged with using forcible means to eject Mrs. Hill—Presley, a tenant, who refused to vacate his premises, after receiving due notice. Fined by Mayor Williams \$1.00 and costs.

TOWN COUNCIL.

At the meeting on Monday night the following petitions were presented.—

From D. Hayes and others for a plank walk on the south side on Graham street, from the west side of West street to Robinson st. Third time of asking.

From P. D. Burl and others for a plank walk from the turn on the Newburgh road, to the limits of the corporation.

From T. Scott and others for a plank walk on the Kingston road from the bridge to the Newburgh road and along said road.

Mr. Cliff said he understood the Agricultural Society intended removing the fence and they should be consulted.

Mr. James said the Proprietor, Mr. Cartwright, had better be consulted, lest ground not belonging to the town be taken.

From W. S. Bennett and others for a plank walk west side of Donald street from Dundas to Mill street.

From S. W. Bartles and others for a drain on the east side of Center street, south of the river. W. Evans agreeing to pay \$10 of the cost.

From J. G. Chatterton and others for repairs on Mill street, from Richard street west. All of the above petitions were referred to the Street committee.

THE PRINGLE CASE.

The Reeve read a report regarding Mr. Pringle's communication, he being the only member who had signed it. The report stated that, in addition to the costs (\$114) already paid, Mr. Reeve's costs were about \$150, judging from the remarks of the judge who decided the appeal he did not think Mr. Pringle could recover damages, but he (Mr. Reeve) would not forgo his fees; and recommended the appointment of a special committee to ascertain upon what terms Mr. Pringle would settle and report to this council.

The following committee was then appointed, viz: Messrs. James, Miller and Geddes.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Mr. James said that the Committee had been unable to find a precedent for paying the auditors \$25 each, and were likewise at a loss to find the authority upon which \$20 each was paid last year, except the Treasurer's voucher. He moved that the account be referred back to the committee.

The West Ward Collector's Roll for 1875 had been examined, and the committee believed that of the \$279 returned as back-taxes, a good part was collectable, and they therefore recommended that it be referred back to the collector. There was a balance of \$165 43 still unpaid.

The committee had issued an order for the payment of the cost of the appeal in the Pringle case, amounting to \$114.

THE GAS LAMPS.

Mr. Miller presented the report of the Town Property Committee, stating that they had examined the street lamps and found the flame flickering, and the Ellis' burner poorer than those first used, and recommended that lighting the street lamps be discontinued for the present; they had given an order for one month's gas, \$1.50 for cleaning the Council Chamber and street lamps, renewed the issue.

UNSUITABLE EMIGRANTS.

MONTREAL YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION'S CIRCULAR TO YOUNG MEN CONTEMPLATING EMIGRATION TO CANADA.

Having experienced great difficulty our work among young men coming Great Britain seeking employment Canada as salesmen, clerks, &c., knowing that hundreds, if not thousands of such have been sadly disappointed while large numbers have totally failed their object, we desire to raise a voice to all who may contemplate coming out to Canada during the coming season. We frankly state, from actual experience that there are hundreds out of employment, all of whom are willing to work could possibly be obtained. sufferings of many have been distressing in the extreme, and, notwithstanding every effort made by our association other societies, many have been compelled to accept of menial work. Not a from actual want have sought admittance to Homes of Industry and Refuge, others have been glad to secure a night lodging in the Police Station.

As the commercial depression continues, there is every probability that coming season will find more unemployed labor than ever. We therefore strongly advise young men—clerks, salesmen,—not to think of Canada as a place offering any inducement, at least for present. This class of labor, poorly at all times (with but few exceptions, those where the parties have had a training in Canada), will absolutely not be wanted.

We would also impress upon those may decide to come in after years, as a rule, young men coming from Great Britain as clerks, &c., are not sought after. The trade of Canada is conducted on a different plan, and those trained in Canada are more valued. We would have clearly understood that our sole object in issuing this circular is to prevent young men from being disappointed, and if able to hinder much suffering and sorrow the experience of which has saddened hearts during the past two years.

We would also say that the prospect for the artisan class are not good for coming year, but agricultural laborer small farmers, whether young men with families, if they are but willing work, will find that Canada offers inducements equal to, if not surpassing, other country. Here, such persons be sure to make progress and secure comfortable homes for themselves, with most certain prospects of still greater advantages for their families.

T. JAMES CLAXTON,
President Montreal Association
D. A. BUDGE,
Secretary Montreal Association

P.S. A copy of this circular was to the Association at Toronto, Ontario but for prudential reasons they declined signing it. The following resolution adopted by their Board and officially communicated to us fully bears out statement made in this circular:—

"That while feeling the force of argument contained in your circular, the need there is of some action being taken in the matter, we are of the opinion that such action should be brought through our Government, and that issuing such a circular would be injurious to our cause and entirely outside of legitimate sphere."

The Montreal Association feels that it would be wrong to refrain from publishing this circular. Before more positive action would be taken by Government many young men may be led to take step which will be regretted for years not for a lifetime.

T. J. C., President

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S INFAMY.

Mr. George Lowery, of Haverhill Mass., is one of the few survivors of body of teamsters for the murder of

moonshine is used as an equivalent.

Have you seen Spencer's new Worsteds Coatings?—Superb.

Another Narrow Escape

A small rough-cast house occupied by James Hamilton on the north side of the track opposite the Railway Station, was on fire on Wednesday morning. But was extinguished by the neighbours after burning a hole through the roof.

A Live Newspaper.

That influential and widely-circulating journal *The Globe* appeared on Monday in a new and readable dress from stereotype plates, by the Dominion Type-Founding Co. of Montreal and Toronto. This is a long-wished-for improvement, which will be hailed with pleasure by its thousands of readers.

Our Millinery Show Rooms will be opened on or about, 20 to the 25th, under Mrs. Mills. DAVIS & BRO.

The Fishing Season.

The Fishery Department has extended the open season for pickerel in the waters of the Moira and Bay of Quinte until the 1st of May. This is in accordance with the desires of the fishermen, as the fish do not, as a rule, begin to spawn in these waters until about May 1st, and all are out of the river by the 15th.

Incendiariism.

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If your flour don't rise in ten days go to, CLOSING MILLS.

Navigation.

Is now completely open in the Bay and Lake parts. The buoys in our river have been repainted and placed in proper position by Capt. O'Flynn, under the superintendence of the Reeve and Chief Allen. This is a matter that requires special attention, and the amount received for the work—\$2—is little enough when satisfactorily performed.

Have you seen Spencer's new Scotch Tweeds?—Cheap.

Gowan's Organization.

From the Ottawa Opera House, will perform in the Town Hall to-night. Judging from appearances, this troupe is first class, and their entertainments cannot be excelled. The Company's Silver Cornet Band will make a street parade at noon, and also give a free concert in front of the Hall at 7:15. Performance commences at 8.

The Late Railway Accident.

"Mrs. John Murphy, who lives at the head of Earl street Kingston, believes that the man named Robert Delormy, who was run over on the Grand Trunk Railway, near Napanee, on Tuesday morning, was her brother Edward Delargy, who was employed at Lansdowne, as the description given in the papers corresponds with his appearance. She would be thankful to receive information on the subject."—News.

Yachting.

The pleasure-loving portion of our population will have a chance to witness some pretty close races on the water during the present season. The yachting fever has thoroughly infected our neighbors in Oswego, Rochester, and other American lake ports. In Oswego during the past winter, one steam and four sailing yachts, have been built, all finely modelled and calculated to leave us far to windward unless we look to our laurels. Of our Canadian ports, Belleville seems to be taking the lead, but Kingston, Toronto, Port Hope, Cobourg and Napanee will contribute their quota towards this most exciting and enjoyable pastime.

to protect in their interests to act otherwise. The hotel men are determined to hold out and unless steps are taken in regard to accommodations—travellers as well as citizens will be put to a serious inconvenience. The temperance men should now prove themselves equal to the emergency, and act accordingly.

Scotch and Canadian Tweed Suits from \$12 to 20 at, DAVIS & BRO.

Diphtheria.

The following item from an American paper will be of personal interest to many of our readers:—"The extreme prevalence of diphtheria in parts of New York city within the range of odors from the kerosene oil factories on Long Island, with other evidence of the same sort in Connecticut, has led to a theory that kerosene is the cause, or a cause of the disease. Dr. Wilson, a well-known physician of Meriden, adopted the theory from facts under his own observation, long before anything was said about the factory. He goes so far as to say that the simple lighting or extinguishing in the lamps of a house, will produce a visible effect upon the patient, and he always orders that the use of this oil be discontinued where he finds it in a family having a diphtheria patient. The disease, as is well known, is a new one, and it is said not to have appeared till after the discovery of petroleum."

DAVIS & BRO. get up the best clothing in town. DAVIS & BRO.

Educational Meeting.

The next meeting of the Teachers' Association of Lennox and Addington will be held in the High School, Napanee, on Friday and Saturday, 27th and 28th inst., commencing at 1 o'clock p.m. on the 27th. J. George Hodgins, Esq., L. L. D., Deputy Minister of Education, will address the Teachers on the 27th, and will deliver a lecture in the Town Hall in the evening. Subject—"The Educational Features of the Centennial." Competent instructors will be secured to treat subjects of special importance to Teachers, and as this is expected to be a meeting of far more than ordinary interest and importance, it is hoped that every Teacher in the County will be present. On the authority of the Hon. the Minister of Education, Friday, 27th, is granted to Teachers of the County, so that no School will suffer any pecuniary loss by being closed on that day. Accommodation will be provided for all Teachers who notify the Secretary, Wm. Tilley, on or before the 24th inst.

We are repairing up our store, and will sell the whole stock regardless of cost. DAVIS & BRO.

Juvenile Temple Concert.

This entertainment under the management of Mr. H. V. Fradick, last Friday night, was a great success in every respect. Nothing pleases the youngsters so much, as an opportunity to display their respective talents in public, and receive the well merited applause of their friends and relatives. The opening was an instrumental duet, by the Misses Libbie and Maggie Conger. A dialogue by A. Shorey, Fred Pringle and Harry Ashton, entitled "Hard Case." A song "Jubilee of Temperance," by all the children, a reading by Miss Frank Ashton. Prof. J. Kelly, with his Irish bag-pipe, gave some choice selections of popular airs. Including some soul-stirring strains from his native hills, and judging from the repeated encores—they were thoroughly appreciated by the immense delegation of Irish men present. Misses Sophie Woods and Minnie Rooney sang "Mill May," received with great applause. A dialogue "Aunt Polly's Lesson," by Misses Tilda Waller, Dollie McLiver, Ida Ashton and Emma Carnell, was capital. "The Seaside master abroad," by Masters W. Thompson, H. Clark, Myron Mills, N. Shorey, H. Ashton, F. Batting and F. Pringle. Miss Sophie Woods and Nellie Williams played an instrumental duet. Master Henry Clark sang "Till be a great man by and by." A dialogue by Masters Blakely and

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Mr. Miller presented the report of the Town Property Committee, stating that they had examined the street lamps and found the flame flickering, and the Ellis' burner poorer than those first used, and recommending that lighting the street lamps be discontinued for the present; they had given an order for one month's gas, \$1.50 for cleaning the Council Chamber and street lamps, renewed the insurance on the Engine and Engine house for \$2,000 in the Northern, and \$2,000 in the Scottish Imperial each at 1 per cent. and received the payment of T. H. Waller's account less two dollars. Part of the report was adopted, and that relating to the street lamps was referred back with instructions to confer with the Gas Company and have it arranged.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. Roe introduced a by-law which was passed through its several stages, appointing J. Windrum, pound-keeper; C. B. Perry, Fence viewer, East ward; A. Fraser, do, Center ward and P. Bogart, do, West ward.

The Council then adjourned.

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There are several candidates spoken of for the position. The French candidate is Cardinal Bonaparte. Germany has two—Archbishop Leochoewski and Cardinal Hohenlohe; England presents Cardinal Alcock. Besides there are numerous other candidates. There is every probability that an Italian will be chosen, as has been the case several centuries. The question is then whether he will be confirmed by Germany, Spain and Austria. It is feared that a man will not be found agreeable to all parties, in which event the gravest of diplomatic complications are threatened.

THE "MOLLY MAGUIRES."

DEFOUNDED BY THE HIBERNIAN.

At New York, April 3, the Convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, before adjournment, appointed a National Directory of eight members, to act with the national officers in the management of the affairs of the Order. Everything objectionable to the hierarchy of the Catholic Church was eliminated from the constitution and obligations of the Order. The total number of members in the Order is 472,078 and the number of delegates present, 152, representing 26 States. The Directory held a meeting to-day and issued.

AN ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

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T. J. C., President.

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S INFAMY.

Mr. George Lowery, of Haverhill Mass., is one of the few survivors of the body of teamsters for the murder of whom while under Mormon escort, Brigham Young is alleged to have issued an order on the 19th of April, 1858. Mr. Lowery is very positive that the order had reference to the party of which he was one and not to the party so brutally murdered at Mountain Meadows the September previous. The survivor states that he was a teamster in General Johnston's expedition against Utah in 1857. He and eight other teamsters separated from the command and started for California. They got lost in the mountains, wandering about for a month, finally coming out in Molada Valley, where they were captured by a Mormon sergeant and taken to Box Elder city. From thence they were taken to Salt Lake City. At that point a party of forty-two teamsters were gathered, who wanted to go to California, and Colonel Lee, then in command there, gave permission for their departure, turning them over to Captain Smith, with an escort of seventy-two men, proposing to accompany them to Castle Rocks, a distance of 150 miles. Before starting they accidentally heard of the order from Young for their massacre at a point 100 miles away, but concluded to arm themselves and take the risk. They purchased guns and ammunition of apostate Mormons, the guns being taken apart and secreted with their ammunition in sacks of flour, constituting part of their supplies. The party of forty-two were only allowed to take one double-barrelled gun and a revolver. The teamsters and their escort had separated camps, and at the end of the first day's march, on entering camp for the night, the teamsters prepared their guns and were ready by morning to give 12 shots without reloading. In the morning the Mormons were astonished to find an armed party in charge, but moved on in another day's march, which took them 150 miles away. On the morning of the second day the Mormons announce their determination to leave the party there instead of accompanying them to Castle Rocks, and did so, returning to Salt Lake City. Had the teamsters been unarmed they would doubtless have been slaughtered in obedience to Brigham Young's order. They proceeded in safety, reaching California June, 1858.—N. Y. Herald.

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One of the youngest travellers on record reached Liverpool lately in the City of Richmond. The person in question is an orphan named Maggie Wood who by her father's and mother's death was left at the age of four years an orphan in Chicago. Her only relation in the world is an aunt living at Stockport. This aunt, desiring the presence of the little one in England, communicated with the United States Consul in Manchester who wrote to friends in Chicago. A kind assistance there she was equipped for the voyage and placed in the hands of a guard of a railway train, under whose care she made a railway journey of 1,000 miles to New York. In that city she was received by strangers, who entertained her, and on March 3rd placed her, supplied with tops and amusements, on the City of Richmond, in the care of Captain Leitch and the stewardess. In due course she was landed from the steam and turned over to her aunt. At the age of four and a half years she has travelled over 4,500 miles without seeing a familiar face during the entire journey.

STEAM ON CANALS.

Mrs. Mills, DAVIS & BRO.

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A Farce.

"Candour compels us to acknowledge that the Dunkin by-law in force in Ernestown is more of a moral farce than moral force. An informant, who is neither what the world calls a drinking man nor a regular traveller on the road, was on Saturday met with a proffer of the forbidden liquors in several taverns at which he called en route on business. The machinery of the law is at fault somewhere, and deeply so.—Whig. That's nothing—"Strawberry" is the only liquid offered in forbidden districts, it is non-intoxicating, and only taken medicinally. However, if this "farce" continues we'll all go over there the first of May.

\$2,000 worth of Clothing, \$2,000 worth of Carpets, 14,000 worth of Damaged Goods, all damaged by fire and smoke for sale at, DAVIS & BRO.

from facts under his own observation, long before anything was said about the factory. He goes so far as to say that the simple lighting or extinguishing in the lamps of a house, will produce a visible effect upon the patient, and he always orders that the use of this oil be discontinued where he finds it in a faintly having a diphtheria patient. The disease, as is well known, is a new one, and it is said not to have appeared till after the discovery of petroleum."

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We expect all past due accounts to be settled up. DAVIS & BRO.

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THE "MOLLY MAGUIRES."

DEMOUNED BY THE HIBERNIANS.

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AN ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

of the United States, declaring that the Order has no connection with the famous "Mollie Maguires" of Pennsylvania, styling them a terrible band of misguided men, that has committed crimes in Pennsylvania. That the States officers had made a searching investigation into the matter and found that there was no connection between the A. O. H. and the Mollie Maguires, and that the officers had cut off all connection with the former organization in the counties of Schuylkill, Columbia, Carbon and Northumberland; that they had removed all objectionable clauses in their Constitution, which conflicted with their holy church; and that their object was to unite their race and creed for benevolent purposes, and to this end they desired the encouragement of ministers of their holy religion.

and not to the party so brutally murdered at Mountain Meadow the September previous. The survivor states that he was a teamster in General Johnston's expedition against Utah in 1857. He and eight other teamsters separated from that command and started for California. They got lost in the mountains, wandering about for a month, finally coming out into Molada Valley, where they were captured by a Mormon sergeant and taken to Box Elder city. From thence they were taken to Salt Lake City. At that point a party of forty-two teamsters were gathered, who wanted to go to California, and Colonel Lee, then in command there, gave permission for their departure, turning them over to Captain Smith, with an escort of seventy-two men, proposing to accompany them to Castle Rocks, a distance of 150 miles. Before starting they accidentally heard of the order from Young for their massacre at a point 100 miles away, but concluded to arm themselves and take the risk. They purchased guns and ammunition of apostate Mormons, the guns being taken apart and secreted with their ammunition in sacks of flour, constituting part of their supplies. The party of forty-two were only allowed to take one double-barrelled gun and a revolver. The teamsters and their escort had separated camps, and at the end of the first day's march, on entering camp for the night, the teamsters prepared their guns and were ready by morning to give 121 shots without reloading. In the morning the Mormons were astonished to find an armed party in charge, but moved on in another day's march, which took them fifty miles away. On the morning of the third day the Mormons announce their determination to leave the party there, instead of accompanying them to Castle Rocks, and did so, returning to Salt Lake City. Had the teamsters been unarmed they would doubtless have been slaughtered in obedience to Brigham Young's order. They proceeded in safety, reaching California June, 1858.—N. Y. Herald.

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STEAM ON CANALS.

Almost the only steam canal boat in use on New York canals last season was the Rapid, a new boat with improved wheel and other devices, which was put on toward the latter part of the season and which is represented to have demonstrated greater speed; combined with larger carrying capacity and more economy in running expenses, than any of its predecessors. There is some talk of forming a company to place a line of these steamers on the Erie Canal. It is proposed to run with each steam barge as consort to be pushed ahead of the steamer instead of towed astern in the usual manner, the carrying capacity of the two to be 15,600 bushels of wheat. On account of the stringency of the time and the misfortunes of the Baxter line of steamers, capitalists do not look upon the enterprise with great favour.

Police Court.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

"Brickey" (alias. David) Boyd rather roughly maltreated one Robin on the 11th inst. He also assaulted Albert Brooks for interfering. Mr. James fined him \$5, and \$5.20 costs—being out of funds, he was committed for 40 days.

John Windrum, our popular pound-keeper—and the terror of every stray duck on the street—was charged with using forcible means to eject. Mrs. Hill—Presley, a tenant, who refused to vacate his premises, after receiving due notice. Fined by Mayor Williams \$1.00 and costs.

TOWN COUNCIL.

At the meeting on Monday night the following petitions were presented.—

From D. Hayes and others for a plank walk on the south side of Graham street, from the west side of West street to Robinson st. Third time of asking.

From P. D. Burl and others for a plank walk from the turn on the Newburgh road, to the limits of the corporation.

From T. Scott and others for a plank walk on the Kingston road from the bridge to the Newburgh road and along said road.

Mr. Cliff said he understood the Agricultural Society intended removing the fence and they should be consulted.

Mr. James said the Proprietor, Mr. Cartwright, had better be consulted, lest ground not belonging to the town be taken.

From W. S. Bennett and others for a plank walk west side of Donald street from Dundas to Mill street.

From S. W. Bartles and others for a drain on the east side of Center street, south of the river. W. Everts agreeing to pay \$10 of the cost.

From J. G. Chatterson and others for repairs on Mill street, from Richard street west. All of the above petitions were referred to the Street Committee.

THE PRINGLE CASE.

The Reeve read a report regarding Mr. Pringle's communication, he being the only member who had signed it. The report stated that, in addition to the costs (\$114) already paid, Mr. Reeve's costs were about \$150, judging from the remarks of the judge who decided the appeal he did not think Mr. Pringle could recover damages, but he (Mr. Reeve) would not forgo his fees; and recommended the appointment of a special committee to ascertain upon what terms Mr. Pringle would settle and report to this council.

The following committee was then appointed, viz.: Messrs. James, Miller and Geddes.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Mr. James said that the Committee had been unable to find a precedent for paying the auditors \$25 each, and were likewise at a loss to find the authority upon which \$20 each was paid last year, except the Treasurer's voucher. He moved that the account be referred back to the committee.

The West Ward Collector's Roll for 1875 had been examined, and the committee believed that of the \$279 returned as back-taxes, a good part was collectable, and they therefore recommended that it be returned back to the collector. There was a balance of \$165.43 still unpaid.

The committee had issued an order for the payment of the cost of the appeal in the Pringle case, amounting to \$114.

THE GAS LAMPS.

Mr. Miller presented the report of the Town Property Committee, stating that they had examined the street lamps and found the flame flickering, and the Ellis' burner poorer than those first used, and recommending that lighting the street lamps be discontinued for the present; they had given an order for one month's gas, \$1.50 for cleaning the Council Chamber and street lamps, renewed the insur-

UNSUITABLE EMIGRANTS.

MONTREAL YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION'S CIRCULAR TO YOUNG MEN CONTEMPLATING EMIGRATION TO CANADA.

Having experienced great difficulties in our work among young men coming from Great Britain seeking employment in Canada as salesmen, clerks, &c., and knowing that hundreds, if not thousands, of such have been sadly disappointed, while large numbers have totally failed in their object, we desire to raise a warning voice to all who may contemplate coming out to Canada during the coming season. We frankly state, from actual experience, that there are hundreds out of employment, all of whom are willing to work if work could possibly be obtained. The sufferings of many have been distressing in the extreme, and, notwithstanding every effort made by our associations and other societies, many have been compelled to accept of menial work. Not a few from actual want have sought admittance to Homes of Industry and Refuge, while others have been glad to secure a night's lodging in the Police Station.

As the commercial depression continues, there is every probability that the coming season will find more unemployed labor than ever. We therefore strongly advise young men—clerks, salesmen, &c.—not to think of Canada as a place offering any inducement, at least for the present. This class of labor, poorly paid at all times (with but few exceptions, and those where the parties have had a training in Canada), will absolutely not be wanted.

We would also impress upon those who may decide to come in after years, that, as a rule, young men coming from Great Britain as clerks, &c., are not sought after. The trade of Canada is conducted on a different plan, and those trained in Canada are more valued. We would have it clearly understood that our sole object in issuing this circular is to prevent young men from being disappointed, and if possible to hinder much suffering and sorrow, the experience of which has saddened our hearts during the past two years.

We would also say that the prospects for the artisan class are not good for the coming year, but agricultural laborers or small farmers, whether young men or with families, if they are but willing to work, will find that Canada offers inducements equal to, if not surpassing, any other country. Here, such persons will be sure to make progress and secure comfortable homes for themselves, with almost certain prospects of still greater advantages for their families.

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P.S. A copy of this circular was sent to the Association at Toronto, Ontario, but for prudential reasons they declined signing it. The following resolution adopted by their Board and officially communicated to us fully bears out the statement made in this circular:—

"That while feeling the force of the argument contained in your circular, and the need there is of some action being taken in the matter, we are of the opinion that such action should be brought about through our Government, and that our issuing such a circular would be injurious to our cause and entirely outside of our legitimate sphere."

The Montreal Association feels that it would be wrong to refrain from publishing this circular. Before more positive action would be taken by Government many young men may be led to take a step which will be regretted for years, if not for a lifetime.

T. J. C., President.

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S INFAMY.

Mr. George Lowery, of Haverhill, Mass., is one of the few survivors of the body of teamsters for the murder of whom

IMPORTANT SHIPMENT OF CANADIAN CATTLE AND HORSES.

Says the Turf and Field, of New York:—The steamer Othello, of the Wilson Line, will leave this port to-morrow for Southampton, England, with an important shipment of live stock—important from its being exclusively a Canadian enterprise, and as developing the fact that the Blue Grass lands of Kentucky and Tennessee, and the rich rolling prairies of the West are not destined to monopolize the foreign trade hereafter, at least in beef cattle. The shipment in question is made by the Messrs. Spears Brothers, of Guelph, Ontario, Canada, and consists of nineteen head of beef cattle and twenty-four head of horses. The former is worthy of special mention, not only on account of the superiority and weight of the animals, but as being the product of the Canadian Dominion. The 19 head are all grade cattle, principally from Durham stock, a small proportion being crossed upon Devon and Ayrshire stock, and the native cattle of the Dominion. They are all steers, and will average about 2,200 lbs. Two of the lot weigh together over 5,000 pounds. The same paper thinks the above stock will compete, on equal grounds, with any raised in the States.

Foreign Meat-Trade.

The N. Y. Graphic sums up the following changes as likely to follow upon the institution of the meat trade in England:—1. The meat consumed in the North Atlantic States will, in the not distant future, be killed and dressed in Illinois, Missouri, Kentucky, Texas, and the other great grazing States and territories of the Union. 2. Our meat exports are destined to become enormous; but the meat sent abroad as well as that sold on the Atlantic slope, will be killed and dressed in the West, and will be forwarded by refrigerator cars and refrigerator ships to its destination. 3. The whole business of selling, killing, and preparing beef and pork for market will be transferred to the West, and the occupation of cattle dealers, pork and beef packers and commission merchants in the Eastern and Middle States will be reduced to a minimum. 4. The value of grazing lands in the West will be greatly enhanced, and local abattoirs and packing houses will be established on the lines of the principal railroads. 5. What the East will lose in the handling of cattle and the preparing and packing of meat, will be gained by the West in the enhanced value of land and of cattle where they are grown.

A GOOD-NATURED STRANGER.

The following story is told of an adventure which lately befell Mr. W. J. Florence, the celebrated comedian, who is to make his first appearance at the Grand Opera House this week. Mr. Florence dined at a New York restaurant the other day, and when the time came to pay the shot, found that he had forgotten his purse. A little embarrassment ensued, the waiter not knowing the customer. A gentleman who was present interposed, politely said "Pray, allow me," handed the official a \$50 bill, took the change, and the obliger and obliged left the place together. Before parting Mr. Florence thanked his unknown friend, and handing him his card said he would take care to return the cash at once. "Oh, no," said the other, "the obligation is all the other way. The bill was a counterfeit, which I was tremendously glad to get rid of, and you gave me the chance. Adieu." Mr. Florence, amazed, gazed into a space, for with a pleasant smile the "gentleman" had gone, and the place thereof knew him no more.

HURRYING TO THE STORE.

During the last dull season a well-

THE TOMB.

MATHESON—On the 13th April, of diphtheria, David youngest child of R. Matheson, Esq., B. A., Head Master of the High School aged 2 years and 6 days.
HAYES—At Napanee, on the 16th inst., Mrs. Rachel Hayes, aged 84 years, 4 months, 5 days.
LOTT—At Napanee Mills, on the 14th inst., Mrs. Rachel Lott, aged 77 years, and 3 months.

NAPANEE MARKETS.

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Friday, April 20th, '77.

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Peas—70c. to 72c.
Buckwheat—75c. to 80c.
Wheat Flour—\$3.00 to \$3.40 retail.
Hay—\$11.00 to \$12.00 per ton.
Hides—\$3.00 to \$5.00.
Onions—80c. to \$1.00 per bushel.
Butter—23c. to 25c. per lb.
Eggs—10c. to 12c. per dozen.
Lamb and Pelts—\$1.00 to \$1.25.
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Potatoes—\$1.00 to \$1.20 per bag.
Chickens—30c. to 40c. per pair.
Geese—50c. to 60c. each.
Ducks—40c. to 50c. per brace.
Turkeys—50c. to \$1.00 each.
Wood hard—\$2.50 to \$3.00 per cord.
" soft—\$1.50 to \$2.00 " "
Beef per cwt.—\$5.00 to \$7.00.
Pork " "—\$7.00 to \$7.50.
Lard " "—13c. to 15c.
Calf skins 8c. per lb. rough.
" " " " 10c. " " trimmed.
Straw—\$3.00 to \$1.00 per load.
Clover Seed—\$7 per bushel.
Timothy Seed—\$2.00 to 2.60 per bush.
Tallow—7c. to 8c. per lb.
Oatmeal—\$1.00 per cwt. retail.
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MILL

DOWNEY &

HAVE A LARGE, CHEAP,

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SOMETHING NEW AND FRES

All Orders Executed with

DRESS M

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MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. Roe introduced a by-law which was passed through its several stages, appointing J. Windrum, pound-keeper; C. B. Perry, fence viewer, East ward; A. Fraser, do, Center ward and P. Bogart, do, West ward.

The Council then adjourned.

ST. PETER'S SUCCESSOR.

The death of Pio Nono may be expected any day. He is now past the first half of his ninth decade, and was he a man of the simplest habits and the most vigorous vitality he could hardly expect to live much longer in the ordinary course of nature. Though His Holiness has been shorn of all his temporal power and through his influence over the minds and consciences of men has been greatly diminished with the extension of education, yet the subject of his succession to the throne is far from being a matter of indifference to several of the powers of Europe. Spain, Italy, France, Germany, and Austria all feel the liveliest interest in the succession, and all would play cross-purposes, if they intrigue in the matter at all Spain would, if she could, place a legitimized reactionary or Ultramontano on the throne. France would have Cardinal Bonaparte elected, and French ideas control the Papal administration. Germany is hostile to any one closely identified with the infallibility dogma. Austria has indicated the kind of a Pope she wants and she will refuse to ratify the election, if her wishes are not regarded, while Italy, of course, wants a man who will recognize, and somewhat in accord with the present school of Italian politics.

There are several candidates spoken of for the position. The French candidate is Cardinal Bonaparte. Germany has two — Archbishop Liebovski and Cardinal Hefele; England presents

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BRIGHAM YOUNG'S INFAMY.

Mr. George Lowery, of Haverhill, Mass., is one of the few survivors of the body of teamsters for the murder of whom while under Mormon escort, Brigham Young is alleged to have issued an order on the 19th of April, 1858. Mr. Lowery is very positive that the order had reference to the party of which he was one, and not to the party so brutally murdered at Mountain Meadow the September previous. The survivor states that he was a teamster in General Johnston's expedition against Utah in 1857. He and eight other teamsters separated from that command and started for California. They got lost in the mountains, wandering about for a month, finally coming out into Molada Valley, where they were captured by a Mormon sergeant and taken to Box Elder city. From thence they were taken to Salt Lake City. At that point a party of forty-two teamsters were gathered, who wanted to go to California, and Colonel Lee, then in command there, gave permission for their departure, turning them over to Captain Smith, with an escort of seventy-two men, proposing to accompany them to Castle Rocks, a distance of 150 miles. Before starting they accidentally heard of the order from Young for their massacre at a point 100 miles away, but concluded to arm themselves and take the risk. They purchased guns and ammunition of apostate Mormons, the guns being taken apart and secreted with their ammunition in sacks of flour, constituting part of their supplies. The party of forty-two were only allowed to take one double-barrelled gun and a revolver. The teamsters and their escort had separated camps, and at the end of the first day's march, on entering camp for the night, the teamsters prepared their guns and were ready by morning to give 121 shots without reloading. In the morning the Mormons were astonished to find an armed party in charge, but moved on in another day's march, which took them fifty miles away. On the morning of the third day the Mormons announce their determination to leave the party there, instead of accompanying them to Castle Rocks, and did so, returning to Salt Lake City. Had the teamsters been unarmed they would doubtless have been slaughtered in obedience to Brigham Young's order. They proceeded in safety, reaching California June, 1858.—N. Y. Herald

A YOUTHFUL TRAVELLER.

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HURRYING TO THE STORE.

During the last dull season a well-known King street (Toronto) merchant was discovered taking giant steps in the direction of his place of business at 7 o'clock in the morning. A rival tradesman, who was well assured that large sales was not the motive that induced this rapid transit, hailed the swift "commercial traveller," and interviewed him as follows:

"What's broke loose, Charlie? Where are you going in such a hurry?"

"I'm going to the store."

"Trade must be active with you!"

"It's not the trade that has called me out."

"It's not a woman, is it?"

"No; of course not. But I'll explain the thing to you to keep down your internal suspicions. There are three partners in our store, and we have only two chairs. The last man that comes in the morning has to stand up all day. It is very important for me to get to the store early this morning—good day."

And Charley "lit out" like a reporter for a newspaper en route for a fire.

A ROYAL DOG FIGHT.

The king of Denmark, when returning in Copenhagen the other day, from his usual daily walk, accompanied by a little white rat terrier, passed by the Butchers' Market, a place nearly in the centre of the town, where some two hundred butchers have their shops. Suddenly a large mastiff attacked the terrier, which, naturally enough, the King attempted to chase away by beating him about the head with his walking stick. The owner of the mastiff, however, not recognizing the King, and being a very violent person rushed out and began to abuse his Majesty, using the most choice language in his vocabulary, finally threatening to use even stronger measures. Fortunately a police constable happened to pass who recognized the King, and explained to the butcher who the owner of the dog was.

"BULLS AND BEARS."

A party of Wall street, New York, speculators came to Montreal two weeks ago, and "beared" Bank of Montreal stock, laying with \$10,000 profit. They came back again and commenced to

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The Council then adjourned.

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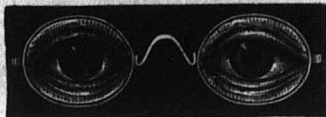
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SEE ! LOOK ! BEHOLD !



A NEW SIGHT HAS COME TO TOWN

IT IS PATENTED EYE-SIGHT !

F. W. SMITH,

IS THE HAPPY POSSESSOR.]

He will provide all who desire it at reasonable rates. Call and look at

JOHNSTON & CONRATH'S

Economical Spectacles,

EASY-FITTING.

Eye-Glasses and Superior Eye Tryer.

This firm has appointed me sole agent of their goods in this vicinity.

F. W. SMITH,

Napanee.

Optician and Jeweler.

No-47

M I L L I N E R Y .

DOWNEY & SPENCE,

HAVE A LARGE, CHEAP, AND WELL ASSORTED

Stock of Millinery.

SOMETHING NEW AND FRESH ARRIVING EVERY DAY.

All Orders Executed with Promptness and Taste.

MISS PHALEN,

MILLINER.

DRESS MAKING

JOB

PRINTING !

THE JOBBING DEPARTMENT

—OF THE—

NAPANEE EXPRESS

IS EXCELLED BY

No Office In The Dominion,

ITS OUTFIT INCLUDES A

LARGE STOCK

OF THE

Very Latest Styles Of New Type,

And every Facility exists for turning out

JOB PRINTING

IN THE

of cattle and the preparing of meat, will be gained by the enhanced value of land where they are grown.

D-NATURED STRANGER.

A wing story is told of an adventure which befell Mr. W. J. Florence, celebrated comedian, who is to make his first appearance at the Grand Theatre this week. Mr. Florence, New York restaurant the other day when the time came to pay the bill that he had forgotten his little embarrassment ensued, not knowing the customer. A man who was present interposed, and said "Pray, allow me," handed a \$50 bill, took the change, and obliged left the place. Before parting Mr. Florence's unknown friend, and hand-card said he would take care to cash at once. "Oh, no," he said, "the obligation is all the other way." The bill was a counterfeit, and he was tremendously glad to get rid of it. He gave me the chance. Adieu." He was amazed, gazed into space, and then a pleasant smile the "gentleman" and the place thereof knew him.

GOING TO THE STORE.

the last dull season a well-known street (Toronto) merchant had been taking giant steps in the of his place of business at 7 in the morning. A rival tradesman was well assured that large not the motive that induced him to raise it. He hailed the swift "con- veller," and interviewed him.

broke loose, Charlie? Where was he in such a hurry?" "Going to the store." "Must be active with you!" "The trade that has called me

woman, is it." "Of course not. But I'll explain to you to keep down: your incisions. There are three part-store, and we have only two the last man that comes in the store to stand up all day. It is tant for me to get to the store morning—good day." "He'll play 'lit out' like a reporter paper en route for a fire."

ROYAL DOG FIGHT.

of Denmark, when returning on the other day, from his walk, accompanied by a little terrier, passed by the Butchers' place nearly in the centre of where some two hundred live their shops. Suddenly a dog attacked the terrier, which, though, the King attempted to by beating him about the his walking stick. The owner, however, not recognizing and being a very violent person and began to abuse his sing the most choice language bulary, finally threatening to stronger measures. Fortunately a stable happened to pass who the King, and explained to who the owner of the dog

MULLS AND BEARS.

of Wall street, New York, came to Montreal two weeks "beared" Bank of Montreal ing with \$10,000 profit. They again and commenced to out were discovered on Friday, lost all they made. A further argu has been made on them. lians were too smart for them.

CITY! THOMAS' EXCELSIOR OIL!—WORTH TEN TIMES ITS

Stock of Millinery.

SOMETHING NEW AND FRESH ARRIVING EVERY DAY.

All Orders Executed with Promptness and Taste.

MISS PHALEN,

MILLINER.

DRESS MAKING

MISS ALLISON,

DRESS MAKER.

—AT—

DOWNEY & SPENCE'S,

IS PREPARED TO EXECUTE ORDERS FOR

MANTLES AND DRESSES,

ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.

DOWNEY & SPENCE SPRING OPENING!

SLAVEN & IRONSIDE,

OPENED THEIR

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IN THE

BEST STYLE

OF THE ART.

LAW WORK A SPECIALITY.

Assessment Blanks,
Auction Bills,
Articles of Agreement,
Briefs,
Bill Heads,
Ball Programmes,
Bills of Fare,
Circulars,
Chancery Bills,
Cards,
Catalogues,
Debentures,

Dodgers,
Date Lines,
Envelopes,
Exhibition Bills,
Funeral Circulars,
Financial Reports,
Headings,
Horse Bills,
Indentures,
Invitations

Letter Headings,
Law Forms,
Lawyers' Briefs,
Labels,
Monthly Statements,
Mourning Cards,
Municipal Forms,
Note Headings,
Notarial Circulars.

Obituary Notices,
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 OIL.—WORTH TEN TIMES ITS
 GOLD.—Pain cannot stay
 ed. It is the cheapest medi-
 de. One dose cures common
 One bottle has cured bron-
 cents' worth has cured an old
 gh. It positively cures catarrh
 croup. Fifty cents' worth has
 in the back, and the same
 e back of eight years standing.
 ng are extracts from a few of
 tters that have been republi-
 t parts of Canada, which we
 l be sufficient to satisfy the
 d: J. Collard, of Sparta, Ont.,
 nd me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas'
 have sold all I had from you
 ore now; it cures are truly
 Wm. McGuire, of Franklin,
 age sold all the agents left, it
 iam—it was slow at first, but
 id now." H. Cole, of Iona,
 ase forward 6 dozen Thomas'
 I am nearly out, nothing equals
 hly recommended by those who
 " J. Bedford, Thamesville,
 d at once a further supply of
 I have only one bottle left,
 anything sell so well and give
 faction." J. Thompson, Wood-
 "Send me some more Electric
 e sold entirely out. Nothing
 " Miller & Reid, Ulverton, P.
 "The Electric Oil is getting a
 tion here, and is daily called
 a further supply without de-

OF IMITATIONS.—Ask for Dr.
 etric Oil See that the signature
 MAS is on the wrapper, and the
 drop and Lyman are blown in
 nd "Take no other." Sold by
 dealers. Price, 25 cts. NOH
 YMAN, Toronto, Ont., Pro-
 the Dominion.
 ELECTRIC—Selected and Elec-

DRESS MAKER.

—AT—

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SLAVEN & IRONSIDE,

OPENED THEIR

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

FOR THE SEASON, ON

Saturday Last, April 14th,

WITH THE

LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK OF

MILLINERY

Ever shown. We have not time to send Special Cards of Inyitation, and we
 hope this will be accepted as a general invitation for every one to come.

Old and Young, Rich and Poor,

Everybody will be welcome and be treated with the same attention.

SLAVEN & IRONSIDE

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- Programmes,
- Promissory Notes,
- Receipt Books,
- Shipping Tags,
- Statements,
- Sale Bills,
- Tickets,
- Tax Collectors Rolls,
- Tax Receipts,
- Visiting Cards,
- Voters' Lists,
- Wheat Receipts,
- Wedding Cards.

ALL THE ABOVE

PRINTED WITH DESPATCH,

AT THE

"EXPRESS" OFFICE.

J. B. BENSON,

Proprietor.

AGRICULTURAL AND DOMESTIC.

A PROPAGATING SECRET.

Cuttings of shrubs and trees are taken off at the beginning of July, from 6 in. to 12 in. long, according to the kind. The leaves are removed from the lower portion which is to enter the ground, but those which will come above ground are left. Beds are prepared for them in the open air by thorough digging and levelling, and afterwards applying a superficial layer, about 2 in thick, of rotten manure from a spent hot-bed. The cuttings are then stuck in about 2 in. apart and in a somewhat oblique direction. Each bed when filled is surrounded with a lath fence so that the shade may be given when the sun is very hot, and the cuttings are well watered with a rose-spouted can. This completes the operation. The only further care necessary is a sprinkling overhead three or four times a day during the first week, if the weather be very hot, and once a day afterwards. In the course of five or six weeks, treated in the manner indicated, the cuttings of most plants will have formed a callus, and further shading will be unnecessary. Late in the autumn a layer of rough manure, 2 in. or 3 in thick, is spread over for winter protection. It also serves as manure when the cuttings start growing in the spring; and cuttings treated thus make extraordinary progress, forming plants equal to two-years old plants from winter or spring cuttings. Very few, fail. The new method of grafting roses is the insertion of growing eyes early in the spring, instead of dormant eyes in the summer. They are inserted in the main stem one on each side, to form symmetrical heads. These make, it is said, as much growth the first season as the dormant eyes the second season.

PETROLEUM ON SHINGLES.

In regard to applying petroleum to shingles to preserve them, a writer says: "It enters the pores of the wood at once, and as it hardens makes it more compact in texture, and rather less liable to take fire. The petroleum also prevents the surface of the shingles from rising in downy fibres, or "fuz," and it is on the whole not so liable to fire from sparks when treated with it. We have tried the experiment with shingles oiled some time previously, and find they are not so easily ignited by outside fire, although when once burning, they will, of course, produce more flame than the wood without the petroleum." Petroleum is also very good to apply to the iron work and steel of farm implements to prevent their rusting when not in use. The crude article costs but \$3 or \$4 per barrel—the price may be higher at present—and it is useful to keep on hand. When any out-building, or even your dwelling, house is to be painted, one-half of the expense may be saved by applying a coat of petroleum with a fine whitewash brush, let it dry several weeks, and then put on one coat of paint, and by so doing a second coat of paint is rendered unnecessary.

HARROWING AND TOP DRESSING WINTER WHEAT IN SPRING.

When sowing winter wheat in the fall, it is not advisable to make the surface of the ground too fine and smooth, and thus expose the young plants to the cutting winds of winter and early spring. A moderately-rough surface not only affords shelter to the young plants at the most critical period of their existence, but it retains snow, which is at the same time a manure and a protection from the cutting winds and alternate freezing and thawing which is so hurtful to young plants of every kind. It improves winter wheat wonderfully to break the crust of the sod, pulverize the lumps, and destroy annual weeds by harrowing and rolling

VARIOUS ITEMS.

Scene in Texas—hotel table—"Good morning, stranger: it looks like rain." Stranger—"I think not." A shot is heard, and the stranger is rolled out of the back door. Moral—Texas is a fine grazing country. —N. Y. Herald.

A huge rhinoceros got loose in the steamer Colon in a storm off Cape Hatteras, and killed two dogs and a horse before being recaptured. It seemed to be infuriated by the rocking of the vessel, but became tractable when a calm ensued.

Live lobsters are the latest imported edible from the United States to Great Britain, one steamer having recently carried a tank containing 700. A constant flow of sea water was kept in the tank by means of a small engine.

A correspondent in Egypt writes:—"A line of laughing girls, each bearing on her head an enormous earthen jar, causes you to stand aside and make way for them on the narrow path. They draw their hoods across their faces as they pass, but gaze at you with unfeigned interest out of one black eye. Very often the extemporized veil drops and reveals a brown but not always ugly face, set off with necklaces and ear-rings of colored beads, and tattooed on chin and forehead. A smiling mouth and rows of magnificent white teeth redeem the otherwise expressionless countenance, and your salute is returned politely without any disturbance of the well-balanced water-jar."

The fury of the gales on the Atlantic during the past four months may be judged by the effect. The losses to cargoes and vessels are estimated at \$2,000,000. There have been four hundred persons drowned, and three hundred and fifty ship-owners have been ruined. Reports from all quarters for the four months show a total of one hundred and forty-nine vessels wrecked and two thousand and fifty-three damaged some of them almost past repair.

A Montreal policeman on Antoine Street, attracted by the cries of an infant, made search and found a baby in a roll of cloth lying at the door of a house on Richmond Square. The little waif was removal to the Grey Nunnery.

Mrs Mary Fielding, of Astoria New York while standing upon a bed-post white-washing, on Tuesday, fell, the post penetrating her abdomen. She died in great agony.

Burglars chloroformed the family of George Schneider, embracing eight persons, in West Hoboken early in the morning, and stole \$900 worth of property.

The President's son, Mr. Webb Hayes, that when he returned from college it occurred to him that he might be a more muscular Christian than his distinguished father. Accordingly he gave a good-humoured challenge to a wrestling match to that kindly person, and it was instantly accepted. There was a picturesque struggle for a few minutes, and somebody emphatically measured his length on the floor. The young gentleman has never challenged his venerable father since.

A Chinawoman was sold by her husband to a fellow countryman in California for \$250. She was then healthy, but she soon fell sick, and was disabled for work, so the purchaser killed her with a cleaver.

The rowdies of Oakland, Ind., to the number of over twenty, recently went on a spree together. After getting drunk they went to a church in which a revival meeting was in progress and drove out the congregation. They then took possession of a graveyard, built bonfires on the graves, and broke down the tombstone to dance on. The respectable citizens rallied under the leadership of a

FARMERS

LENNOX & ADDINGTON,

Diamond & Sherwood,

Being alive to your interests as well as our own, wish to say to you we now have on hand all kinds of

SEED GRAINS.

Wheat, Best "fyfe" especially imported from the west,
Barley, Canadian No 1 Prize Centennial Medal,
Peas, Buckwheat, Rye,
Oats and Corn.

We also have on hand a quantity of No 1 Western Corn, and with the facilities for manufacturing which we possess, we can in a few minutes please the most fastidious, as to manner they wish it ground.

BRAN AND SHORTS.

We also present to your notice our

FLOUR,
OAT MEAL,
CRACKED WHEAT,
CORN MEAL,
GRAHAM FLOUR,
CRACKED CORN.

Each and every article of which stands unrivalled, and in which we intend to maintain our reputation both as to quality and price.

We ask for our goods a fair trial only, leaving it to our customers to answer any misrepresentation by our detractors, as we are assured no adverse judgement will be pressed by a jury composed of the general community who have once patronized us. To them we leave our case.

--ALSO--

MESS PORK,
BACON,
LARD,
TIMOTHY AND
CLOVER SEEDS.

DIAMOND & SHERWOOD,
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BOYS AND GIRLS

WANTED.

10,000 OR MORE
LITTLE CHRISTIAN BOYS & GIRLS,
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In helping to circulate Little Books, Tracts, &c.

WE will send FREE, complete Catalogue of Books, &c., on hand to any address, and for each Order received, to the amount of ONE DOLLAR, we will send the LITTLE BOY OR GIRL (sending the order) Books to the value of FIFTY CENTS on each dollar. Address: WILLARD TRUST DEPOSITORY, Shaftesbury Hall Toronto.

On the 1st of July, 1877, we will send to the six Boys or Girls sending the Largest number of orders up to that date, one nice Pocket Bible, each.

For the information of Christian generally, it may be briefly stated that this Institution, now in full operation, owes its origin to the liberality of a Christian gentleman, a resident of Toronto, who has invested a portion of his means in the enterprise, as a free-will offering to the Lord, with the view of scattering broadcast over our land, Tracts, Books, &c., which unfold the exalted privileges of the believers, and treat

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LABELLING TREES.

No other tree combines within itself more perfectly the elements of both utility and ornament than the apple tree. Its fragrant flowers are beautiful in the spring-time, and the painted fruit is glorious all the summer months. A farm without an orchard is robbed of half its beauty, and the owner loses much of his pleasure and income. A book should be kept containing a plan of the orchard and all the trees named and numbered as they stand in the rows. The trees should also be labelled, and the Wilder plan is perhaps the best yet employed for this purpose. Strips of zinc cut four inches long and one inch wide, after being put in water for a day or two to oxidize, are written on with a common lead pencil. It will not show very plainly at first, but blackens with age and will last as long as the trees themselves. The wire must be kept loose enough to allow the branch to increase in size.

WASH FOR FRUIT TREES.

The following is a wash used by William Saunders, of the Government Gardens at Washington: Put half a bushel of lime and four pounds of powdered sulphur in a tight barrel, slacking the lime with hot water, the mouth of the barrel being covered with a cloth; this is reduced to the consistency of ordinary white wash, and, at the time of application, half an ounce of carbolic acid is added to each gallon of the liquid. Mr. Saunders says:

vessels are estimated at \$2,000,000. There have been four hundred persons drowned, and three hundred and fifty ship-owners have been ruined. Reports from all quarters for the four months show a total of one hundred and forty-nine vessels wrecked and two thousand and fifty-three damaged some of them almost past repair.

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There is a newsboy in San Francisco, Jas. Handley by name, who is rapidly acquiring a fortune by the sale of papers. He is but fourteen years old, yet owns two houses and several building lots on Telegraph Hill. He recently built a third house there for \$1,800, and sold it to his brother for \$2,200. The brother, also a newsboy sold it again for \$3,100 Jimmy aspires to a profession, and attends the the Lincoln School, where he stands high in his class.

A surviving Chinaman, who was taken into the Cincinnati hospital for resuscitation a few days ago, attributed his woful plight to the fact that he had started a laundry in Louisville. He sums up his experience in a single line:—"Kentuckee—two weekes—one shirtee."

At a recent funeral in Perpignan, France, the friends of the deceased not content with dispensing with anything in the shape of religious consolation, carried their want of common decency so far as to follow him to the grave with pipes in their mouths and bottles under their arms. As soon as the body was lowered into the grave, mourners began singing and drinking, and having exhausted their liquor, threw the empty bottle on the coffin exclaiming, "Tiens, voilà ta part!" This done they returned to the winelops.

The minister of War has decided that the French regiments shall resume the use of silk flags, instead of the cotton flags, instead of the cotton flags which most of them have carried for reasons of economy since the war. Consequently, 100 large standards of silk, of the handsomest kind, will be ordered shortly from the Lyons establishments.

The lemonade sellers of Paris, gave their annual ball recently at the Grand Hotel. The attendance was large; supper was served at two o'clock in the morning, and dancing was kept up until

Each and every article of which stands unrivalled, and in which we intend to maintain our reputation both as to quality and price.

We ask for our goods a fair trial only, leaving it to our customers to answer any misrepresentation by our detractors, as we are assured no adverse judgement will be pressed by a jury composed of the general community who have once patronized us. To them we leave our case."

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Special notice is called to the fact that this is

No Denominational Institution.

It is neither connected with, nor under the patronage of any particular church. All the Publications it issues will be strictly evangelical, and will meet the wants of all Christians. Largely the Books, &c., &c., will be those published by the Willard Tract Repository of Boston, under the care of the well known DR. CULLIS.

ALL PROFITS that may be made will be devoted to the establishment of a fund for gratuitous distribution of the Tracts and Books to persons and places where they are needed as may be directed by the Committee. We beg also to say that this Fund for free distribution is open for donations to all who may desire to help in this work of God.

We ask all who may desire to promote the higher spiritual life of the churches and to help in winning souls for Christ, to co-operate with us by circulating sound religious literature throughout the land.

References for further information may be made to the following brethren (and others who may be added) who will act as a Committee for selection and distribution.

Rev. JOHN POTTS, Methodist.
" R. WALLACE, Presbyterian.
" T. GUTTERY, Primitive Methodist.
" J. A. R. DICKSON, Congregationalist.
" J. DOUGLAS, Presbyterian, Cobourg.
" R. CAMERON, Baptist, Brantford.
Mr. G. HAGUE, Congregationalist.
" R. W. JAHID, Baptist.
" W. T. MASON, Methodist.
" COL. BURTON, Christian.
" W. A. PARRIANE, Episcopal.
" T. J. WILKIE, Congregationalist.
S. R. BRIGGS, Manager, Toronto.
A. PURSON, Manager, Manchester, England.
W. H. VAN TASSEL, General Agent, Toronto.

P. S.—Nearly all of D. L. MOODY'S sermons, and many other precious little gems in book form at only 2c. and 13c. each.

MANHOOD:
HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED !

WE have recently published a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excesses.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps. The celebrated author, of this admirable Essay clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequence

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Invitations

LABELLING TREES.

No other tree combines within itself more perfectly the elements of both utility and ornament than the apple tree. Its fragrant flowers are beautiful in the spring-time, and the painted fruit is glorious all the summer months. A farm without an orchard is robbed of half its beauty, and the owner loses much of his pleasure and income. A book should be kept containing a plan of the orchard and all the trees named and numbered as they stand in the rows. The trees should also be labelled, and the Wilder plan is perhaps the best yet employed for this purpose. Strips of zinc cut four inches long and one inch wide, after being put in water for a day or two to oxydize, are written on with a common lead pencil. It will not show very plainly at first, but blackens with age and will last as long as the trees themselves. The wire must be kept loose enough to allow the branch to increase in size.

WASH FOR FRUIT TREES.

The following is a wash used by William Saunders, of the Government Gardens at Washington: Put half a bushel of lime and four pounds of powdered sulphur in a tight barrel, slacking the lime with hot water, the mouth of the barrel being covered with a cloth; this is reduced to the consistency of ordinary white wash, and, at the time of application, half an ounce of carbolic acid is added to each gallon of the liquid. Mr. Saunders says: "I generally apply it in the spring, before the leaves make their appearance, but I am convinced that it would be more effective if applied later; but then it is difficult to do, so when the tree is in foliage," Mr. Saunders applies the wash not only to the stem of the tree, but to some extent to the main branches.

CAUSE OF HEAVES.

The *American Agriculturist* says that one frequent cause of heaves in horses is the dust from over ripe or mildewed hay: this causes irritation, which finally ends in debility of the nerve which controls the action of the respiratory organs. The disease may be greatly relieved, if not cured in time, by cutting the hay and wetting it before reeding it, and giving no dry feed whatever. Occasional doses of half an ounce of copperas, with equal quantities of ginger and gentian roots powdered, are helpful temporarily.

CURE FOR CORNS.

There is but one cure for corns, and that is take a lemon and roll it until soft cut a thick slice and bind it on the corn on retiring at night. In the morning, if the corn is white and disintegrated, pull it out with your finger nails—never cut a corn. Sometimes several applications of the lemon slices will be necessary, but the corns are bound to succumb, and you can dance the next night if you like—After you remove the corns wear shoes that fit and are not stiff in the soles.

LIME IN THE EYES.

The caustic effect of lime accidentally introduced into the eye may be entirely neutralized by the use of cold sugar water. The lime and sugar form a compound that has no action upon the eyes.

To keep buffalo robes over summer without injury from moths, etc., they should be thoroughly cleaned by whipping them with a light rod, and then packed away in paper to keep from the air. A cedar chest will add to the protection. Fine tobacco or camphor sprinkled over them will be good.—*Prairie Farmer*.

The Latter-day Saints have purchased a place of worship at Blenheim.

a newsboy sold it again for \$3,100 Jimmy aspires to a profession, and attends the the Lincoln School, where he stands high in his class

A starving Chinaman, who was taken into the Cincinnati hospital for resuscitation a few days ago, attributed his woful plight to the fact that he had started a laundry in Louisville. He sums up his experience in a single line:—"Kentuckee—two weeks—one shirtlee."

At a recent funeral in Perpignan, France, the friends of the deceased not content with dispensing with anything in the shape of religious consolation, carried their want of common decency so far as to follow him to the grave with pipes in their mouths and bottles under their arms. As soon as the body was lowered into the grave, mourners began singing and drinking, and having exhausted their liquor, threw the empty bottle on the coffin exclaiming, "*Tiens, voila ta part!*" This done they returned to the wineshops.

The minister of War has decided that the French regiments shall resume the use of silk flags, instead of the cotton flags, most of them have carried for reasons of economy since the war. Consequently, 100 large standards of silk, of the handsomest kind, will be ordered shortly from the Lyons establishments.

The lemonade sellers of Paris, gave their annual ball recently at the Grand Hotel. The attendance was large; supper was served at two o'clock in the morning, and dancing was kept up until long after daylight.

At the last opera ball in Paris, when the public had departed, the watchman on going his round found the body of a well-dressed lady in one of the private boxes; she had been stabbed, but whether her death was due to suicide or murder is not stated.

A French woman of any position will never show her self in the street without having paid the most scrupulous attention to her toilet. If you surprise the same lady at home of a morning you will find her in a slovenly negligee, which inspires anything rather than admiration.

A farmer of Western France lives on the simplest and coarsest fare, never dreams of going to the village shops for anything for which he can find a home-made substitute, and denies himself every indulgence which would leave him a few sous out of pocket. His only beverage besides water is home-made cider.

A Catholic priest at Aasen, Baden, has been sentenced to two months' imprisonment for having spoken ill of Protestants in his sermon.

The soldiers of England may be employed in the harvest field under certain restrictions. Such work is to be at the discretion of the general officers in command, provided the employment of ordinary laborers is not interfered with, nor can such permission be granted where strikes and disputes between farmers and hired men exist.

NINETEEN YEARS IN A CAVERN.—The French papers say that the discovery has just been made in the environs of Pont-Anthon, of a young woman whom her parents have kept confined in a cavern for nineteen years. They fed her on the refuse of vegetables and state bread. The unfortunate creature had lost nearly all remembrance to a human being. The nails of the hands and toes had grown to an extraordinary length, and curving round had penetrated into the flesh. She has completely lost the faculty of speech, and ever and anon utters cries and groans most horrible to hear. Great precautions had to be taken in bringing her from the den into the light. An investigation has been commenced.

A wedding, in which the contracting parties were aged 66 and 20, the latter being the age of the bride, took place in Kingsville lately.

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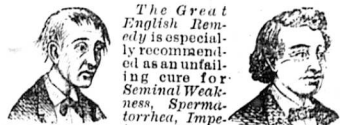
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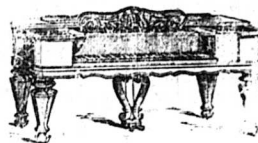
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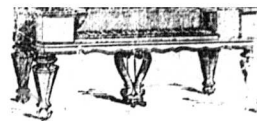
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